

**BARGAINS AT—**  
**LAWRASON & CO'S.**  
**5c, 10c, 15c**  
 Counters. You know  
 what that means!

# THE NAPAN

Vol. XLVI] No 1—E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA

Wilson U M 20 Jan 07

Meet Me at  
 Madill's

## Madill Bros

**Business Hours:**  
 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.

**N**OW for Merry Xmas Season you'll have to hurry, only a busy 14 days left for shopping.

Year after year the useful grows more in favor, and year after year our splendid stock of things useful grow in harmony with public demand.

## A Fact Worthy of Emphasis

that goods we advertise are always in our store exactly as represented and the values we offer are real in every every case.

### Gift Linens.

We are at present offering two very fine lines in hand drawn and embroidered tray cloths, doilies, lunch cloths, shams and runners, all linen made by Japanese and Mexican peasants, 30c to \$3.75

### Linen Table Cloths and Napkins.

Hemstitched and plain borders of finest double damask full size with napkins to match, complete \$1.00 to \$15.00 set.

### Towels.

Pure linen satin damask drawn work and fringed ends, size 24 x 48 inches, 50c to \$1.75 each. Splendid gift suggestions.

### Rugs.

Brussels, Axminster, Velvet, Wilton, and Tapestry, select stock, fringed and plain ends, sizes 27 x 50 to 36 x 72 inches. 75c to \$5.00 each.

### Damask Curtains

All the newest shades in self colors, also two toned shades 3 yards long, \$5.00 to \$20.00 pair. Xmas Gifts.

## DRESS GOODS MAKE SPLENDID XMAS GIFTS.

**THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY,  
 Dec. 13, 14, & 15.**

We will place on sale the finest assortment of Dress Fabrics ever offered in Napanee. You can't make any mistake choosing among the magnificent collection. Every yard perfect from this season's most chosen styles. Came too late, so they must pass right on quickly.

**LOT 1—250 YARDS ONLY—**Grey and Brown Homespun, Brown and Black Canvas Cloths, Green and Black, Cormots and fancy Tweed effects—worth up to \$1.50 a yard, width 44 in. to 54 in.

**Sale Price 69c.**

**LOT 2—250 YARDS ONLY—**Black, Red, Fawn and Blue Beaver, Chevots, Canvas Cloths, Creponne and Mohair Mebb in Black and Fancy Tweeds, worth up to \$2.00 yard, width 44 in. to 54 in.

**Sale Price 89c.**

(SEE WINDOWS)

Come early and get first choice.

## Three Lines Ladies' Shirt Waists

**ON SALE FRIDAY, 9 A. M.  
 WHILE THEY LAST.**

At 89c.—CREAM ONLY, Mohair in fine tucked front two nice pleats, nicely tucked collar, large new sleeve, full range sizes, \$1.25. To clear 89c.

### Belts.

Leather, Silk and Elastic, shaped to figure, new in design, pretty buckles. 25c to \$2.25.

### Hand Bags.

In latest shapes for carriage or street wear, up-to-date colors, with or without handle, 75c to \$2.50.

### Gloves.

Black, Tan and White, elbow length, the correct style, \$2.00 to \$2.75.

Two clasp gloves in Black, Tan, White, Red, Green and Blue. Pewney's best make \$1.00 and 1.25.

### Beads.

Dainty Pearl Beads for the neck, in different shades, 15c, 25c, and 50c each.

### Collars.

Our stock of lace Collars has the newest shapes to offer in all the new laces, 50c to \$1.25c.

### Fancy Ribbons.

Suitable for making different useful Xmas gifts, all widths 25c to 75c.

### A GOLDEN WEDDING

The home of Mr. and Mrs. John Denison, Richmond, was the scene of a happy gathering on Dec. 2nd, when the family about twenty-five in all, met to celebrate their Golden Wedding. After a dainty wedding breakfast, they all repaired to the drawing room where Mr. and Mrs. Denison were completely surprised with an address read by their eldest son, S. C. Denison, during which their daughter Mrs. Moore, of Brockville, on behalf of the gathering, presented them with a gold headed ebony cane, a silk umbrella with mother of pearl handle mounted with gold, a gold scarf pin, a gold brooch set with Mrs. Denison's birth stone surrounded by diamonds, and a gold lined marmalade spoon.

The happy bride and groom of fifty years, were then congratulated by all present, after which a flash light was taken of the company. Mr. and Mrs. Denison, who are active and in good health, look scarcely beyond middle age and bid fair to celebrate their Diamond Jubilee. Following is the address:—

Dear Parents—

It affords us, your children and grandchildren, much pleasure to meet to offer greetings on this the golden anniversary of your marriage, it being a privilege that few families enjoy.

While we thank our Heavenly Father that you are both spared and that the family circle has not been broken by death, we also thank Him and you that it has not been broken by discord but that each can extend to the other the hand of true friendship and love. We have not forgotten that as children we did not always think as you would have us, but, by your wise counsel and patient example we have been guided past many obstacles that have beset our paths and brought to see things in harmony with you.

Although our own homes have been established for years, yet our hearts still cling to you and the old homestead and we always feel that here with you is "Home, Sweet Home."

We seriously realize that we can never repay your life-long care and devotion, but we beg you to accept these tokens of our appreciation and love.

Many have been the happy reunions of the past, and we hope and pray that you may be left with us for many years more to reflect the life of our Saviour you love so well; for of your lines it may be said you have. "Let your light so shine before men that they may see your good works and glorify your Father which is in Heaven." Your sweet influence has not only rested on us your children but also on those whose lots have been cast with ours to complete the family circle. From our infancy it has been your constant endeavor to fill our minds with scriptural truths, and to lead us into the true light, and we trust that we may all solive that there will not be a link missing in the family chain when we walk the golden streets of the New Jerusalem.

Signed by

S. C. Denison  
 R. S. Denison  
 J. B. Denison  
 R. D. Moore  
 A. D. Peister  
 L. D. Hambly

Joseph Brawley, the proprietor of the American hotel, Sydenham, Ont., arrived at the Commercial hotel on Wednesday afternoon, accompanied by an attractive and handsomely-attired party.

All the newest shades in self colors, also two toned shades 3 yards long, \$5.00 to \$20.00 pair. Xmas Gifts.

**Underwear.**  
Ladies' and Children's stock complete, sizes all stocked and freshened up, any size 25c. to \$1.00 each.

At 89c.—CREAM ONLY, Mohair in fine tucked front two nice pleats, nicely tucked collar, large new sleeve, full range sizes, \$1.25. To clear 89c.

At \$1.12½—Green, Black, Brown, Mohair, front fancy strapped with Satin Button trimmings, collars to match, full fashioned sleeve, \$1.75. To clear \$1.12½ each.

At \$1.39—This is an exceptional offer in Cream Mohairs with black trimmings and silk buttons, newest shape sleeve fancy silk insertion \$2.00. To clear \$1.39 each.

Suitable for making different useful Xmas gifts, all widths 25c to 75c.

### Umbrellas.

Presenting an unusual opportunity to purchase handsome holiday gifts at reasonable prices. 50c to \$8.00.

Joseph Brawley, the proprietor of the American hotel, Sydenham, Ont., arrived at the Commercial hotel on Wednesday afternoon, accompanied by an attractive and handsomely-attired young lady. The couple kept the boys, guessing as to who they were. The stranger soon got busy, however, and with the assistance of a cabbiethy were not long in locating Rev. F. Deatry Woodcock, who promptly united them in marriage. The bride was Miss McGarvey, of Sheffield township. Mr. and Mrs. Brawley left Thursday morning for Syracuse, Boston, New York and Washington, accompanied by the best wishes of all who had the pleasure of meeting them—Brockville Times.

### Good Perfumes for Xmas.

You will find at WALLACE'S Red Cross Drug Store, a line of good perfumes (the very best) put up in handsome packages suitable for Xmas gifts, ranging in price from 25 cents to \$7.50, the 25 cent size containing exactly the same quality of perfume as the more expensive packages—(this is a fact we wish to emphasize) as many stores offer Xmas Perfumes (and very Christmasy too) the value of which is all in the box, not the perfume.

### CAMDEN EAST

A very sad funeral took place at St. Luke's church, Camden East, when the late Mr. George E. Hinch was buried Tuesday morning last at 11 a. m. The church was crowded as Mr. Hinch was a general favorite, many had to go away. Mrs. Wm. Skinner, of Yarker, most kindly played the organ and a large choir sang Hymns 52, 205, 288. The address was on "Repentance" the teaching of Advent which is necessary for all, "for he that is without sin let him cast the first stone of rebuke on reproach of a brother." The pallbearers were two friends, two members of the Workmen and two Orangemen. The Widow, and children and sisters and family of the deceased, have the sincere sympathy of all and a cloud of gloom and storm, has hung over the village since the news of Mr. Hinch's death, was first reported which it will take some time to disperse.

Services in Parish of Camden East as follows: Sunday Dec. 9th. (D.V.) Yarker—St. Anthony's church 10.30 a. m.; Newburgh—St. John's at 3 p. m.; Camden East—St. Luke's at 7 p. m.; The offerings during the day will be for the mission fund of the Diocese of Ontario at all the churches as usual during Advent.

International Stock Food, Heave Cure and other remedies.  
MADOLE & WILSON.

Eagle Hill Public School, Report for November

Names in order of merit  
III Reader Sr. Class—Arthur Ready, Hazel Irvine, Albert John.  
Jr. Class—Gorden Pettefer, Puril Villn eff.  
II Reader—Lorne Ready, Lorne John, Dolphs Villneff, Frieda Mieske, Russell Pettefer.  
Ist Reader, Part II—Kaspar Irvine, Andrew Ready, Oris Villneff.  
Part I—Everard Villn eff, Ted Villneff, Willie Ready, Luella Teeples.  
On roll—17.  
Average attendance—9.

FRANCIS STEWART  
Teacher.

Fresh Chocolate Bon Bons in handsome packages for Xmas at WALLACE'S.

Two feet of snow fell in New Brunswick, and traffic on certain sections of the Intercolonial Railway was stopped.

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.  
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fitch*

# A Fur Jacket Makes an Ideal Xmas Gift.

Fathers, husbands and brothers will welcome suggestions for Xmas giving to their daughters, wives and sisters. Fur Jackets are rich and beautiful presents. Those who can afford such should make doubly sure by dealing with the most reliable fur house, and also should be willing to spend enough to be certain of getting the very best, and a jacket that will give years of perfect satisfaction.

Persian Lamb, finest quality, collar of same, latest style \$70 to \$175.—Near Seal and Astrachan good quality well made \$35 and \$40.

Fur Lined ¾ length coats, Beaver and Amazon shell, and best rat and Hanster linings \$35 to \$75.

Men's Coon Coats, a specialty with us, the finest pelts procurable, bust 40 to 50 inches, \$45 to \$70.

## Splendid Showing of Silk Petticoats.

No store can show you a larger and more varied assortment of fine Petticoats than is to be found here. Our Petticoat Department has always been the delight of the women who wanted the very latest style and best quality at the minimum cost. The Petticoats we put on sale emphasize our supremacy in selling undergarments at low prices. The collection consists of fine, crisp, rustling, durable and perfect fitting in every popular color, \$5.00 to \$20.00.

Our stock of Satin, Mohair, and Moreen Petticoats is a representation of all the newest and best styles in dependable qualities, \$1.00 to \$5.00.

There is no Better Place.  
There is no Better Assortment.

**Madill Bros.**  
NAPANEE.

### XMAS TRADING.

There is truth in the telling.  
There is much to be admired.



### Gettin' Wisdom

is a comparatively easy task if you start it while you are young. Don't allow your children's eyes to be ruined for all time because "they look too 'ded' with glasses on."

We'll tell you the truth as to whether they need glasses or not, and charge you nothing for the telling.

Headaches in children are suspicious. We are also the best people to guarantee the quality of our frames, it being part of our Jewelry business to acquire that ability and knowledge.

**F. CHINNECK'S**  
THE STORE OF QUALITY,  
Near Royal Hotel, Napanee.

Gas Mantles, Globes and Lamps.  
MADOLE & WILSON

**I.C.E.** Ice season is here. First come first served.

S. CASEY DENISON,

**A NEW STORE**

—and—

**ALL NEW GOODS**

The place to buy Christmas presents is directly

Opposite Madill Bros.  
Drg Goods Store in Napanee

The proprietor having purchased a large assortment of China and Japanese goods from the W. A. Rose Co., and at prices allowing the sale to purchasers at low prices

will have all in readiness to show and sell on Friday p.m. and thereafter.

Remember the place, formerly occupied by F. W. Hart as a music store Besure and give us a call.

**MISS NORA LAKE,**  
Manager.

## THE - DOMINION - BANK

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED AND PAID UP \$3,000,000  
RESERVE FUND AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS - - - - \$3,839,000  
TOTAL ASSETS OVER - - \$42,000,000

### Savings Department

Interest paid on deposits of One Dollar and upwards, and compounded half yearly.  
Interest allowed on

Cheese Factory Accounts  
Advances made on Farmers' Sale Notes.  
Drafts and Letters of Credit issued upon all parts of the world.

**DUDLEY L. HILL,**

Acting Manager, Napanee Branch.

**ALBERT COLLEGE,**  
Belleville, Ont.

345 students enrolled during college years 1905-6—168 young ladies and 175 young men, attendance increased two and one half times in 15 years.

Conservatory and University examination in all departments of Music; graduation courses under full staff of specialists in—Book-Keeping, Shorthand, Telegraphy, Elocution, Physical Culture, Fine Arts and Domestic Science.

Special attention given to Matriculation and Teachers' Courses; New Pipe Organ and Art Gallery recently added; Gymnasium and large Athletic Grounds. Buildings heated with steam and lighted by Electricity.

Will re-open Tuesday, Sept. 11th, 1906  
For calendar or room, address,  
**PRINCIPAL, DYER, D. D.**  
Belleville, Ont.



DA-FRIDAY, DECEMBER 7th, 1906

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

**DESERONTO ROAD.**  
From present appearances, winter has fairly set in, and farmers are now engaged pressing their hay, which is in good demand, prices ranging from seven to ten dollars, according to quality. Mr. Harry Hunter, of Napanee, being the principal buyer, his press is now at Mr. John Hudson's.  
Kimmerly brothers, Messrs. Austin and Mendle are also pressing hay for the Ottawa market.  
Mrs. Hannah VanHorn, an old lady living with Austin Kimmerly, is dangerously ill, with little hopes of her recovery.  
Use our Cow chains, they are good ones. Cross Cut Saws, Buck Saws, Files, Axes, and Axe Handles.  
**BOYLE & SON.**

**SELBY**  
The cheese factory closed here last Thursday.  
The hunters all arrived home safe, well satisfied with their outing.  
J. Wood and wife have taken up their residence here for the winter.  
P. A. Scott, evangelist, is holding revival meetings in the Methodist church.  
Mrs. F. Amey has returned home after visiting friends at Murvele and Elginburg.  
The Farmers' Institute held their meetings in the town hall to-day.  
Miss Irene Duke has returned home for a few weeks' visit.  
J. Collingher spent a few days at Gananoque.  
A number here are on the sick list. Visitors: T. Winters and wife at J. McGuinness; Miss Lambert at R. Paul's; Mrs. English at I. Anderson's; Miss Lucas at Rev. Mr. Duke's.

A complete line of beautiful Bracelets and Brooches at all prices—Quality guaranteed. Call and see us anyway before you buy.  
The Store of Good Quality  
Near Royal Hotel.  
F. Chinneck, Jeweller.

**NEWBURGH.**  
Miss Fox, of Deseronto, spent a few days last week with Mrs. James M. Grogan.  
Miss Mabel Lambert sang a solo at the concert Thursday evening.  
Mr. Frank Anderson assistant Public School Inspector, visited our school Thursday.  
Mr. Henry A. Hicks left for a three weeks' visit at Watertown.  
Dr. Longmore, Camden East took Dr. Beeman's place last week while the doctor was in Montreal.  
Miss Minnie VanAlstyne and Miss Nellie Richards, Napanee, attended the concert in the Methodist church on Thursday evening last.  
The concert in the Methodist church on Thursday evening last was well attended.  
Rev. Mr. Gandier will preach in the Methodist church next Sunday evening.  
Miss Minnie Nesbit, Westplain, was home last week on the sick list and her sister Gertrude taught in her place at school.  
Mr. Stanley Norris of the Bell Telephone Company, attended the concert in the Methodist church last Thursday evening.  
Miss Bertha Benson is visiting her uncle Mr. J. W. Courtney for a few weeks.

**F. W. SMITH,**  
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.  
*Strictly Private and Confidential.*  
Smith's Jewellery Store,  
Napanee.  
30-3-m

**FRED CHINNECK**  
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES  
*Chinneck's Jewellery Store*  
Near Royal Hotel  
Napanee  
*Strictly Private and Confidential.* 39

**TO RENT**—Stores, Offices and Hall.  
Apply to R. C. CARTWRIGHT, East Street. 61-1-m p

**STRAYED** on the premises of the undersigned, on or about the 1st day of November, a small Heifer Calv. Owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take her away.  
**A. M. FRASER, Odessa.** 52-d

**WANTED**—For School Section No. 7  
Denbigh, Abinger and Ashby, for 1907, a Teacher, salary \$240. Apply to  
**FRANK RODGERS, Sec'y.-Treas.**  
Denbigh, P. O., Ont. 62-2

**FARM FOR SALE**—East half of lot 23, in the 6th concession of the Township of Ernestown, county of Lennox, one mile east of the brick school house, and one mile west of Thorpe Post Office. The farm contains one hundred acres, 70 acres cultivated, and 30 acres pasture land; is well fenced, has good stone house, good barn and drive house, stable room for sixteen head of cattle, and six horses. Plenty of pasture and three living wells on the place. Reason for selling—owner has purchased a fruit farm near Cherry Valley. For full particulars apply to THOS. M. CATON, Thorpe P. O., or on the farm.

**IN THE SURROGATE COURT OF THE COUNTY OF LENNOX AND ADDINGTON.**

**IN THE MATTER OF THE Estate of Sarah Scanlin,** late of the Township of Camden in the County of Lennox and Addington, Married woman. Deceased.

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** pursuant to the Revised Statutes of Ontario 1897 Chap. "129" Sec. "38" and Amending Acts, that all persons having any claims against the Estate of the said Sarah Scanlin, deceased, who died on or about the 15th day of November, A. D. 1906, are required on or before the Seventh day of January, A. D. 1907, to send by post prepaid or to deliver to the undersigned Solicitors for James Scanlin, Administrator of the Estate of the said Sarah Scanlin, deceased, their names, addresses and descriptions and full particulars of their claim or claims and the nature of the security (if any) held by them duly verified. **AND NOTICE IS HEREBY FURTHER GIVEN** that after the said Seventh day of January, A. D. 1907 the said Administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to those claims of which he shall have had notice, and the Administrator will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims he shall not then have had notice.  
**DATED at Napanee this 3rd day of December, A. D. 1906.**

**DEROCH & DEROGH J.**  
Sol'rs for the Administrator,  
James Scanlin.

**LOCAL SALESMAN WANTED** at once for Napanee and surrounding districts,  
**High Class Specialties**  
In Fruit and Ornamental stock grown and for sale by

**CANADA'S GREATEST NURSERIES.**

A permanent situation for the right party. Liberal inducements. Pay weekly. Handsome free outfit; write for terms and catalogue, and send 25c in stamps for our POCKET MAGNIFYING GLASS or 50c for our HANDY METAL HACK SAW.

**STONE & WELLINGTON.**  
Fonthill Nurseries (over 800 acres)  
Toronto, Ontario.

**DOXSEE & CO.**  
**MILLINERY**  
We are still keeping up our stock with all the latest novelties in Ribbons, Flowers, Feathers, etc.

**GLOVES, GLOVES,** Notwithstanding the advance price of Kid Gloves, we are still selling one of the best makers gloves at the old prices. Every pair guaranteed from \$1.00 to \$2.50 per pair Cashmere and Heavy Silk Gloves, extra quality.

Ladies' and Misses' Cashmere Hose, good value.  
Ask to see our new Neckwear, Belts, and Novelties for the Xmas trade.

**The = Leading = Millinery = House**

**DRY MILLWOOD FOR SALE**  
Also Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Salt and Portland Cement.  
**COAL FOR** Stoves, Furnaces and Grates, Steam Purposes and Blacksmiths' use.  
**The Rathbun Co.** R. B. SHIPMAN, Agent.

**MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.**  
**ESTABLISHED 1864.**  
**PAID UP CAPITAL \$6,000,000.**  
**RESERVE \$3,600,000**  
**UNDOUBTED SECURITY FOR DEPOSITORS**  
**SIR. H. MONTAGU ALLAN, Pres.**  
**E. F. HEBDEN, General Manager.**

**Savings Bank Department.**  
Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest at best current rate paid on same.  
Farmers' Business Solicited and General Banking Business transacted.  
Napanee Branch, **W. A. BELLHOUSE, Mgr.**  
Yarker Branch, **E. R. CHECKLEY, Mgr.**

**PICTON Business College**  
and School of Finance  
**HIGH-CLASS INSTITUTION.**  
17 ex-Public School Teachers and 22 Graduates of other Colleges, helped to

**FOR SALE**—Musk-ox robe, double sleigh, cutter, harness, goat robes, blankets, etc., etc. Can be seen on the premises.  
50ft **MRS. SHIBLEY, Bridge Street.**

**HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE**—in desirable locality. Also frame building opposite Public Library. Apply to  
**C. W. BOWEN,**  
51b-p at J. J. Haines' Shoe House.

**HOUSE TO LET**—Frame house, on corner of Robert and Graham streets, hard and soft water, furnace, waterworks, nine rooms. Apply to DR. EDWARDS, Centre Street.

**WANTED,** by Chicago wholesale house, special representative (man or woman) for each province Canada. Salary \$20.00 and expenses paid weekly. Expense money advanced. Business successful; position permanent. No investment required. Previous experience not essential to engaging.  
Address Manager, 132 Lake Street, Chicago, Ill., U.S.A.

**FINE FARM FOR SALE**—John M. Hawley offers for sale, his farm of 200 acres, situated at Hawley, 2nd concession, South Fredericksburgh. This is one of the very best farms in the county, well drained and fenced, and free from foul seed. 160 acres under good cultivation, 10 acres woodland, 20 acres new land ready to stump. Good orchard, 4 splendid wells. Fine brick residence, lawn and shade trees. 2 large barns, tenant house, new poultry house, hog house, etc. Very convenient to church, school, post office and blacksmith shop. 8 miles from Napanee, 4 miles from Bath, and 3 miles from station. For further particulars enquire of  
30-4m **JOHN M. HAWLEY.**

**FOR SALE.**

Miss Gertrude taught in her place at school.

Mr. Stanley Norris of the Bell Telephone Company, attended the concert in the Methodist church last Thursday evening.

Miss Bertha Benson is visiting her uncle Mr. J. W. Courtney for a few weeks.

Quite a number from here attended the funeral of Mr. George Hinch which took place in the St. Luke's church Camden East.

Mr. J. S. Yeomans spent Sunday in Deseronto.

Mr. John Moore left on Monday for Belleville where he has secured a situation.

The Newburgh Dramatic Club intend giving an entertainment in Ewart's Hall for the Ladies Guild, of Yarker, Friday night.

Mr. E. W. Stickney has started his foundry with full force.

A good offer—The Napanee Express from now until January 1908 for \$1.00. Send your order early

Hanging lamps, Hall lamps, Stand lamps, Reading lamps, Night lamps, Church lamps, burners, chimneys, wick, full line and correct prices. The best Coal Oil to be had at

BOYLE & SON

#### DENBIGH.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Samuel Buffain, and her infant babe, took place at the Methodist church and cemetery at Vennachar on the 1st inst.

The Municipal Council met on the same date at the Denbigh House. The members were all present. one of them Mr. E. Marquardt moved for an adjournment in order to give them an opportunity to attend the funeral referred to, but, since the last meeting had been adjourned for that date and place, quite a number of Ratepayers from various distances were expected to attend, it was decided to proceed with the business. Among other matters a resolution was passed unanimously to prepare a Petition to his Honor the Judge of the County Court, asking for the establishment of a Division Court in this Municipality. Relief was also granted to a number of indigent ratepayers, by way of remitting their Municipal taxes. Orders were granted to the different School Sections in the Municipality for the amount of rates due to each. Some Public road and Statute Labor difficulties were adjusted, and Deputy Returning Officers appointed to act at the next ensuing Municipal Election, and considerable other business of importance was transacted.

Dr. A. W. Tennent and Mr. Wm. Chatson have treated themselves to a combined pleasure and business trip to Ottawa City.

We had considerable stormy weather last week and have snow enough for fair sleighing.

A great offer—The Napanee Express from now until January 1908 for \$1.00. Send your order early.

Carvers, we have a special line of Carving Sets in Cases and in pairs from \$1.00 to \$12.00, nice goods and prices right. BOYLE & SON.

A German paper suggests that the Polish school question could be solved by encouraging the Poles to emigrate to Canada.

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Cresolene tablets, ten cents per box. All druggists

Lord Lansdowne has stated that since the Government has a mandate from the people to pass the trades disputes bill the Lords cannot throw it out.

Genuine American and Canadian Coal Oil.

MADOLE & WILSON,

A permanent situation for the right party. Liberal inducements. Pay weekly. Handsome free outfit; write for terms and catalogue, and send 25c in stamps for our POCKET MAGNIFYING GLASS or 50c for our HANDY METAL HACK SAW.

STONE & WELLINGTON.

Fonthill Nurseries (over 800 acres)  
Toronto, Ontario.

Cake Mixers, bread mixers, savory roasting pans, Jelly moulds.

BOYLE & SON

#### SERVICES APPRECIATED

Napanee Dec. 4th 1906.  
S. WOODCOCK, Esq.  
Chief of the Fire Brigade,  
Napanee, Ont.

Dear Sir.

I am directed by the General Manager of the Bell Telephone Co., of Canada, to express the appreciation of the Company of your prompt and efficient service of your Brigade in protecting the premises and property of the Company when threatened by fire recently, and I am also instructed to hand to you as a contribution to the funds of the Brigade, ten dollars with the Company's hearty thanks.

Expressing my own gratitude for your timely assistance.

I remain, yours very truly,

EDITH M. SCOTT

Local Manager.

#### THANKS

The members of the Excelsior Fire Brigade take this means of publicly expressing their thanks to the Local Manager, not only for the donation, but for this appreciation of the services of the fire brigade.

S. WOODCOCK, chief.

Pocket Knives, Scissors, Razors Gillett Safety, Claus Safety, the celebrated Carbo Magnetic Razors, sold on trial, every one guaranteed or no sale.

BOYLE & SON.

#### SPECIAL SESSION.

December 6th, 1906.

Council met as per adjournment on Wednesday evening.

The clerk read the sewer by-law to raise the sum of \$5000 to pay for the Dundas street sewer.

On motion the council went into Committee of the whole on the second reading of the by-law.

The by-law was taken up clause by clause, and the several clauses adopted with the blanks filled in.

Committee rose and reported the by-law read a second time and blanks filled in, and committee asked leave to sit again.

The second sewer by-law to raise \$250 to construct the sewer necessary to connect the Canning Factory sewer with the Dundas street sewer was taken up, and read a first time.

On motion the council went into committee of the whole on the second reading of the by-law.

The by-law was read clause by clause the blanks filled in.

The Committee rose and reported the by-law read a second time with the blanks filled in.

Council adjourned.

ITCH, Mange, Prairie Scratches and every form of contagious Itch on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by F. L. HOOPER.

#### JAN'Y 2ND 1907—THE DATE

A despatch from Toronto announces that Ralph Connor's new story, "The Doctor" has been secured by the Family Herald and Weekly Star of Montreal, for exclusive newspaper publication. This is a big surprise. Such stories are seldom sold to newspapers for months after the book is issued, but the Family Herald is in a position to pay the price and land the prize. Their subscribers are to be congratulated. It is said the opening chapters will be published on January 2, 1907, so as to give all their subscribers ample time to renew their subscriptions. In the meantime there will be a rush from new subscribers, and no wonder, for the Family Herald with their beautiful picture, and Ralph Connor's story is certainly a dollar's worth to be had every day.

## Business College and School of Finance

#### HIGH-CLASS INSTITUTION.

17 ex-Public School Teachers and 22 Graduates of other Colleges, helped to compose our class.

#### SALARIES

of graduates direct from College ranged this year very high.

\$1,200, \$980, \$900, \$800, \$730, etc.  
Scores of young ladies, \$900.

Price of board very moderate.

Bookkeeping, Shorthand and Type-writing. Telegraphy.

Every graduate in a position.

JNO. R. SAYERS, Picton, Ont.,  
Principal and Proprietor.

## FURS

Furs made and remodelled in First-Class Style. Prices Reasonable and Work Guaranteed

## Ladies' and Gents' Coats MADE TO ORDER.

All kinds of Furs, Pelts, Heads, Tails and Trimmings for sale.

MRS. GEO. F. ROBINSON,  
Corner of Richard and Mill Streets.  
414 mp

## APPLES WANTED!

Evaporating Apples  
Wanted at  
COLLIER BROS.' EVAPORATOR  
(East of Gibbard's Furniture Factory.)

Owing to our premises being destroyed by fire we will continue the business in the building known as the Smith & Hawley evaporator.

Highest Price Paid.

Apples may be delivered at any of the docks along the bay and will be called for by Str. Reindeer.

COLLIER BROS.

## THE CROWN BANK OF CANADA

Head Office, Toronto.

Authorized Capital \$2,000,000.

President, Edward Gurney; General Manager, G. de C. O'Grady.

To accommodate the people of Napanee and district, The Crown Bank of Canada will be open SATURDAY EVENINGS from 7 to 9.

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS 4 TIMES A YEAR AND CALCULATED FROM DATE OF DEPOSIT.

Farmer's notes discounted — farmers' sales notes collected.

A general Banking business transacted.

Your Account is Solicited.

R. G. H. TRAVERS, Manager.  
Napanee Branch.

under good cultivation, 10 acres woodland, 80 acres new land ready to stump. Good orchard, 4 splendid wells. Fine brick residence, lawn and shade trees. 2 large barns, tenant house, new poultry house, hog house, etc. Very convenient to church, school, post office and blacksmith shop. 8 miles from Napanee, 4 miles from Bath, and 3 miles from station. For further particulars enquire of  
30-4m JOHN M. HAWLEY.

#### FOR SALE.

That desirable farm known as the Blanchard Farm, situated about one mile south of Napanee containing 240 acres more or less. Will be sold as a whole or in two parts. (1) The north part with the buildings containing 140 acres more or less, and (2) the south part containing 100 acres more or less; on which there is a good barn.

For terms and further information apply to M. C. BOGART, Real Estate Agent, Napanee, Ont.  
42-3m

IN THE SURROGATE COURT OF THE COUNTY OF LENNOX AND ADDINGTON.—IN THE ESTATE OF SARAH McKILLIP.—Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to R. S. O. 187, Chapter 125, Section 38 that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the said Sarah McKillop late of the Town of Napanee, in the County of Lennox and Addington, Spinster, deceased, are required on or before

1st DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1907,

to send by post prepaid to deliver to Herrington, Warner & Grange, Solicitors for the Executor, of the said Sarah McKillop, their names, addresses and full statement and particulars of their claims and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 1st day of January, A. D. 1907, the said Executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereby having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice, and that the said Executor will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received at the time of said distribution.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE,  
Solicitors for the Executor.  
Dated at Napanee this 13th day of November A. D. 1906.  
5cd

## WANTED!

CLOVER,  
TIMOTHY,  
BEANS,  
and  
RAW FURS.

—at—

COLLIER BROS. SYMINGTON'S



# WHAT THE KINGDOM IS THE GREATEST MARKET

## Dr. Lyman Abbott Speaks on a Popular Misconception.

Men still are thinking about the celestial kingdom and still hoping for a civic and political rule and yet thinking they must fix their eyes on the golden city and all that. We are not to keep our eyes on the green fields and the pearly gates of the Celestial City, but to be preparing in this world for the heaven hereafter. We are to try to answer our own prayer: "Thy kingdom come; thy will be done, in earth as it is in heaven." What is this kingdom of God in the earth? What we pray for and ought to look for is a state of society in which there are square and honest lives, adjusting themselves to a standard of righteousness. We mean the domination of the golden rule; honesty and integrity in business affairs; peace and good will; riddance of restless discontent, and in place of it calm; peace with our neighbor; peace with God; joy and holiness of spirit; joy and healthful living in conformity to the laws of nature that are the laws of God. We mean a city in which men shall live squarely, have good will toward one another and where all men shall share in the universal well being.

### THERE IS PROGRESS.

A glance back in history shows that all through the nineteen centuries since Christ was born the world has been moving along toward peace. Slavery, after a long reign, has been abolished in a great measure, and to-day we have a court for the settlement of international disputes, and it is no exaggeration to say that it is more than probable that in ten years from now we shall have an international Parliament, at least of advice, determining laws for the nations. The world has been moving along, not always by the church and ministry, but by a thousand influences, coming from the All Father, toward a universal welfare.

I ask you to take part in this great world movement that has been going on for twenty centuries to bring about the kingdom of God on the earth. In order to do it you need not leave your present place or vocation, or take upon yourself new activities. No, you must begin at home. The home is the foundation of every social organization. The kingdom of God is an organization and the beginning is the home, and there is not one of us who cannot do something to make righteousness and peace and happiness in our home; in the home of our neighbor; to teach our children square, honest, upright conduct; to inspire our children with the spirit

of peace in place of the spirit of restlessness, and so to minister in our home that it shall be one of sunshine and gladness. Great and noble work is done in founding homes for orphans, but is it any better to go out in the streets and find some children there and make them pure and sweet and happy than to take the children God has given you and make them pure and sweet and happy? You have not to leave your vocation, whatever it is. What does the kingdom of God mean? It means, first of all, square dealing in business. It means the carpenter's making a good joint, the plumber's making a pipe that will not burst, the employer of labor paying fair wages, the workman's doing his work—it means square, upright, honest dealing of a man with his fellow man. This is religion. It is the thing Christ came to establish on earth. To do the right thing is more religious than to talk about it. For a carpenter to make a square joint is more religious than for me to tell him to do it. It means the carrying of peace and good will into our daily life. It means the using of one's influence to make commerce not a war, but an emulation for service, not a struggle to see how much we can get but to see how much we can achieve.

### GO INTO POLITICS.

I call you to go into politics. I hear every now and then men saying, "Our best citizens take no interest in politics." That is not true. The man that does not take any interest in politics is not one of our best men; he is one of our worst men, and the more influential and rich he is the worse he is. Look across the sea and note what men in Russia are doing and suffering in order that they may get the citizenship God has given us. He said: "I give you the keeping of this nation." You can diffuse all through this nation the spirit of righteousness and of peace and good will. You can make the kingdom of God come on this continent of America, and this best of citizens folds his hands and says: "That is not what interests me." Best man! No, no. I will tell you the hope of our country to-day. It is that men in different parties are taking more interest in the kingdom of God (they do not call it so) than they are in the victory of party politics. When a man is doing that, whether it be by his vote at the ballot box or in the Legislature, he is doing religious work, just what Christ called him to do—working for the coming of the kingdom of God on the earth.

—A great concourse of people. Among Christian nations public execution has since fallen into disapproval and has been largely discontinued.

He saved others—Doubtless some who were present among those who uttered these words recalled the case of Lazarus especially which had occurred so near Jerusalem only a short time before.

36. Offering him vinegar—The ordinary sour wine, or "posca," which the soldiers were accustomed to drink. Apparently they could not reach his lips with a cup held in the hand; otherwise the sponge would not have been placed on a stalk. Comp. John 19. 29, "They put a sponge full of vinegar upon hyssop, and brought it to his mouth." There is, however, no reason for supposing that the feet of Jesus were on a level with the heads of the spectators as pictures of the crucifixion sometimes represent.

38. And there was also a superscription

## NIJNI NOVGOROD FAIR IN ITS OLD GLORY THIS YEAR.

### Remarkable Gathering of Mussulmans of the Great Russian Empire.

During the last two and a half years neither the German commercial traveller nor his wares have had much chance to get along the Siberian railroad. Now that the twin line of steel, running for six thousand miles from Moscow to Vladivostok, is free from the conveyance of troops, the Siberian towns, which have been starving for goods, are demanding large supplies and speedy deliveries. In the disturbed condition of the country, however, German firms have shown no eagerness to risk the lives of their travellers in a region where the value of life is decreasingly regarded, nor to forward goods for which there is a very problematic prospect of payment. Accordingly, Mahomet has had to come to the mountain, and this year, writes Foster Fraser in the London Standard, Nijni Novgorod is basking in its old glory.

The fair has provided opportunity for a remarkable gathering—a congress representing twenty million Mussulmans at the Russian Empire—Moslems from South Russia, men who have taken to the garb and customs of the West, and who, with their hair cropped a la Française and imperials, dark gray lounge jackets and patent leather boots, might easily be mistaken for Parisians; Moslems from Mongolia and Bokhara, men slim and sallow and sedate, with shaven heads and henna dyed beards; men in long flowing and embroidered sheepskin coats, boots of red and turbans of green, who, for sitting, find the floor more comfortable than chairs.

### THE SHREWD TATARS.

The Tatars are the cleverest merchants who come to Nijni Novgorod. Whether it be in the selling of "overland" tea—believed by the Muscovite to have been brought by caravan from China, but which has been sent around by ship to Odessa and trained to Nijni—or in making a fuss with precious stones which he hints have been stolen from the mines, and therefore are to be obtained at a bargain, but which are imitation, made in a Parisian factory, the Tatar scores.

He stands by his shed or stall, looking cold and grimy, his fur cap down over his ears, and his hands hid in the sleeves of his skin coat, which is badly tanned and most unappetizing in odor. He has wondrous stacks of skins, from silver fox down to rat. You can walk the better part of a mile past shops crowded with skins, most requiring to be cured. For a year Siberia is hunted for skins to supply the Nijni Novgorod mart. The tribes of the north stalk in the winter; colonies of political exiles have sometimes little other means of winning a livelihood than by getting skins.

Over hundreds of miles of trackless snow the skins are hauled till a river is reached. Then by boat they are brought to some place where the Siberian railway can be touched or are taken to some affluent of the Volga. The Tatar merchant has his buyers everywhere. In his slothful but still methodical way he meets the skins at certain points and arrives at Nijni Novgorod with perhaps a couple of thousand pounds worth of goods.

### CONDUCTING A SALE.

The market is conducted on strictly Eastern principles. There is no fixed price. Everything is worth what it will fetch. The Tatar asks twice as much as a thing is worth, aware all the time that you know he is asking double what he will accept. You offer half what the thing is worth, aware that he knows that you intend to increase the offer. So,

Persians who had turquoise and opal stones to sell, and we spent a rainy afternoon in haggling.

Yet there is a fascination in the multitude of articles. At times one can imagine that all the manufacturers of shoddy articles have dumped their things on Volga-side. Try to picture a third of a mile of tombstones for sale—though, Hibernian like, most of the stones are of wood. Here the merchant from the far interior may acquire a really striking monument which will make him the envy of his neighbors who have never been to the fair. A whole street is devoted to the sale of ikons, pictures of saints set out in Byzantine style in flaming gilt, and to be found in every Russian house in the right hand corner at the upper end of the room.

There are streets sacred to the sale of Russian boots—there must be millions of them. Battalions of sacks laden with raisins block one thoroughfare; another road is a maze of bales of wool. A row of shops is given up to

### THE SALE OF UMBRELLAS.

and there is merryment watching the astonished countenance of a simple peasant woman having an umbrella opened in her face for the first time. Miles upon miles of cotton goods are here, with no nonsensical half shades about them, but strong and unmistakable reds and greens and blues and yellows. Half a street is given up to cheap German toys.

In the centre of the fair is a large red brick arcade, with shops selling the usual tinsel and expensive things, with the usual band playing in the afternoon, and the usual row of wooden faced individuals sitting on benches and stolidly enjoying the music. There is the usual pestering by importunate dealers. And there are literally billions of postcards.

Last evening at sundown I climbed the hill of the quaint walled fortress which guards Nijni Novgorod. The falling sun was burnishing the domes of innumerable churches, a hundred sweet toned bells, beaten with wooden hammers, made the evening melodious. There was the heavy tramp of full killed Russian soldiers mounting the hill to the fortress; there was the distant babel of a city doing business at the top of its voice; down below on the Volga was the scurrying of tugboats hauling mammoth cattle boats and snakelike rafts into place, and the constant shrill whining hoots of the sirens; away eastward, Siberia-ward, stretched a flat and unbroken land to the very horizon, with a lowering purple sky deadening to black.

## STORIES FROM FAR NORTH

### CREW OF U. S. STEAMER TELL A GREAT SERIES OF YARNS.

#### Captain of the Olga Reported to Have Killed Engineer—Miners Picked Up.

Among the most harrowing stories of the northern seas is that brought down by the United States revenue cutter Thetis, which reached Victoria, B. C., the other day after a five months' cruise in the Arctic. Captain Hamlett of the Thetis tells of murder, and of attempted murder; of arrests made after long pursuit, of finds of gold and copper, and of the discovery of a people on Prince Albert Island who had never before been seen white men, and whose utensils were of beaten copper and bone.

The crew of the whaler Olga, belonging to the fleet the Thetis had gone to succor, made the ethnological discoveries. The whalers were starving and reduced to the eating of dog harness, before they found an active people on Prince Albert land. Rich deposits of native copper were found by the whalers, brought out some large nuggets of pure copper. Wood was very scarce; in fact, so little was to be found that an arrow shaft, about a yard long, with a copper

## THE S. S. LESSON

### INTERNATIONAL LESSON,

DEC. 9.

#### Lesson X. Jesus on the Cross. Golden

Text: Luke 23. 34.

#### THE LESSON WORD STUDIES.

Note.—The text of the Revised Version is used as a basis for these Word Studies.

Intervening Events.—The narrative of Luke from which our last and our present lessons are taken omits several important incidents in the trial of Jesus before Pilate recorded by the three other evangelists. Matthew, Mark and John all mention the abuse and mockery to



Take a rounded tablespoonful of this mixture and push off into hot, deep fat.

**Fricassee Steak.**—Cut the steak from the round or rump into small squares, and flour them lightly. Put some dripping into a frying-pan. Slice into it a Spanish onion, and add some cooked tomatoes. If in season (if not, half a teaspoonful of tomato pulp will do); lay in the pieces of steak and fry them a nice brown. Put the pieces of steak into a saucepan, strain the contents of a frying-pan over, add a teaspoonful of boiling water and stock, and simmer gently for a good hour. Serve with boiled rice, as if for curry. The slices of onion can be left in with the steak if liked.

#### HINTS FOR THE HOME.

**To Harden the Iceing on Cakes.**—Stand them when iceed in a dry place for four or five days. The iceing should be mixed very stiffly and flattened with a knife dipped into boiling water.

**To Remove Stains from Flannel.**—Take the yolk of a raw egg, mix it with a tablespoonful of glycerine, and apply to the spot; let this soak in well before washing the garment in a lather of boiled soap.

**Make Celery Salt.**—Procure some celery seed, dry it thoroughly on a baking sheet, pound it in a mortar till quite fine, and add two parts to one of dried salt.

Scratches in varnish will entirely disappear if a coarse cloth that has been saturated with linseed oil be laid over them. This simple remedy is invaluable to those who have the care of carriages and other highly polished furniture.

**To Make Boots Wear Well.**—When buying new boots, never wear them before putting on the sole two coats of varnish. This treatment makes the boots last twice as long, besides rendering them watertight.

Never throw away egg shells, for they should be washed and added to the stockpot to clear the soup.

Clothes pers boiled a few minutes and dried quickly about once a month become more durable.

**On Bruises.**—When the skin is not lacerated, treat them by applying a pad of lint in eau-de-Cologne and keeping the pad in position by a bandage.

To clean plaster of Paris ornaments, cover them with a thick layer of starch and let it dry. Remove with a stiff brush.

When cooking fruit, especially dried prunes, apples, etc., add a pinch of salt and you will be surprised at the improved flavor. A pinch of salt is sufficient for a fruit tart.

When making stock never allow it to stand in the saucepan all night, but strain off into the basin while still hot. Remove the fat before adding the meat and liquor to the bones again.

**To Clean a White Fur Rug.**—Put the rug on to a firm table and rub it well with bran moistened with hot water. Rub next with a flannel till the fur is quite dry, then with a piece of book muslin apply dry bran in the same manner. Afterwards put some magnesia into a muslin bag and well rub into the fur. It is an improvement to stretch the skin before beginning this process. To accomplish this, first sponge the hide with a mixture of salt and water, taking care not to wet the fur, put the skin, fur downwards, on to a table, and, with the hand, stretch it as far as possible. Keep it in the desired position by nailing it with tin-tacks on to the table.

**To Make Paper Stick to Metal.**—Dip the metal into a strong hot solution of washing soda and wipe it dry with a clean duster. Then apply onion juice to the surface of the metal, when any paper will adhere so firmly that it will be found difficult to separate them.

**To Restore Scorched Linen.**—Add to half a pint of vinegar half an ounce of soap and two ounces of fuller's earth, boil till thoroughly mixed. Spread some of the paste on the scorched article with a knife; let it dry on and the scorch will disappear. The mixture should be kept in a covered jar for use.

shudder to learn that Panizzi, a member of a similar lawless band called charcoal-burners—Carbonari—who was exiled from Italy, was for many years the chief librarian at the British Museum!

The election and initiation of members into the Black Hand was exhaustive and terrifying to all but those of strong nerve. After strict inquiries and a unanimous vote, the candidate would be summoned to a meeting; after firing at a crucifix to show he had no sentiment that would prevent his being faithful to the band, he was blindfolded and accused of being a spy, whereupon the chief would order the company assembled to

#### REND HIM LIMB FROM LIMB.

If he did not flinch, they tore the bandage from his eyes, and he found a dozen musket barrels presented at his body; this test passed with no sign of fear, he would be told to pick a coin from the floor, and as he stooped the members tried to strike the coin with their daggers, often passing them through the neophyte's fingers.

Then a vein was opened in his arm, and he signed the oath of secrecy and fidelity in his own blood.

Besides being established at San Francisco and New York, the Black Hand is represented at St. Louis, Chicago and New Orleans. At the latter place it was particularly active and violent sixteen years ago. In May, 1890, a band of Mallust laid in ambush for a company of the Stoppagherra, a secret society opposed to the Black Hand, and killed and wounded six. Forty murders had already occurred among Italians and Sicilians in that city, so the police made a special effort in connection with this new crime and arrested six persons. But during the trial all the witnesses were assassinated.

#### MAFIA ALMOST BEATEN.

In spite of this, the prisoners were convicted, but counsel appealed successfully for a new trial. Mr. Hennessy, the Chief of the Police, made such exhaustive research pending the fresh trial that the Mafia feared its entire discovery and annihilation both in America and Europe.

Ten members of the Black Hand were deputed to assassinate him, and a volley of bullets was discharged at him from a dark alley one midnight. He emptied his revolver, fully twenty shots being exchanged. Eleven Sicilians were arrested on suspicion, but in spite of overwhelming evidence, the jury, intimidated by threats of murder, found six not guilty, giving them, as they alleged, the benefit of the doubt. A fresh charge preferred against them, however, sent them back to the county gaol.

The populace of New Orleans were now wildly excited and indignant. Led by a lawyer named Parkinson and several prominent public officials, 2,000 persons assembled at the Clay statue on March 14th, 1891, and, armed with guns and revolvers, stormed the prison where the nineteen accused lay.

#### JUSTICE WITHOUT THE LAW.

Some of the assassins had secreted themselves in the women's quarters, hastily vacated for their benefit; but they were all found and either shot down in the prison or taken out, hanged from the nearest lamp-post, and riddled with bullets.

The United States had to pay \$25,000 to the Italian Government for the widows and orphans of the persons killed, but a severe blow had been dealt at the Mafia for the time being. This rough treatment, however, served to win for the Black Hand the sympathy of many Italian gentlemen in the United States who had never before countenanced their wicked acts.

"I am inexpressibly sorry, Mr. Smithers," she said, "to learn that when you called the other day Tiger bit you." "Oh, that's all right," he said, with a forced effort to be cheerful. "No, it isn't," she sobbed; "the poor little fellow has been ill ever since."

merchant that in suspecting his clerk he probably was making a mistake.

The difficulty a forger has to contend against when imitating someone's handwriting is in disguising his own. Experts are always on the lookout for foreign characteristics, for they very often lead to the identity of the forger.

#### PHOTOGRAPHIC TEST.

Were it not for the camera, the detection of forgeries would be almost impossible. Quite recently a cheque for the sum of £200 was honored at a London bank. It proved to have been forged. An eminent expert who was called in examined with a powerful hand-lens the signature on the cheque without finding anything suggestive of forgery. He then put the cheque to the photographic test, and found upon the resultant negative unmistakable signs of erasure and "shading." The forger, whoever he was, had first sketched the name in pencil and then filled it in with ink, "shading" the down strokes afterwards with a fine pen.—London Answers.

#### GERMANY'S PENSION SCHEME.

##### Large Sums Paid Out Since Bismarck Inaugurated Scheme.

The 25th Anniversary of the late Prince Bismarck's announcement in the Reichstag that the Emperor was determined that the state should systematically assist the working people, male or female, by accident, sick and old age insurance, was commented on widely in the German press recently, which generally approved or disapproved the results, according to the political opinions of the commentators. During the last twenty years \$555,750,000 has been paid out for sickness, \$232,750,000 for accidents, and \$13,500,000 for old age.

The law also provides for compulsory contributions by employers and employees. In cases of sickness two-thirds of the expenses are paid by the employer and one-third by the employee. In accident cases all the expenses are paid by the employer, and in cases of old age pensions half the amount is paid by the employer and half by the employee, the Government supplementing each pension with \$12.50 yearly. The total of the various funds is \$375,000,000, and the amount paid in since the law was passed is \$1,656,750,000. Sixty million persons have profited by this legislation.

#### \$1,200 LOST—REWARD 6 CENTS.

##### Woman in England Bestows Munificent Reward Upon Honest Lad.

A correspondent of the London Daily Mail sends an account of the loss and recovery of a bag of gold, containing £240, and the "generous" reward of threepence paid to the finder.

The bag was found on a seat at Newton Heath Railway Station by a boy, who at once took it to the lost property office. From subsequent inquiries it was found that the money was the property of a lady who had been on a visit to Newton Heath, and who did not miss the bag until she arrived at Victoria Station, Manchester. She duly reported the loss, but could give no idea where she had left her property.

After recovering her gold the lady rewarded the finder with threepence.

#### EXPENSIVE SPORT.

Automobiling is an expensive pastime at best. If the German Government can carry through the Reichstag a Bill which it has recently introduced, the sport will become still more expensive. The Bill provides that automobilists must pay a life annuity to persons dependent on those who may be killed by their cars and to persons permanently injured by accidents. The Courts are to fix the amount, which is to be paid by the owner, whether he was in the car or not.

will more than pay for the extra care and feed. At present I have a herd of Jerseys and make butter for private customers at 30 cents a pound the year around. The demand is always greater than the supply. The butter is made in rolls or sizes to suit the customers, put on wooden plates, covered with parchment paper, and marketed once a week. I use the deep setting plan of skimming.

Pasture in summer and feed silage with clover in winter. Some grain is fed the year round varying the amount to suit the needs. I have always found that the greater variety of grains and rough feed, the better the results. I would not advise feeding silage exclusively. But no one who keeps six or more cows can afford to be without a silo. Silage, undoubtedly, is the best and cheapest winter feed yet discovered. I aim to make my cows average 250 pounds of butter a year.

#### VALUE OF A HAND SEPARATOR.

Every progressive dairyman should have a hand separator. You can then give the calves fresh, sweet skim milk. It is expensive to feed calves on whole milk, especially when you can sell the butter for 25 cents per pound and supply the fat taken from the milk by skim-milk or oilcake at a few cents per pound.

From the other side, the separator is certainly a splendid investment as a labor saver. It is also valuable as a means of getting all the butter fat from the milk. Get a good standard machine, but don't get a very small size unless you have only a very few cows. For ten to twelve cows we would certainly recommend a 450 to 650-pound per hour separator.

Wash the machine every time it is used. Don't believe the agent who tells you that you can wash his machine by simply dipping the parts in warm water. Anyone who has handled vessels, in which milk has been kept, knows that that is not so. Use a brush, not a dish rag, to wash each piece of the separator, then pour boiling hot water over the parts and allow to dry.

Use plenty of oil on the bearings and thus greatly increase the life of the machine. Fasten the separator securely to the floor, take three minutes to speed it up, heat up the bowl with a little lukewarm water before separating, then flush out with a little clean water after the milk has run through, to get all the cream.

#### MADE THEM HAPPY.

##### Gave Money and Food to Hungry Men and Urchins.

The incidents of the London streets were a never-failing source of inspiration to Dickens, as every reader of the master knows. Last week among the poor porters and street arabs of Covent Garden fruit market a thing happened which would have rejoiced the heart of the author of "The Cricket on the Hearth." A rich man came out of an adjoining hotel in the morning and talked with the groups of idle and hungry men and boys, and selecting one among them, made him the dispenser of his bounty. The sum of £100 was given away in notes and gold, and the generous donor disappeared, to turn up next day to give half crowns and a breakfast in a coffee house to a crowd of little ragged urchins in the market. This market philanthropist may not be pursuing the most business-like or useful method of doing good to the poor, but he has made a discovery by which the kindly-disposed rich folk may profit. He has found the delight to himself of seeing the money he gives gladdening the poor and hungry, and awakening their better nature, is far better worth the money than sending it to a fund or a public charity, which has no personality, and may not have much human nature. The hero of the Covent Garden is a wealthy Lancashire manufacturer, who has had huge enjoyment out of his adventure.

# HOME.

## SELECTED RECIPES.

**Tomato Soup**—One pint of beef broth, half cup of sweet milk, half cup strained tomato, one tablespoonful butter rolled in flour, salt and pepper to taste.

**Dumplings**—One pint of flour, two tablespoonfuls baking powder, a little salt, one scant cup milk; make a soft dough, drop quickly, and cook ten minutes without lifting the cover.

**Orange Pudding**—Six small, sweet oranges cut up, one cup sugar poured over them and let stand. Make a custard of one pint of milk, a little salt, yolks of three eggs, well beaten, two tablespoonfuls flour in a little cold milk add to boiling milk and pour over the oranges. Beat the whites of eggs to a stiff froth, add one tablespoonful powdered sugar, pour over the custard; set in the oven to brown. Eat cold.

**Suet Pudding**—One cup suet, chopped fine, one cup raisins, half cup molasses, one cup milk, half teaspoonful soda, one teaspoonful cream of tartar, two eggs and salt. Steam three hours.

**Cottage Pudding**—One egg, one tablespoonful of butter, three-fourths cup of sugar, one-half cup of milk, two cups of flour, two teaspoonfuls baking powder; flavor with lemon extract and bake in a hot oven; serve with hot liquid sauce.

**Fried Cakes**—One cup sugar, one cup sweet milk, two eggs, three tablespoonfuls melted butter, two teaspoonfuls baking powder, flour enough to handle well; fry in hot lard.

**Vanilla Cookies**—One cup sugar, two-thirds cup butter, two eggs, one and one-half teaspoonfuls baking powder, one teaspoonful vanilla, one tablespoonful sweet milk, add flour enough to roll out.

**Ginger Snaps**—Put one teaspoonful of soda and one of ginger into a teacup and fill with molasses, and beat until very light, then put three tablespoonfuls of lard into a cup and pour three tablespoonfuls boiling water over it; mix with enough flour to roll out well and bake in a quick oven.

**Drop Cookies**—One cup sugar, half cup butter, one cup milk, one egg, two cups flour, two heaping teaspoonfuls baking powder, one-fourth nutmeg, drop in tins and bake in a quick oven.

**Cocoanut Pudding**—Grate one cocoanut, three dried biscuits, rolled fine, or the same quantity in stale bread, eight eggs, one-fourth pound butter, a little salt, one quart milk to be boiled and poured on the dry bread, the cocoanut to be poured in the last thing. If the pudding is plainer, put in less butter and more bread and milk, according to your own judgment.

**Rice and Apple Pudding**—Core as many nice apples as will fill the dish, boil them in light syrup, prepare one-fourth pound of rice in milk, with sugar and salt, put some of the rice in the dish, then put in the apples and fill up the intervals with rice. Bake in the oven till it is a fine color.

**Boiled Leg of Lamb**—Plunge the joint into a pan of boiling water, and when it boils up, draw it to the side of the fire and let it cool a little. If the joint weighs about five pounds cook it gently for an hour and a quarter. When cooked pour white sauce over it and garnish with boiled carrots or cauliflower.

**Delicious codfish balls** are made by taking 1 cupful of codfish, 2 cupfuls of raw potatoes, cut into small pieces, 1 egg, 3/4 teaspoonful of butter and a dash of pepper. Put the raw potatoes and codfish in boiling water and boil till the potatoes are tender. Then drain carefully and mash, adding the beaten egg, butter and pepper. Take a rounded tablespoonful of this mixture and push out into hot, deep fat.

**Fricassee Steak**—Cut the steak from the round or rump into small squares, and flour them lightly. Put some dri-

For Chilblains—These two recipes have been sent me by a kind correspondent, who says they are excellent: (1) For unbroken chilblains: one ounce of glycerine, one ounce of sulphurous acid (not sulphuric acid), and two ounces of rosewater. Mix all together thoroughly, and apply night and morning. (2) For broken chilblains: Locatelli's balsam, four drachms; citrine ointment, one drachm; balsam of Peru, ten drops. Spread this salve on cotton wool or lint and apply night and morning.

## TERRIBLE BLACK HAND

### THE SECRET TERROR OF AMERICAN MILLIONAIRES.

#### How This Society Had Its Origin—Introduced Into America by Foreign Emigrants.

But few people realize how serious is the problem presented by the criminal societies of the United States. The chief of these, the Society of the Black Hand, or the Mafia, as it is sometimes called, is one of the most mysterious associations ever formed. Precisely how long it has baffled the detectives of the world it would be difficult to say. But the list of crimes attempted or carried out by it is simply appalling.

In 1903 an attempt was made to blow up the Cunard liner Umbria by means of an infernal machine containing 100 lbs. of dynamite. A warning letter was, however, received in time to prevent the disaster. The letter explained that "The Society has declared war against England and has ordered the destruction of every British steamer flying the British flag that sails out of New York Harbor." Superintendent Murray, of the Bureau of Combustibles, who examined the machine, declared that it was the largest and cleverest he had ever seen. The affair was a mystery at the time, and has remained so ever since.

#### GRIM FOUR-MONTHS' RECORD.

But it is chiefly against private persons, and with the object of gain, that the Black Hand is directed. As the society has over 5,000 members in New York alone, it is not surprising to learn that in four months 54 persons were killed or maimed, 7 buildings blown up, and 700 attempts at blackmail made under threats of death.

The late Mr. Russell Sage was in constant fear of assassination through his refusal to pay blackmail; while Mr. Wesson, the revolver manufacturer, is said to have paid over \$5,000,000 as the result of demands by the society.

The Black Hand of America undoubtedly had its origin as a branch of the terrible Mafia, and was introduced by foreign emigrants. The inception of the Mafia itself is said to be as follows: In 1282 a young citizen of Palermo and his betrothed were about to be married. While the lover sought the priest, a drunken sergeant of the French garrison staggered up to the girl and kissed her. The girl fell in the struggle, striking her head against a pillar.

#### QUICK RETRIBUTION.

At this moment her lover returned, and seeing what had occurred, stabbed the sergeant to the heart. The incident led to the revolt of Palermo against the French, the Italian cry being "Morte Alla Francia Italia Ancl'era"—"Death to the French is Italy's cry." When the frenzy of revolution passed and the day of French retribution came, the citizens formed themselves into a patriotic league, making Mafia their password.

Societies of this sort are extremely cautious. Orders to commit murders would arrive in Italy and Spain from Geneva and London, and it makes one shudder to learn that Panizzi, a member of a similar lawless band called charcoal-burners or carbonari—who was exiled from Italy, was for many years the chief librarian at the British

## TELL-TALE HANDWRITING

### PROFESSIONAL FORGER IS AN ARTIST AT HIS WORK.

#### Handwriting Expert Called Upon to Settle Many Curious Cases.

Yes, said an expert in handwriting, it is no easy matter to tell which is a bona-fide one, for the professional forger of to-day is an artist in his lawless work. Fifty or sixty years ago handwriting experts were conspicuous by their absence; now there are scores of them in London alone, and the leading ones are constantly brought before the public in connection with law cases—big, sensational and curious.

Many handwriting experts started life as lithographers, much of whose work, as you are aware, consists in making facsimiles of letters and circulars by tracing the original writing on to a stone. A lithographer, after he has been at his trade for two or three years, cannot fail to note every mannerism in a hand, and he soon draws up in his mind a philosophy of handwritings. A man who has been trained as a lithographer is undoubtedly the most reliable handwriting expert.

#### PENMANSHIP VARIES.

Curious as it may sound, it is nevertheless a fact that no man or woman signs his or her name exactly alike. One's handwriting varies according to the pen used and to temper. A man who is agitated signs his name very differently from the way he does when his mind is calm. The health, too, has a great effect on handwriting. The person who crowds his writing is a martyr to indigestion, while the man suffering from heart trouble writes his letters irregularly and seldom joins them. A good doctor, upon receiving a note from a patient whom he is attending for heart disease, kidney trouble, and so on, can, by studying the handwriting—the joinings, the slope, the slope of certain letters, etc.—discover how that person is progressing.

#### LOVERS' TIFF SETTLED.

Professional handwriting experts have much curious work to do. I am called upon almost daily to banish or confirm suspicions in matrimonial squabbles. Some weeks ago a young lady brought me a birthday card she had received bearing a few words, but no name, written with a pen. She was anxious to know whether the sender was a certain young man with whom she had quarrelled three months before and not afterwards seen. She showed me a letter she had received from him in days of yore, and, though the handwriting on the birthday-card was disguised, proved beyond a shadow of doubt, on comparing it with the letter, that it was from the young fellow in question. The lady was very pleased when I pointed this out to her, and I have since heard that the quarrel has been patched up and that the parties are to be married a few weeks hence.

#### CLERK WAS GUILTY.

Last February a well-known city merchant received a gaudily-colored valentine. He brought it to me, stating that he thought the sender was a clerk in his employ to whom he had refused an advance in salary. He wanted to know whether he had surmised correctly. The word "miser" was written on the valentine in ink, and on comparing this with the usual writing of the clerk in question I discovered similar peculiarities in both, proving that the clerk was the guilty party. However, for the foolish young fellow's sake, I kept my knowledge to myself, pointing out to the merchant that in suspecting his clerk he probably was making a mistake.

The difficulty a forger has to contend against when imitating someone's handwriting is in disguising his own. Ex-

## ON THE FARM

### HORSES THE MARKET DEMANDS.

I have always insisted that the draft horse is the best type for the farmer to raise, writes Mr. James Hope. He can do it to better advantage and make more money at it than by attempting to raise fast horses. During the past summer I have watched the draft horse market with interest. It is true that for the most part, draft horses from the middle of June to the middle of August this year brought slightly lower prices than they did before that time and since. The fault, however was with the horses and not with the market. Had the horses during that time been of as high grade as usual they would have sold for as many dollars.

The taste in the horse market is changing, as is also the manner and time of buying. For instance, the lumberman, fearing that if he waits until the usual time, he will not be able to get what he wants, appears at the leading horse markets many weeks ahead of his usual trips, fills his orders and is thus enabled to get what he wants. Further than this, eastern dealers are not only represented in the wholesale centres but have their agents scouring the country trying to buy at first hand. Price does not seem to cut much figure.

The greatest demand for the drafter is in the large cities. Take it all in all, he is the most easily handled of all breeds. He returns a larger net profit and is always saleable at most any time after he is five months old. There is no land too high for the profitable production of draft horses, but there is a right and wrong way of going about it.

It stands to reason that the higher the price of the land on which the horse is bred, the higher should be the aim of the breeder. It is an old saying and a true one that it costs as much to rear a horse that sells for \$100 as it does for one that brings three times as much. Hence it is largely a selection of breeding stock. When it comes to buying a high-class sire, the question of cost must not be given undue weight. It pays to get a good mare with strong points, one that will bring sizable and well proportioned colts. A true drafter with large bones, correct in conformation, a good actor and highly bred, will always do well. It is a safe proposition to select a big horse, short of leg and with plenty of substance.

Sometimes it may be necessary to introduce a little more range or shorten up the backs of mares in a certain district, but even then it will be found that the properly fashioned sire will take the shorter road to the end than one mare or less of a monstrosity in the direction indicated. In short, in the breeding of present day drafters, we must use sires that are considered good by competent judges. It is the very qualities that the judge observes that sell the colts for big money.

### HOME DAIRY TO CONSUMER.

I have been in the dairy business for about 25 years, have conducted a retail milk business for 12 years and a wholesale milk and butter business for private customers a good part of that time, says Mr. Peter Gearhart. During this period I have had much experience with various breeds of cattle and their care. As to breeds, if I were starting a herd for a milk dairy, I would get either Holstein or a milk strain of the Red Durham or Shorthorn family.

If I wanted a butter herd I would get either Jersey or Guernsey. But in any event, pure-bred cattle. They must have better care than our native stock, but will more than pay for the extra care and feed. At present I have a herd of Jerseys and make butter for private customers at 30 cents a pound the year around. The demand is always greater than the supply. The butter is made



Potatoes are tender. Then drain carefully and mash, adding the beaten egg, butter and pepper. Take a rounded tablespoonful of this mixture and push off into hot, deep fat.

**Fricassee Steak.**—Cut the steak from the round or rump into small squares, and flour them lightly. Put some dripping into a frying-pan. Slice into it a Spanish onion, and add some cooked tomatoes, if in season (if not, half a teaspoonful of tomato pulp will do); lay in the pieces of steak and fry them a nice brown. Put the pieces of steak into a saucepan, strain the contents of a frying-pan over, add a teaspoonful of boiling water and stock, and simmer gently for a good hour. Serve with boiled rice, as if for curry. The slices of onion can be left in with the steak if liked.

#### HINTS FOR THE HOME.

**To Harden the Icing on Cakes.**—Stand them when iced in a dry place for four or five days. The icing should be mixed very stiffly and flattened with a knife dipped into boiling water.

**To Remove Stains from Flannel.**—Take the yolk of a raw egg, mix it with a tablespoonful of glycerine, and apply to the spot; let this soak in well before washing the garment in a lather of boiled soap.

**Make Celery Salt.**—Procure some celery seed, dry it thoroughly on a baking sheet, pound it in a mortar till quite fine, and add two parts to one of dried salt.

Scratches in varnish will entirely disappear if a coarse cloth that has been saturated with linseed oil be laid over them. This simple remedy is invaluable to those who have the care of carriages and other highly polished furniture.

**To Make Boots Wear Well.**—When buying new boots, never wear them before putting on the sole two coats of varnish. This treatment makes the boots last twice as long, besides rendering them watertight.

Never throw away egg shells. If they should be washed and added to the stockpot to clear the soup.

Clothes pegs boiled a few minutes and dried quickly about once a month become more durable.

**On Bruises.**—When the skin is not lacerated, treat them by applying a pad of lint in eau-de-Cologne and keeping the pad in position by a bandage.

To clean plaster of Paris ornaments, cover them with a thick layer of starch and let it dry. Remove with a stiff brush.

When cooking fruit, especially dried prunes, apples, etc., add a pinch of salt and you will be surprised at the improved flavor. A pinch of salt is sufficient for a fruit tart.

When making stock never allow it to stand in the saucepan all night, but strain off into the basin while still hot. Remove the fat before adding the meat and liquor to the bones again.

**To Clean a White Fur Rug.**—Put the rug on to a firm table and rub it well with bran moistened with hot water. Rub next with a flannel till the fur is quite dry, then with a piece of book muslin apply dry bran in the same manner. Afterwards put some magnesia into a muslin bag and well rub into the fur. It is an improvement to stretch the skin before beginning this process. To accomplish this, first sponge the hide with a mixture of salt and water, taking care not to wet the fur, put the skin fur downwards, on to a table, and, with the hand, stretch it as far as possible. Keep it in the desired position by nailing it with tin-tacks on to the table.

**To Make Paper Stick to Metal.**—Dip the metal into a strong hot solution of washing soda and wipe it dry with a clean duster. Then apply onion juice to the surface of the metal, when any paper will adhere so firmly that it will be found difficult to separate them.

**To Restore Scorched Linen.**—Add to half a pint of vinegar half an ounce of soap and two ounces of fuller's earth, boil till thoroughly mixed. Spread some of the paste on the scorched article with a knife; let it dry on and the scorch will disappear. The mixture should be kept in a covered jar for use.

Orders to commit murderers would arrive in Italy and Spain from Geneva and London, and it makes one shudder to learn that Panizzi, a member of a similar lawless band called charcoal-burners — Carbonari — who was exiled from Italy, was for many years the chief librarian at the British Museum!

The election and initiation of members into the Black Hand was exhaustive and terrifying to all but those of strong nerve. After strict inquiries and a unanimous vote, the candidate would be summoned to a meeting; after firing at a crucifix to show he had no sentiment that would prevent his being faithful to the band, he was blindfolded and accused of being a spy, whereupon the chief would order the company assembled to

#### REND HIM LIMB FROM LIMB.

If he did not flinch, they tore the bandage from his eyes, and he found a dozen musket barrels presented at his body; this test passed with no sign of fear, he would be told to pick a coin from the floor, and as he stooped the members tried to strike the coin with their daggers, often passing them through the neophyte's fingers.

Then a vein was opened in his arm, and he signed the oath of secrecy and fidelity in his own blood.

Besides being established at San Francisco and New York, the Black Hand is represented at St. Louis, Chicago and New Orleans. At the latter place it was particularly active and violent sixteen years ago. In May, 1890, a band of Mafiosi laid in ambush for a company of the Stoppaghiera, a secret society opposed to the Black Hand, and killed and wounded six. Forty murders had already occurred among Italians and Sicilians in that city, so the police made a special effort in connection with this new crime and arrested six persons. But during the trial all the witnesses were assassinated.

#### MAFIA ALMOST BEATEN.

In spite of this, the prisoners were convicted, but counsel appealed successfully for a new trial. Mr. Hennessy, the Chief of the Police, made such exhaustive research pending the fresh trial that the Mafia feared its entire discovery and annihilation both in America and Europe.

Ten members of the Black Hand were deputed to assassinate him, and a volley of bullets was discharged at him from a dark alley one midnight. He emptied his revolver, fully twenty shots being exchanged. Eleven Sicilians were arrested on suspicion, but in spite of overwhelming evidence, the jury, intimidated by threats of murder, found six not guilty, giving them, as they alleged, the benefit of the doubt. A fresh charge preferred against them, however, sent them back to the county gaol.

The populace of New Orleans were now wildly excited and indignant. Led by a lawyer named Parkerson and several prominent public officials, 2,000 persons assembled at the Clay statue on March 14th, 1891, and, armed with guns and revolvers, stormed the prison where the nineteen accused lay.

#### JUSTICE WITHOUT THE LAW.

Some of the assassins had secreted themselves in the women's quarters, hastily vacated for their benefit; but they were all found and either shot down in the prison or taken out, hanged from the nearest lamp-post, and riddled with bullets.

The United States had to pay \$25,000 to the Italian Government for the widows and orphans of the persons killed, but a severe blow had been dealt at the Mafia for the time being. This rough treatment, however, served to win for the Black Hand the sympathy of many Italian gentlemen in the United States who had never before countenanced their wicked acts.

"I am inexpressibly sorry, Mr. Smithers," she said, "to learn that when you called the other day Tiger bit you." "Oh, that's all right," he said, with a forced effort to be cheerful. "No, it isn't," she scolded; "the poor little fellow has been ill ever since."

For the young fellow's sake, I kept my knowledge to myself, pointing out to the merchant that in suspecting his clerk he probably was making a mistake.

The difficulty a forger has to contend against when imitating someone's handwriting is in disguising his own. Experts are always on the lookout for foreign characteristics, for they very often lead to the identity of the forger.

#### PHOTOGRAPHIC TEST.

Were it not for the camera, the detection of forgeries would be almost impossible. Quite recently a cheque for the sum of £200 was honored at a London bank. It proved to have been forged. An eminent expert who was called in examined with a powerful hand-lens the signature on the cheque without finding anything suggestive of forgery. He then put the cheque to the photographic test, and found upon the resultant negative unmistakable signs of erasure and "shading." The forger, whoever he was, had first sketched the name in pencil and then filled it in with ink, "shading" the down strokes afterwards with a fine pen.—London Answers.

#### GERMANY'S PENSION SCHEME.

##### Large Sums Paid Out Since Bismarck Inaugurated Scheme.

The 25th Anniversary of the late Prince Bismarck's announcement in the Reichstag that the Emperor was determined that the state should systematically assist the working people, male or female, by accident, sick and old age insurance, was commented on widely in the German press recently, which generally approved or disapproved the results, according to the political opinions of the commentators. During the last twenty years \$555,750,000 has been paid out for sickness, \$232,750,000 for accidents, and \$13,500,000 for old age.

The law also provides for compulsory contributions by employers and employees. In cases of sickness two-thirds of the expenses are paid by the employee and one-third by the employer. In accident cases all the expenses are paid by the employer, and in cases of old age pensions half the amount is paid by the employer and half by the employee, the Government supplementing each pension with \$12.50 yearly. The total of the various funds is \$375,000,000, and the amount paid in since the law was passed is \$1,656,750,000. Sixty million persons have profited by this legislation.

#### \$1,200 LOST—REWARD 6 CENTS.

##### Woman in England Bestows Munificent Reward Upon Honest Lad.

A correspondent of the London Daily Mail sends an account of the loss and recovery of a bag of gold, containing £240, and the "generous" reward of threepence paid to the finder.

The bag was found on a seat at Newton Heath Railway Station by a boy, who at once took it to the lost property office. From subsequent inquiries it was found that the money was the property of a lady who had been on a visit to Newton Heath, and who did not miss the bag until she arrived at Victoria Station, Manchester. She duly reported the loss, but could give no idea where she had left her property.

After recovering her gold the lady rewarded the finder with threepence.

#### EXPENSIVE SPORT.

Automobiling is an expensive pastime at best. If the German Government can carry through the Reichstag a Bill which it has recently introduced, the sport will become still more expensive. The Bill provides that automobilists must pay a life annuity to persons dependent on those who may be killed by their cars and to persons permanently injured by accidents. The Courts are to fix the amount, which is to be paid by the owner, whether he was in the car or not.

better care than our native stock, but will more than pay for the extra care and feed. At present I have a herd of Jerseys and make butter for private customers at 30 cents a pound the year around. The demand is always greater than the supply. The butter is made in rolls or sizes to suit the customers, put on wooden plates, covered with parchment paper, and marketed once a week. I use the deep setting plan of skimming.

Pasture in summer and feed silage with clover in winter. Some grain is fed the year round varying the amount to suit the needs. I have always found that the greater variety of grains and rough feed, the better the results. I would not advise feeding silage exclusively. But no one who keeps six or more cows can afford to be without a silo. Silage, undoubtedly, is the best and cheapest winter feed yet discovered. I aim to make my cows average 250 pounds of butter a year.

#### VALUE OF A HAND SEPARATOR.

Every progressive dairyman should have a hand separator. You can then give the calves fresh, sweet skim milk. It is expensive to feed calves on whole milk, especially when you can sell the butter for 25 cents per pound and supply the fat taken from the milk by skim-milk or oilcake at a few cents per pound.

From the other side, the separator is certainly a splendid investment as a labor saver. It is also valuable as a means of getting all the butter fat from the milk. Get a good standard machine, but don't get a very small one unless you have only a very few cows. For ten to twelve cows we would certainly recommend a 450 to 650-pound per hour separator.

Wash the machine every time it is used. Don't believe the agent who tells you that you can wash his machine by simply dipping the parts in warm water. Anyone who has handled vessels, in which milk has been kept, knows that that is not so. Use a brush, not a dish rag, to wash each piece of the separator, then pour boiling hot water over the parts and allow to dry.

Use plenty of oil on the bearings and thus greatly increase the life of the machine. Fasten the separator securely to the floor, take three minutes to speed it up, heat up the bowl with a little lukewarm water before separating, then flush out with a little clean water after the milk has run through, to get all the cream.

#### MADE THEM HAPPY.

##### Gave Money and Food to Hungry Men and Urchins.

The incidents of the London streets were a never-failing source of inspiration to Dickens, as every reader of the master knows. Last week among the poor porters and street arabs of Covent Garden fruit market a thing happened which would have rejoiced the heart of the author of "The Cricket on the Hearth." A rich man came out of an adjoining hotel in the morning and talked with the groups of idle and hungry men and boys, and selecting one among them, made him the dispenser of his bounty. The sum of £100 was given away in notes and gold, and the generous donor disappeared, to turn up next day to give half crowns and a breakfast in a coffee house to a crowd of little ragged urchins in the market. This market philanthropist may not be pursuing the most business-like or useful method of doing good to the poor, but he has made a discovery by which the kindly-disposed rich folk may profit. He has found the delight to himself of seeing the money he gives gladdening the poor and hungry, and awakening their better nature, is far better worth the money than sending it to a fund or a public charity, which has no personality, and may not have much human nature. The hero of the Covent Garden is a wealthy Lancashire manufacturer, who has had huge enjoyment out of his adventure.



# BRITISH WARSHIPS SICK

**EIGHT PER CENT. ON THE INEFFECTIVE LIST.**

**False Economy of the Government Is Responsible for Many Mishaps.**

The docking of the battleship *Hindustan* at Portsmouth, Eng., recently owing to defects in her steering gear, adds another to the list of British warships which have been put out of action temporarily by mishaps. According to the last published return, 8 per cent. of the effective warship strength of the British navy was in this plight when the statistics were collected. This proportion does not include the battleships and cruisers in dockyard hands undergoing repairs and refits that have been necessitated by wear and tear.

When the attempts were being made to refloat the *Montagu*, the battleship Duncan touched a pinnacle rock of the Outer Shutter reef. Her double bottom was pierced, and one of her after-compartments flooded. She is now in dockyard hands at Portsmouth, and will not be seaworthy for several weeks.

## BUMPED ON ROCK.

The armored cruiser *Good Hope* is also on the "sick list." Several alarmist stories regarding the nature of her accident have been circulated. The following are the facts of the case:—

On the evening of June 26th, when the naval manoeuvres were in progress, the *Good Hope* left Plymouth for a given rendezvous. She had orders to escape by way of the eastern Channel, in order to avoid hostile torpedo craft, though warships and liners invariably use the western entrance to the Sound, as the water there is much deeper.

There was a good deal of fog when the *Good Hope* went out. She proceeded cautiously, but bumped suddenly on a rock, which is supposed to have been the Outer Shagstone.

Her outer plating was holed, but not her inner skin, and the pumps easily kept the double bottom free of water. The vessel proceeded, and carried out her assigned work during the manoeuvres, but when she came to be docked it was found that her plating had been fractured and strained for a considerable length, and it will be some time before she is again ready for sea.

## FALSE ECONOMY.

The grounding of the battleship *Dominion* on the North Atlantic station is the latest episode in the chapter of accidents. She has holed herself and is making water, which means that she will have to go into dockyard for a considerable time.

The new battleship *Hibernia*, which will be commissioned shortly, and was placed in the Keyham Extension Basin at Devonport a few days ago to prepare for her trials, has been discovered to have a defective armor plate in her broadside belting. To unbuild this and fit a new plate will delay the completion of the ship by another two months.

The frequency of accidents of this nature is having a disquieting effect on men who have the interest of the sea service at heart. It is pointed out in connection with the *Hindustan* accident that when she went for repairs into the King Edward Dock at Gibraltar, Spanish labor was largely employed.

Many experts hold to the opinion that the false economy in this direction is responsible for the *Hindustan* having to undergo repairs again.

## SOMETHING UP HIS SLEEVE.

**Sir John Fisher's Surprise for Foreign Navies.**

A remarkable vessel for the Royal Navy is being fitted out alongside the shipyard of Sir James Laing & Sons at Sunderland. She is a sequel to an experiment made some time ago when

# ABOUT UNKNOWN BRAZIL

**GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN REPUBLIC IS LITTLE KNOWN.**

**Covers as Much Ground in South America as Does the United States in the North.**

One of the most eminent statesmen and journalists of the great South American republic is the Honorable Leao Veloso.

He contributes to Appleton's Magazine an article on Brazil To-day, which is full of information for the general reader. He says incidentally:

"Brazil is very little known to foreigners, who heretofore have been satisfied with knowing it to be the largest and most populous of South American republics.

"Brazil is indeed a large country — much larger than anyone realizes until he appreciates the fact that its territory covers as much ground in South America as does the United States in North, and that in the Eastern hemisphere only the colossal empires of Russia and China can rival the dominions of this vast republic of the south. Its coast line, bathed by the waters of the Atlantic, extends north and south 3,600 miles, and its inland plateaus in some places reach the watersheds of the Andes, which hug the Pacific Coast. This great block of territory, which borders upon every South American country except Chili, is situated between five degrees ten seconds latitude north and 33 degrees 46 minutes ten seconds south, and while most of it lies in the torrid or tropical zone, there is a wide tract which belongs to and enjoys all the advantages of

## THE TEMPERATE ZONE.

"Nature has done all in its power to facilitate communication between the various parts of the country. It would take a fifteen-knot steamer ten days to cover its coast line. Brazil possesses the greatest river system in the world, the principal factor of which is the Amazon river, many of whose tributaries can be navigated for 1,000 miles and whose stream is penetrated for 2,000 miles and more by ocean steamers plying between New York, Manaus and Iquitos. In the south, starting from Montevideo, the capital of the Republic of Uruguay, Brazilian steamers reach the inland state of Matto Grosso and require over a month for the return trip. These two systems, that of the Amazon and that of La Plata, form a great bow whose centre is in Western Brazil. Parallel with the Atlantic and forming the string to this great bow, the great San Francisco, a river almost unheard of abroad, stretches its navigable waters for over 1,000 miles.

"Brazil's population is to-day calculated at 20,000,000, and this does not include the Indians or savage tribes which still exist in large numbers in unexplored regions. This figure shows how thinly the country is populated and betrays

## THE WEAK POINT

in its development and progress. What Brazil needs is immigration and former governments have spared neither money nor effort in bringing people from all lands.

"Rio de Janeiro, the capital of Brazil, has approximately 1,000,000 inhabitants, and this figure is destined to increase rapidly, owing to the great improvements which have been inaugurated and pushed to conclusion during the last three years. First in importance of these fundamental improvements is the fight for the complete-sanitation of the city which is being brought to a successful close. The Havana system of prophylaxis, consisting in the extinction of the mosquito which transmits yellow fever, has been successfully applied, and the terrible scourge which at one time gave Rio de Janeiro the name of the White Man's Death, is to-

# REVEREND THOMAS LORD

**NINETY-EIGHT YEARS OLD, BUT GOES ON PREACHING.**

**Enjoys a Walk, His Memory is Good, His Voice Clear and His Sight Serviceable.**

If not actually the oldest surviving minister of the Gospel in England, the Reverend Thomas Lord is certainly the oldest preacher who still preaches. He will be 99 next April and yet on a recent Sunday, he delivered two sermons at a church where he held a pastorate over 70 years ago. Trim and scrupulously fresh and neat in person — though old-fashioned enough to wear still something in the nature of a stock, Mr. Lord is instinct with old-world courtesy. He is almost as alert in body as in mind, and he enjoys a brisk walk as much as he does a substantial dinner. His memory is unimpaired, his hearing excellent, his voice rich and pleasing and his sight, though not what it used to be, is still serviceable.

He was born at Olney, where his father had a little shoemaking business. When he was still a small shaver, his father moved to Northampton where young Tom was brought up as a shoemaker and he diligently practiced his craft until his success as a lay preacher brought with it an inevitable call to the ministry. He has been thrice married. His first wife died after two years, but with his second wife, he lived for 53 years; and he is one of the few people who have enjoyed a golden wedding with a second wife. His third wife remained with him seven years.

## EXTREME OLD AGE.

has come to Mr. Lord with none of its usual attendant terrors, save the loss of loved ones. But he has no secrets to impart by which others might hope to attain longevity with equal freedom from mental and physical infirmities. He knows of nothing in particular to which he attributed his immunity from most of the heavy burdens of advanced years. He has never been a faddist in the matter of foods. He has never smoked tobacco. He used to enjoy a glass of ale, and had no scruples about drinking, until he came to the conclusion that for the sake of the weaker brethren he ought to become a total abstainer. He had always worked hard, but never too hard, and has enjoyed his work. He has gone in for moderation in all things. But so in an equal measure have thousands of people on whom, nevertheless, the infirmities of old age have lain heavily. Inheritance will hardly account for Mr. Lord's remarkable exemption from the common lot of humanity. In the earlier days of his ministry, he was far from being a strong man, and found preaching such a severe strain that he had frequently to lie down between sermons.

Perhaps it is Mr. Lord's optimism more than anything else, that has rendered the down-hill stage of life such a smooth one for him. His outlook on life has always been a cheerful one, and cheerfulness, the modern doctors say, is

## THE BEST KIND OF TONIC.

Mr. Lord believes that on the whole, the world is growing steadily better instead of worse. In his youth, Northampton had a population of 10,000. Its boot and shoe industry was then carried on with Ruskinian simplicity. There were no huge factories, no steam whistles, no railways—none of the things that characterize the Northampton of today with its population of 100,000. And yet Mr. Lord declares that the Northampton of his boyhood was a lower, dirtier, more vicious place from every point of view than the hustling city of the present. The whole standard of life was lower, he says, and the comfort of it incalculably less. The agricultural laborer of these times, too, he says, despite the outcry concerning the decadence of

# CAREER ENDS IN CRIME

**FAIL OF MAYOR SCHMITZ, OF SAN FRANCISCO.**

**Chief Magistrate Indicted With Having Murderers on the Police Force.**

The career of Eugene Schmitz as mayor of San Francisco is one of the most unfortunate and saddening it is possible to contemplate. A man of splendid appearance, a native son of the Golden State, a musician of no mean skill, he was elected to the mayoralty over four years ago under circumstances that made him a national figure.

There had been a great strike in San Francisco. The city was divided into two classes, the members of the Employers' Association on the one side, and the labor unions on the other. During the strike it was charged that the then mayor of San Francisco had permitted the police force to be used in an improper way, and had sworn in as special policemen a number of convicts, thugs and murderers.

## PLEDGED TO HONESTY.

Then the Union Labor Party, an organization composed of delegates from various labor unions, nominated Eugene E. Schmitz for mayor, and after the fullest discussion he was elected by a vote nearly as great as that of his two opponents. He pledged himself to an honest administration of the law and to an equal consideration of all classes and conditions of people. He pledged himself to the purchase and operation of municipal railways, and he pledged himself to fight vigorously against the encroachments of corporations on public streets.

## BEGAN WELL.

During the first term he made an excellent record. As a representative, honest man from the ranks of the plain people, he made the hearts of the plain people glad by doing things he should do and leaving undone the things that ought not to be done. He strengthened the school department by the appointment of some really capable directors, he got rid of a dishonest chief of police, and put in his place a fairly efficient man, he appointed a Board of Works that prevented corporate encroachments on the public streets, and at the end of his term he appealed to the people for re-election.

His old enemies of the Employers' Association had watched his administration, had seen that he was doing right and they rallied to his standard. He was triumphantly re-elected by a large majority and more than ever was a remarkable and growing figure in the public eye.

## CORPORATION CORRUPTIONS.

But unfortunately Mayor Schmitz, when he became important to the corporations, was tempted by them. An honest, clean man in every relation of life until he had achieved political success, he seemed to waver when the corporation corruptors approached him.

## EXTORTING MONEY.

During the earthquake and fire he seems to have acted a man's part in a manly way, but when it was over he broke down completely. The United Railway Company wanted trolley franchises on all their lines. This concession was worth more than \$10,000,000. The market price on the securities after it was granted proved that fact. It was charged openly that the corruption fund paid by the United Railroads to get permission from the board of supervisors and have it signed by the Mayor was over \$700,000, and that is one of the things the grand jury is now investigating. Whether or not Schmitz actually received that money is not yet proved, but the charge of extorting a large sum of money by blackmail from the French

## Sir John Fisher's Surprise for Foreign Navies.

A remarkable vessel for the Royal Navy is being fitted out, alongside the shipyard of Sir James Laing & Sons at Sunderland. She is a sequel to an experiment made some time ago, when an old cruiser was converted at Portsmouth into a floating workshop to attend on a fleet at sea for the execution of repairs, the experiment evidently being very successful, as the vessel at Laing's is especially built for the same purpose on much more extended lines.

It would, in fact, not be inapt to describe her as a seagoing dockyard, so extensively is she being fitted with shipyard and engineering machinery. Considerable secrecy has been preserved with regard to her, all officials connected with her construction being sworn under the official secrets act. She was launched without ceremony some months ago and christened the India Brahma, which name might suggest that she was meant for an eastern trader, but her internal fitting is now so far advanced that her purpose is obvious and she is now officially referred to as his Majesty's ship the *Exelops*.

Externally what most distinguishes her is the number of smokestacks and the positions of some of them. The latter are to carry the smoke from the funnels and workshops below. She is a vessel of 11,000 tons dimensions, length 450 feet, breadth 55 feet, depth 40 feet. An important part of the ship is the electrically-generating station, as all machines and cranes are to be worked by electric motors, and of course she will be fitted with wireless telegraph apparatus.

The vessel, which will carry a crew of about three hundred men, mostly artificers, is expected to be ready for sea about next Easter.

## "WORLD'S COMMODORE."

### British Captain's 50 Years' Command in Mercantile Marine Service.

The world's oldest sea captain, Mr. T. E. Parker, who has just arrived at Liverpool with his vessel, the *Holt Hill*, after three years' voyage, celebrated the completion of his fiftieth year of continuous command in the merchant service.

The Merchant Service Guild, who have been waiting his arrival, have conferred upon him the honorary title of Commodore of the World's Mercantile Marine Service, with the concurrence of the Guilds in America and on the continent.

Captain Parker, who is eighty years of age, related how he brought the first sample of gold dust and quartz to London from South Africa in 1860.

Twenty years ago he was the hero of one of the most peculiar wrecks on record. His ship, the *Ellenbrook*, while weathering Cape Horn, was caught between two enormous swells, one running from the south and the other from the west. The ship fell into a trough and turned turtle. Captain Parker held on to the wreck for three days and was picked up by a passing ship.

## TOOTHBRUSHES FOR CHILDREN.

### German Scholars are Having Their Mouths Looked after.

Within recent years increasing attention has been bestowed abroad on the state of a child's teeth. At Strasburg a dental clinic has opened at the University for the treatment of school-children. It consists of a waiting room, an operating room, and a doctor's room. Hither all the schoolchildren are sent, in order, by their teachers. Each child is quickly examined, as many as 80 children being dealt with in an hour, and nearly 300 per day, by a single doctor. Teaching goes hand in hand with treatment. The doctor tells the child how to use a tooth brush, sees that it uses one, and then sends him home to practice with it. The movement is spreading. In Wiesbaden and Mulhausen school dental clinics are to be erected.

city which is being brought to a successful close. The Havana system of prophylaxis, consisting in the extinction of the mosquito which transmits yellow fever, has been successfully applied, and the terrible scourge which at one time gave Rio de Janeiro the name of the White Man's Death, is today practically banished from the capital city."

## MINING DANGERS INCREASE.

### Death Rate from Accidents in Coal Mines in Britain Increases.

In the United Kingdom last year 10,820 more persons were employed in coal mining, 353 fewer in mines under the Metalliferous Mines Act, and 2,758 fewer under the Quarries Act than in 1904.

A curious feature is the increase in female employment. Of the surface workers at the coal-pits, numbering 167,251, no less than 5,929, or 3.54 per cent., were females, this being an increase of 416 as compared with 1904. At the metalliferous mines there were 11,865 surface workers, including 225 women and girls.

The coal mine death rate from accidents was 1.35 per 1,000 workers, being an increase on 1904, when the rate was 1.24. An increase is also shown for the metalliferous mines, from 1.19 in 1904 to 1.58 in 1905.

In all, 887,524 persons were employed in and about the mines of the United Kingdom, and 94,319 in and about the quarries.

## WHAT IS A WASTREL?

### Meaning of New Popular Term Applied to Old London's Spendthrifts.

The use of the term "Wastrel," which has been universally applied to the Socialists, Progressives, and other municipal spendthrifts, is becoming so universal that it is interesting to read the following account of the derivation of the word and its use in various parts of England which has been provided for us by a distinguished scholar:—

"Wastrel" is properly a substance thrown away because it is useless. It is used for rubbish and refuse.

To law it is the term employed for waste land, for instance the land in Cornwall covered with tin refuse from the mines is said to "lie in wastrel."

About 20 years ago the practice sprang up of calling persons—such as the "submerged tenth" or neglected children—"wastrels" because they were of no use. Also, in some parts of England a spendthrift is called a "wastrel." It is especially so said in Yorkshire and Cumberland. A "wastrel-shon" (in York-shire) is a place where work is expensively and yet badly done.

The idea of waste runs through the word in all its significance. A knife that is made for show and not for use is called a wastrel. And in Lancashire crooked, cheap dishes and plates sold by wandering postmen are generally called "wastrels."

## CHANGED HIS TUNE.

In one of the Western States of America there is a judge who is very proud of two things: his rigid observance of the law and the pugilistic ability of his son.

These hobbies came into violent conflict once, but the problem was happily solved. It happened that the judge's farm was on the boundary of his State, and one day he was sitting on the fence that separated it from the next State. While he was there his son and an acquaintance came along quarrelling, and, just as they got in front of the judge, began to fight.

The latter thereupon exclaimed in his most official tones:—

"In the name of the law I command you both to keep the peace!"

Just at that moment the support upon which the judge was sitting gave way and dropped him on the other side of the fence.

Instantly regaining his feet, he shouted to his son:—

"Give it to him hot, Jim! I'm out of my jurisdiction."

umpion or his boyhood was a lower, dirtier, more vicious place from every point of view than the hustling city of the present. The whole standard of life was lower, he says, and the comfort of it incalculably less. The agricultural laborer of these times, too, he says, despite the outcry concerning the decadence of agriculture and the destruction of rustic simplicity, is a great improvement on the bumpkin of 70 or 80 years ago.

## WHAT ARE IKONS?

### They Represent Saints, and are Considered Very Holy by Russians.

Many people doubtless have wondered at the word "ikon," which has occurred so frequently recently in telegrams from Russia.

Most of the papers, when they condescend to translate the term, refer to it as "sacred picture." But that is only half the truth.

The ikon is painted, it is true, but it is also stamped out in metal bas-relief, or carved in wood, silver or gold. Always, it represents some saint. And, of course, it is very holy. That is why they hanged three peasants at Windau the other day on the mere suspicion of having mutilated one.

Whole villages in the Vladimir province are engaged in manufacturing these ikons, for which there is an enormous demand, as every Russian household possesses at least one; and most, several.

The cheapest ikons are sold at a shilling the hundred; but the price ranges upward to many hundreds, or even thousands, of pounds apiece. These latter expensive ones are of gold, elaborately chased and studded with precious stones.

Some of the more famous ikons, preserved in the great cathedrals of St. Petersburg, Moscow, etc., are practically priceless, the jewels alone with which they are bedecked being not infrequently worth from £30,000 to £80,000. Others are deemed so sacred, that they are only exposed to the vulgar gaze once in three, four or five years.

## ENGLISH GIRL WEDS MATADOR.

### Idol of Spain Captured by Daughter of Wealthy Britisher.

One of Spain's most famous toreadors, Rafael Gonzalez—famously known as "Machaquito," or "The Little Hammer"—has just been married at Cartagena to Miss Clementson, the daughter of a wealthy British resident.

Half the women in Spain are envious of the young English girl, for Machaquito is the idol of the whole nation. He was one of the most daring of the matadors who appeared at the great Coronation bullfight.

After making his appearance in the arena and saluting King Alfonso and Queen Victoria, he gravely marked out a ring with his sword and stepped inside it. A roar of applause went up from the vast audience, for the act signified that Machaquito would not retreat from that spot until either he or the bull was killed. Without stepping from the ring he fought off the charges of the bull until his sword had reached its heart.

It was at a bullfight that Miss Clementson first saw Machaquito, and then, carried away by his cool daring, she threw her fan to him. The matador picked it up, kissed it, and the courtship began from that day. For the Coronation bullfight Machaquito received \$1,500 in addition to innumerable gifts of jewellery, and his revenue, and his revenue, at a low estimate, amounts to \$50,000 a year.

## TREE THAT RAINS.

In the Canary Islands there is a tree of the laurel family that occasionally rains down in the early evening quite a gopious shower of water drops from its tufted foliage. The water comes out through innumerable little pores situated at the edge of the leaves.

get permission from the board of supervisors and have it signed by the Mayor was over \$700,000, and that is one of the things the grand jury is now investigating. Whether or not Schmitz actually received that money is not yet proved, but the charge of extorting a large sum of money by blackmail from the French restaurant keepers is backed by direct testimony.

## FRANCHISE HUNTERS.

The corporations that for years have had San Francisco by the throat are only too glad to flatter and bribe a man who had once opposed them. The United Railways in San Francisco, like the United Railways anywhere, when any sort of franchises are wanted, have no more consideration for the victim they are about to destroy than has the wolf for the lamb who furnishes him a necessary supper. So long as the public streets of American citizens may be turned over to private corporations by the vote of a board of aldermen and a mayor, so long will aldermen and mayors be corrupted.—New York American.

## ROSE TO BE KING.

### The Romantic History of a Telegraph Operator.

There is at present in Paris, France, a monarch who at one period of his career was a telegraphist. The story of his advancement reads like romance. Mademba is the name of this sovereign. He is of dusky hue, and hails from the vicinity of the Niger. He owes his royal rank of King of Sousouding to General Archinard. When he arrived at man's estate he entered the postal service.

With his rifle in hand he constructed the telegraph lines during a period of revolt in 1880-1881. In 1887, when General Gallieni was appointed governor of the forces of the French Soudan, Mademba was made a diplomatic agent, and commanded the auxiliary cavalry troops in the expedition organized against a rebel chief. In 1890-91 the French Soudan was still in revolt, the rebels pillaging and burning everywhere. The district of Sousouding was particularly devastated.

When the rebellion came to an end General Archinard remembered the exertions of the telegraphist. He considered that his conception of morality and authority ought to be applied to the natives. And so it came about that Mademba was made King of Sousouding, the name of the town that had been burnt by the rebels. He was given as subjects 500 prisoners of war, bandits all, who were not worth the cord necessary for hanging them.

Once invested with royalty, Mademba set to work to make these black ruffians industrious cultivators. Soon prosperity returned to the district. The rebels and thieves speedily became thrifty workers in cultivating cotton and fathers of families. For the rest, Mademba is a loyal friend to France. In 1896, on the proposition of General Trentinian, he was made a chevalier of the Legion of Honor and thanked for the services he had rendered to the country of his adoption.

## LONDON EAST END HAPPINESS.

### Bishop of London Pays Tribute to Home of East End Workmen.

"Let a man be in work," said the Bishop of London to a gathering of 4,000 men in the People's Palace, Mile End, London. "Let him be a straightforward honest man, and love his wife and she love him, and there is no happier home in all the world than the home of a working man in East London."

The Bishop added that he knew the men of the East End. He had been round to more of their homes than he could count, and had married as many as forty-nine of them on a Christmas Day at Bethnal Green.

He wished to unite them in a chivalrous spirit towards women, and to form a league of public opinion which should set its face against conduct unworthy of a man.



THE BONI ON RUIN'S BRINK

CERTAINLY THE WORLD'S GREATEST WASTREL.

Monumental Spendthrift to be Plunged into Poverty if Decree is Granted.

The mills of the French divorce courts may grind slowly, but they certainly will grind Count Boni de Castellane exceeding small, for when he emerges from the trial he will be a triply ruined man, financially, socially, politically. With the Countess Anna's share of the Jay Gould \$175,000,000 thrown away like pebbles into a deep pit, Count Boni today is poorer than his buller. Eight million good American dollars has this little man spent in four years, and, as Maitre Cruppi has said, the marvel is that he could have found a way to dispose of this vast sum. "This monumental spendthrift!" said the great French advocate, and that is the term that has passed on to the boulevardiers.

HER DOWRY \$3,000,000.

Reviewing the Count's career, Maitre Cruppi showed, with pitiless exactness, that when Count Boni came courting Miss Anna Gould he was as poor as he now is, so that he has returned to his original estate. With Miss Anna Gould came a dowry of \$3,000,000, an amount that would keep half a dozen European princelets in comfort for the balance of their lives. That is all gone, every cent of it, and in its wake has followed something like \$4,700,000 more. As Maitre Cruppi said, "To attempt by any form of bookkeeping to make an account of the disposal of this fortune would be absurd. It has just been thrown away, some of it in the gutter, some of it on palaces and some of it on live affairs."

COUNT'S LITTLE EXPENSES.

One or two items are, however, illuminating:—  
A town house, modelled after the little Trianon, \$3,000,000.  
A country house, \$300,000.  
Memorial chapel for the same, \$200,000.  
Garden party given in the country seat, \$100,000.  
Hunting party for the King of Portugal, \$25,000.  
Dinner to the King, \$50,000.  
Clock that ticked during the dinner, \$30,000.  
Bear hunt for the Grand Duke Boris, of Russia, \$100,000.  
Fur coat which Boni wore at the hunt, \$11,000.  
Wardrobe to keep the coat in, \$280,000.  
Yacht Valhalla, \$200,000.  
Election expenses, \$300,000.  
Expense in contesting the same, \$100,000.  
Paintings (real value, \$50), \$60,000.  
Such are a few of the follies and shameful extravagances of this "monumental spendthrift."

THROWN MILLIONS AWAY.

These are expenses of record, but there is no record of the hundreds of thousands of dollars spent in plain debauchery, in little suppers, in furnished "nests," in cartloads of flowers to the favorite of the moment, and in wagon loads of fruit to the fancy of the hour, of jewels flung in the lap of some of the 17 co-respondents named in the Countess' petition for divorce. It is a story of waste and extravagance that is altogether unparalleled. Not a sou of all the millions that have come into the open hands of Count Boni de Castellane has remained in them—that is all than can be said to his credit. He has not pocketed the Gould millions; he has simply thrown them away. With empty hands and empty pockets Boni faces a crowd of angry creditors that would bleed him dry even though more of the Gould millions were

THE SOVEREIGN BANK OF CANADA

OFFICE OF THE 2nd VICE-PRESIDENT AND GENERAL MANAGER.

Montreal, 10th November, 1906.

To the Shareholders, The Sovereign Bank of Canada.

We have pleasure in enclosing herewith statement of the Bank's position as at the close of the fiscal half-year, ending 31st October, together with comparative statistics for the past five years. The figures require no special explanation, and we feel sure the progress and stability which they indicate will afford the proprietors and friends of the Bank complete satisfaction. The Bank's American and Foreign business has now attained considerable importance. Our connections abroad, as well as our facilities at home, enable us to handle British, Continental and American transactions entrusted to us on a favorable basis, and the results so far have been satisfactory to all concerned. Our principal business is, of course, confined to Canada, and is concentrated in the provinces of Ontario and Quebec, which long experience has proven to be the safest territory in the Dominion for the conduct of a general and commercial banking business. In these two provinces the Bank has 55 branches and 22 sub-offices, the latter being managed from central points, and in some instances open only two or three days a week. We have not yet opened any branches in the North-West, as competition there seems to be unusually keen, but with the undoubted progress which the country is making, these conditions will probably right themselves later on, and in the meantime we have very satisfactory banking arrangements for the conduct of our business throughout that territory. The capital of the Bank (\$4,000,000) will be fully paid up in a few months, and it is a source of great satisfaction to know that our shareholders number nearly 1,200 and include some of the most powerful financial people in the world. The Sovereign Bank is at present the eighth largest chartered bank in Canada in point of capital. Its assets amount to \$25,343,401, a large part of which are "liquid," and the continued growth of deposits testifies to the popularity of this institution throughout the country. The Note Circulation shows an advance of 83 per cent. over last year, and both the Circulation and Deposits have increased materially since the present statement was compiled. The past half-year is the best the Bank has ever had, and we have every reason to think that the current half-year will be at least as good.

Your obedient servant, D. M. STEWART, General Manager.

HALF-YEARLY STATEMENT				COMPARATIVE STATISTICS			
31st October, 1906.							
LIABILITIES.				LIABILITIES.			
Capital Stock paid up	\$3,941,710.00			31st October	Capital Paid-up	Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits	Sovereign Bank Notes in Circulation
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits	1,335,847.22			1902	\$1,173,478	\$ 240,000	\$ 759,995
		\$5,278,557.22		1903	1,300,000	362,538	1,237,650
Notes of the Bank in circulation		2,850,675.00		1904	1,300,000	420,373	1,284,840
Deposits Payable on Demand	\$5,685,321.09			1905	1,610,478	523,461	1,550,790
Deposits Payable after Notice	9,893,508.66			1906	3,942,710	1,335,847	2,850,675
		15,578,919.75					
Other Liabilities		1,635,249.15					
		\$25,343,401.12					
ASSETS.				ASSETS.			
Gold and Silver Coin on hand	\$ 538,989.58			31st October	Cash on Hand and at Bankers	Bonds Debentures, etc.	Commercial Loans and Discounts
Dominion Government Notes on hand	1,121,447.00			1902	\$ 383,097	\$ 439,368	\$ 1,358,469
Notes and Cheques of other Banks	1,155,304.99			1903	622,774	713,397	1,747,342
Balances with Bankers	1,101,101.00			1904	1,214,822	672,034	1,179,540
				1905	1,491,398	791,153	1,566,144
Cash Assets	\$3,916,842.57			1906	3,916,542	1,612,331	4,614,667
Cash Deposited with Dominion Government for Security of Note Circulation	80,000.00						
Provincial Government and other Securities	1,612,831.16						
Call and Short Loans Secured by Bonds, etc.	4,614,667.00						
		\$10,223,740.73					
Commercial Loans, (less rebate of interest)	\$14,640,510.40						
Bank Premises, Real Estate, Safes, etc.	473,837.57						
Other Assets	5,312.42						
		15,119,660.99					
		\$25,343,401.12					
D. M. STEWART, General Manager.				GENERAL.			
				31st October	Total Assets	Excess of Assets over Liabilities to the Public	Branches and Sub-offices
				1902	\$ 3,855,203	\$1,413,478	17
				1903	7,209,920	1,662,838	28
				1904	10,201,954	1,720,373	42
				1905	13,818,998	2,133,939	53
				1906	25,343,401	5,278,557	78
							No. of Shareholders
							757
							819
							854
							1004
							1195
				N. B.—This Bank commenced business 1st May, 1902.			
				D. M. STEWART, General Manager.			

SCIENSOCRACY FOR ALL

A NEW CULT THAT MAY LEAD TO THE MILLENIUM.

It Aims to Realize a Life Hitherto Dreamed of by World's

PARENTS MAKE MISTAKES

LORD LYTON GIVES THEM SOME GOOD ADVICE.

Teach Children How to Handle Money and Matters of Sex—Should

THE MUTINY IN THE NAVY

CAUSED THE REVOCATION OF THE ON-THE-KNEE ORDER.

What Caused the Open Insubordination at the Portsmouth Navy



Not a soul of all the millions that have come into the open hands of Count Boni de Castellane has remained in them—that is all that can be said to his credit. He has not pocketed the Gould millions; he has simply thrown them away. With empty hands and empty pockets Boni faces a crowd of angry creditors that would bleed him dry even though more of the Gould millions were given him. Maitre Cruppi has plainly stated that it is not the intention of the Countess to pay one cent of these debts. Literally all that remains to Count Boni is the \$5 a day he gets as pay for being a French Deputy, the dole his family gives him and the clothes on his back.

### HORRIBLE SUFFERINGS.

#### Thirty-two Thousand Political Exiles Sent to Siberia.

Siberian journals are full of the horrible suffering which the political exiles undergo in Tobolsk, Irkutsk, and other sections of that desolate land. During the last eleven months, as many as 35,000 persons have been sent thither. About 2,000 have escaped, but the rest remain to endure a living death. They are sent to the marshes where nothing grows but a rank grass, and where no trade or craft can enable them to earn enough to prolong their miserable existence.

The Russian Government allows them exactly 2½ cents per day. The money sent by their friends rarely reaches them, being intercepted by the Czar's officials. In summer they keep body and soul together with fish caught in the rivers and coarse rye bread. In winter fish is worth its weight in gold and bread unheard of. Then they eat the grass from the frozen marshes. Little wonder that scurvy, cholera and typhus rage among them. This is not the worst, for they are obliged to live in the mud huts of the native Ostiaks, infected with that Siberian scourge, leprosy. It is not surprising that these exiles, most of them delicately reared men and women, envy their more fortunate comrades who have perished on the stockades of Russian fortresses for their political opinions and have thus escaped this certain, but slow, death known as perpetual exile. They have no hope for anything better and cannot even find a solace for their sufferings in work—for there is none to be done in this frozen wilderness.

In spite of the heavy death-rate, their numbers are steadily increasing, for every week brings out fresh victims. In fact, the numbers of political exiles have increased to such an extent that the Russian Government has decided to run special exile trains daily from St. Petersburg to Siberia. These trains carry only political prisoners, who are herded together like cattle in unwarmed wagons. They run at the speed of the so-called postal or courier trains.

And yet, in spite of these terrible sufferings, men and women in Russia are bent upon fighting for freedom. Within the last few weeks \$5,000 lbs. of dynamite, 400,000 bullets and 4,000 rifles have been found by the police, secreted in private houses in Moscow, St. Petersburg and other large towns. Never before have Russian prisons and Siberian marshes been so crowded with political prisoners as at the present time.

### ANIMAL SURGERY.

Animal surgery has now reached such a high degree of development that almost every operation to which human patients submit is made use of to prolong the lives of pet animals. The animal surgeon can rejuvenate the aged dog by fitting it with a perfect set of false teeth, and he can substitute a glass eye for the optic lost by a cat. Quite a number of dogs and cats which are minus a leg have been fitted with artificial substitutes, usually of leather; whereas in former days they would, after losing a limb, have been either killed or left to limp about on three legs. In one recent case a cat, having swallowed a small hatpin, was placed under the X-rays, and the pin, having been located, was drawn out by a skillful operation.

### A NEW CULT THAT MAY LEAD TO THE MILLENIUM.

#### It Aims to Realize a Life Hitherto Dreamed of by World's Thinkers.

Manchester, England, has produced a new school of thought which has been christened Sciensocracy.

Its followers believe that in days to come the rule of many will be superseded by the rule of science.

Their first general principle is freedom of individuality. Under its sway men would regard bread and labor as the fundamental religious law of life.

Sciencocrats say that every man should participate in the production of those things of which he enjoys the fruits.

Government, they further say, exists only that one class may keep another in subjection, and they advocate the adoption of a definite, consistent, and scientific policy.

#### "SCIENSADVISM."

The Conservative party exists, according to the followers of the new cult, to administer the country in the interests of the rulers. The Liberals exist as a means of checking the Conservatives; while the Labor and Socialist parties seek to break down the authority of the others and substitute for plutocracy a democracy which might be more evil in its effects.

The Sciencocrats seek to achieve their objects by establishing, as a first step, what they call a "Sciensadvism," a national assembly of scientists convened for advisory work, and open to every man or woman with an idea which could be called to the affairs of life.

Instead of making laws as governments now do, through Parliament, the Sciensadvism would make laws through its administrators, it being a belief with the followers of this school of thought that social science could be accelerated just as mechanical science has been.

#### IDEAL HUMANS.

They want to increase the rate of human evolution, to bring order out of chaos, to feed the hungry, clothe the naked, and ultimately abolish preventable disease and death.

They desire to build up a race of ideal men and women, who shall have opportunities of realizing "a life such as hitherto the world's greatest thinkers have only dreamed about."

The application of science to life will, they consider, restore the people to health, wealth and prosperity.

#### HOIST WITH HIS OWN PETARD.

Over-shrewd lawyers often furnish their advisories with weapons.

"Did you see this tree that has been mentioned, by the roadside?" an advocate inquired.

"Yes, sir; I saw it very plainly."

"It was conspicuous, then?"

The witness seemed puzzled by the new word. He repeated his former assertion.

"What is the difference," sneered the lawyer, "between plain and conspicuous?"

But he was hoist by his own petard. The witness innocently answered:

"I can see you plainly, sir, among the other lawyers, though you are not a bit conspicuous."

In another instance a blow directed against the character of a witness forcibly recoiled:

"You were in the company of these people?" he was asked.

"Of two friends, sir."

"Friends! Two thieves, I suppose you mean?"

"That may be so," was the dry retort, "they were both lawyers."

Seeds—"You say he left no money?" Baggs—"No. You see, he lost his health getting wealthy, and then lost his wealth trying to get healthy."

### LORD LYTTON GIVES THEM SOME GOOD ADVICE.

#### Teach Children How to Handle Money and Matters of Sex—Should Marry Young.

"Let girls marry at eighteen and boys at twenty, and the world will be relieved of some of its gravest problems." This was the advice given by a speaker at a conference of the Parents' National Educational Union at Brighton, England, recently, following an address by Lord Lytton.

Lord Lytton gave what he called "A young man's lecture to his parents."

"The time has come for parents to realize they have made some grave mistakes," he said. "In the first place, it is a mistake for a rich father to bring up his son in ignorance of the responsibilities of an inheritance. Some fathers go on as if they expected to live forever. Every boy should be taught

#### HOW TO HANDLE MONEY.

not alone for his own sake, but because he may some time have charge of other people's money.

"But a question more vital still is that of sex. There is a tendency among parents nowadays to assume an unwise timidity in speaking of such matters. If instead of being timid and obscure in their advice parents would be quite frank it would prevent much evil from which the world now suffers. To many girls the real meaning of marriage is a sealed book, and this is largely the fault of their mothers. From whom can they better look for advice than from their mothers? Yet the latter often remain silent because of a want of courage to speak plainly.

"Society is full of misery due to the blunders of parents in failing to speak out. How much of the evil in our great cities comes from this it would be dismal to contemplate. As a young man, I say to fathers, 'Speak to your sons, and remember that the best education a father can give is in the example of your own life.'"

It was here that M. Roger Goelji Hampson,

#### A BELGIAN PROFESSOR,

suggested fixing the marriageable ages at eighteen for girls and twenty for boys. "With this encouraged by parents, all the evils we have been talking of would disappear," he said. "The great trouble is that men and women marry too late in life. Let us urge them to marry earlier."

Lady Campbell suggested that there was a growing disinclination to marry among girls. "It is due to a selfish love of luxury and a dislike to begin married life in a humble way," she said. "Girls want to begin where their parents left off, and not at the beginning. If it were not for this selfish consideration of luxury, we should perhaps have earlier marriages."

#### HOW TO OBTAIN SYMPATHY.

He was a lawyer, and he well knew how to play upon the feelings of his fellow-men. Upon an occasion like the present, when he was pleading the cause of a plaintiff, who was a pretty little girl of nine, he shone to advantage.

"Gentlemen," he said, "can you stand by and see this poor child cheated out of what is, I argue, lawfully and legally her own? See—he lifted her in his arms—"how pretty and helpless one poor little is. Hush, hush, little one. Do not cry"—for the juvenile litigant was sobbing fit to break her heart—"the good gentleman in the big box over there will see that justice is done to you."

He put the youngster down, and his quick eye told him that the stroke had done good work among the jury. In fact, the eyes of one or two were moist.

Then the defending counsel arose. "Little girl," he said, addressing the plaintiff, "why did you cry just now?" "Please, sir," said the still sobbing child, "I—I had to. He pinched me so hard, it hurts now."

### CAUSED THE REVOCATION OF THE ON-THE-KNEE ORDER.

#### What Caused the Open Insubordination at the Portsmouth Navy Yard.

No longer will Lieutenant Collard, R.N., or any other officer of the British navy, be able to order seamen or stokers to kneel before him. The 200-year-old order of on the knee is to be abolished. This is the result of the recent mutiny of stokers at the naval barracks at Portsmouth.

The details of the mutiny, of course, are familiar to our readers, but the secret history of the outbreak shows that the stokers mutinied in order to attract public attention to the brutal German methods of treating the men in vogue among several of the officers and notably Lieutenant Collard.

At the new year the officers at the barracks were charged. Commodore W. G. Stopford, son of the admiral, was placed in command. With him were a commander and

#### LIEUTENANT COLLARD.

The latter, a gunnery officer, came into closer touch on his duties with the men than the other officers.

Lieutenant Collard is very unpopular with the men. Four years ago he was court-martialled for brutality to a stoker and lost six months' seniority as punishment.

Six months ago, he again got into trouble. One of the stokers on parade was slightly deaf. In consequence he did not obey a trivial order quickly enough. Lieutenant Collard ordered the man as a punishment to kneel before him on both knees. The lieutenant shouted, "Down on your knees, you dirty dog," and compelled the man to kneel. Next day the stoker, not being a sworn man as are seamen, employed Lawyer King of Portsmouth to bring a civil action against Lieutenant Collard for damages charging "assault, insult and degradation." The stoker won and secured damages of \$1,000 and costs. Soon afterward the man was dismissed from the service, ostensibly on account of his deafness. This man was in Portsmouth at the time of the rioting.

#### A RIGOROUS COURT OF INQUIRY

has been held on the insubordination at Portsmouth. It was secret. Many of the stokers complained of brutality of other officers, but not to such an extent as they complained of Lieutenant Collard. The newspapers generally have been bitter in their attacks on this officer. As a result, perhaps of a hint from the naval authorities, Lieutenant Collard will send in his papers, but action may be withheld until the mutinous clouds have blown away, when his resignation may be accepted or he may be sent to sea duty off the Gold Coast, or in the Red Sea, the two most unpleasant and profitless appointments in the navy.

Yet he has been instrumental in having a two-centuries-old obnoxious order abolished and brutal German methods of treating men by officers, forever tabooed.

#### MINERS OF THE WORLD.

More than half the total miners of the world were in 1904 engaged in getting coal. Great Britain employing over 835,000, the United States 594,000, Germany 543,000, France 171,000, Belgium 138,000, Austria 119,000, and India nearly 93,000. The total output of coal was 886,000,000 tons, of the estimated value of more than \$1,495,000,000.

#### CURIOUS RELATIONSHIP.

A remarkable double wedding has been celebrated in a Viennese church. A manufacturer named Muller married a widow, while at the same time his son married the widow's daughter. Thus the father becomes father-in-law of his own son, and the mother also mother-in-law of her daughter.

# It Quiets the Cough

This is one reason why Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is so valuable in consumption. It stops the wear and tear of useless coughing. But it does more—it controls the inflammation, quiets the fever, soothes, heals. Ask your doctor about this.

The best kind of a testimonial—  
"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.  
Also manufacturers of  
**Ayer's**  
SARSAPARILLA  
PILLS.  
HAIR VIGOR.  
We have no secrets! We publish  
the formulas of all our medicines.  
Hasten recovery by keeping the  
bowels regular with Ayer's Pills.

**The Napanee Express**

**E. J. POLLARD.**  
EDITOR and PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged for admission, will be charged 50 per line for each insertion, in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 100 per line each insertion.

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A file of this paper can be seen free of charge by visitors to London, to whom advice gratis will be given, if required.

**TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.**

**CHANGE OF CLUB RATES.**

On and after 1st December, 1905, the following will be the Club Rates:

THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Montreal Weekly Herald.....	\$1.00
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Globe.....	\$1.50
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Family Herald and Weekly Star.....	\$1.65
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Semi-Weekly Whig.....	\$1.65
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Witness.....	\$1.50
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Sun.....	\$1.65
Any three of the above papers.....	\$2.40
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Daily Toronto Star.....	\$2.25

**WHAT OTHER PAPERS SAY**

Ontario News.

No tariff could be devised which could suit everyone. The question is, whether the protection provided is sufficient to protect. We believe it does the main.

ington Freeman.

There are now four parties in this house of Commons, the respective leaders being: Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Mr. Jordan, Messrs Bourassa and Maclean. Mr. Bourassa has two followers and Mr. Maclean follows himself, and that

Applications should be addressed to the Director of Experimental Farms, Ottawa, and may be sent in any time before the 15th of February, after which the lists will be closed, so that the samples asked for may be sent out in good time for sowing. Applications will be filled in the order in which they are received, so long as the supply of seed lasts. Farmers are advised to apply early to avoid possible disappointment. Those applying for Indian corn or potatoes will please bear in mind that the corn is not usually distributed until March, and that potatoes cannot be mailed from here until danger from frost in transit is over. No postage is required on mail matter addressed to the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa.

**WM. SAUNDERS,**

Director Experimental Farms.  
OTTAWA, November 21st, 1906.

## Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surface.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free.

F. J. CHENEY, Toledo, O.  
Sold by Druggists, 75c.  
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

## SHARPTON

Odessa cheese factory closed on Saturday, two weeks earlier than usual.

A great deal of hay has been shipped at \$7 and \$8 a ton.

It is said that the price of pork has an upward tendency.

The school is progressing favorably under the able management of Miss Carpenter. The new law respecting the hire of teachers causes much comment.

As we approach nomination people are getting warmed up over election matters. The average elector seems to be under the impression that our business in the township and county councils is not ably managed.

S. Somerville plastered D. Karin's kitchen.

The attendance at Sharpton school is larger than usual.

Miss Mary Jane Smith is visiting her sister, Mrs. S. Somerville.

Bert Babcock is preparing to move from the neighborhood.

S. Somerville and G. McEwen laid the cement floor in J. Smith's drive shed.

D. Parks and bride have returned, after visiting friends in Brookville.

B. Parks was visiting friends at Eriusville.

A great offer—The Napanee Express from now until January 1908 for \$1.00. Send your order early.

Our sale of Stoves, Ranges and Furnaces exceeds anything in the history of this store, which speaks volumes for the quality of the goods in this line which we are offering, each and every one is guaranteed to you.

**MADOLE & WILSON**

## DENBIGH.

Our village has been very quiet again and the woods appear empty and deserted since the close of the hunting season, which has passed off without any accidents to life or limbs and according to reports, most of the sportsmen have been more successful, and game less scarce than in previous seasons.

We have had beautiful fall weather

# CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. *Chas. H. Fletcher* Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

## What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

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## READ AND YOU WILL LEARN

That the leading medical writers and teachers of all the several schools of practice endorse and recommend, in the strongest terms possible, each and every ingredient entering into the composition of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for the cure of weak stomach, dyspepsia, catarrh of stomach, "liver complaint," torpid liver, or biliousness, chronic bowel affections, and all catarrhal diseases of whatever region, name or nature. It is also a specific remedy for all such chronic or long standing cases of catarrhal affections and their resultants, as bronchial, throat and lung diseases (except consumption) accompanied with severe coughs. It is not so good for acute colds and coughs, but for lingering, or chronic cases it is especially efficacious in producing perfect cures. It contains Black Cherry bark, Golden Seal root, Bloodroot, Stone root, Mandrake root and Queen's root—all of which are highly praised as remedies for all the above mentioned affections by such eminent medical writers and teachers as Prof. Bartholow, of Jefferson Med. College, Prof. Hare, of the Univ. of Pa.; Prof. Finley Ellingwood, M. D., of Bennett Med. College, Chicago; Prof. John King, M. D., late of Cincinnati; Prof. John M. Scudder, M. D., late of Cincinnati; Prof. Edwin M. Hale, M. D., of Hahnemann Med. College, Chicago, and scores of others equally eminent in their several schools of practice.

The "Golden Medical Discovery" is the only medicine put up for sale through druggists for like purposes, that has any such professional endorsement—worth more than any number of ordinary testimonials. Open publicity of its formula on the bottle wrapper is the best possible guaranty of its merits. A glance at this published formula will show that "Golden Medical Discovery" contains no poisonous or harmful agents and no alcohol—chemically pure, triple-refined glycerine being used instead. Glycerine is entirely unobjectionable and besides is a most useful ingredient in the cure of all stomach as well as bronchial, throat and lung affections. There is the highest medical

These spaces are known to astronomers by the name of "coal sacks." They contain no stars fainter than the twelfth magnitude and, in fact, appear to mark those parts of the universe which are comparatively thin. On the other hand, in other parts of the heavens we have not by any means reached the limit of telescopic resolvability. It is curious, though, that these intensely dark "holes" in the bright empyrean are mostly to be found in those parts of the heavens where most stars abound, notably in the Milky Way.

These remarkable blank spots have been a favorite theme of discussion and argument among all astronomers, for, whatever the real shape or distribution of that universe may be, they point to the almost certain inference that in a particular direction at least there is an actual limit to the number of stars, and if there is a limit in one direction we have every right to suppose that such is the case in others, and that we have only to wait for telescopes strong enough to resolve those parts which are still unresolvable to discover that a point can be reached when all the stars of the universe are unfolded to our gaze.

If, now, we admit that the number of visible stars is limited, the next question to be asked is, What is the order or shape of their distribution? Various astronomers have had various theories about this matter. Herschel was inclined to think that the visible universe was in the shape of a disk, though his views in this direction were considerably modified during the later



House of Commons, the following are the leaders being: Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Mr. Borden, Messrs Bourassa and Maclean. Mr. Bourassa has two followers and Mr. Maclean follows himself, and that is about all he is able to do, judging by the result of his effort in the North Bruce bye-election.

## SAMPLES OF CHOICE GRAIN FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF SEED.

To the Editor of The Express.—

Dear Sir—By instruction of the Hon. Minister of Agriculture a distribution will be made this season of samples of grain to Canadian farmers for the improvement of seed. The stock for distribution is of the very best and has been secured mainly from the excellent crops recently had at the branch Experimental Farms at Indian Head, Sask., and at Brandon, Man. The distribution will consist of samples of oats, spring wheat, barley, Indian corn (for ensilage only) and potatoes. The quantity of oats to be sent will be 4 lbs., and of wheat or barley 5 lbs., sufficient in each case to sow one-twentieth of an acre. The samples of Indian Corn and potatoes will weigh 3 lbs. each. A quantity of each of the following varieties has been secured for this distribution:—

OATS.—Banner, Wide-Awake, White Giant, Danish Island, Thousand Dollar, Improved Ligowo (white varieties) and Goldfinder (yellow).

WHEAT.—Red Fife, Preston, Pringle's Chaplain, Percy, Stanley Huron and White Fife.

BARLEY.—Six-rowed. — Mensury, Odessa, Mansfield and Claude. Two-rowed—Standwell, Invincible, Canadian Thorpe and Sidney.

INDIAN CORN (for ensilage)—Early sort, Angel of Midnight, Compton's Early and Longfellow; later varieties, Selected Learning, Early Mastodon and White Cap Yellow Dent.

POTATOES.—Carman, No. 1. Early White Prize, Rochester Rose, Money Maker and Late Puritan.

Only one sample can be sent to each applicant, hence if an individual receives a sample of oats he cannot also receive one of wheat, barley or potatoes. Lists of names from one individual, or applications for more than one sample for one household cannot be entertained. The samples will be sent free of charge through the mail.

According to report, most of the sportsmen have been more successful, and game less scarce than in previous seasons.

We have had beautiful fall weather, and considerable ploughing was done last week. This week however, it has been snowing nearly every day, and we have now snow enough to make very fair sleighing.

Herbert Thompson who was working in a lumber camp near Webwood, had the misfortune to get one of his legs broken by a falling tree. Several other young men, farmers sons, from here, were working in the same camp, where they intended to put in the winter, but they all came home with their comrades and report that considerable sickness especially Typhoid fever is prevalent in most camps in that part of the country.

James Slater who some time ago got one of his hands pierced with a prong of a hay fork and was reported to be improving, has had to go to the hospital for treatment, as his wound got much worse, and more painful. His hand and arm are badly swollen, and serious consequences are feared.

Word has just been received that Mrs. Samuel Buffam, of Vennachar, died on Saturday of child birth at the age of only 27 years. Deceased was a daughter of the late Geo. M. Sweetman of Vennachar, and leaves besides her husband and new born babe, one th ee year old daughter, her aged mother, who has for some time been in poor health, four brothers and one sister. The bereaved family has the sincere sympathy of the whole community.

A great offer—The Napanea Express from now until January 1907 for \$1 00. Send your order early.

Coal Oil Stoves.  
MADOLE & WILSON

The Lethbridge coal strike was settled at a conference at Indianapolis between Premier Scott, Deputy Minister King and President Mitchell of the Miner's Federation.

Students of the Ontario Agricultural College won the combined judging contest and the individual prize at the International Live Stock Show at Chicago.

Builders' Hardware of almost every description, Paints, Oils and Glass, Cement.

MADOLE & WILSON.

Nursing baby?

It's a heavy strain on mother.

Her system is called upon to supply nourishment for two.

Some form of nourishment that will be easily taken up by mother's system is needed.

*Scott's Emulsion* contains the greatest possible amount of nourishment in easily digested form.

Mother and baby are wonderfully helped by its use.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND \$1.00



being used instead. Glycerine is entirely unobjectionable and besides is a most useful ingredient in the cure of all stomach as well as bronchial, throat and lung affections. There is the highest medical authority for its use in all such cases. The "Discovery" is a concentrated glyceric extract of native, medicinal roots and is safe and reliable.

A booklet of extracts from eminent, medical authorities, endorsing its ingredients mailed free on request. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

## PROBLEMS OF SPACE

ENIGMAS THAT SCIENCE IS STRIVING TO SOLVE.

The Question of an Infinity of Worlds and Their Distribution in an Infinity of Space—Distance of the Nearest External Universe.

There can be no subject more calculated to impress a man's mind with his own insignificance compared with the overwhelming power and glory of his Creator than the study and contemplation of the firmament in all its boundless infinity. It is not to be wondered at that from the earliest ages the subject has never failed to exercise a fascination over men and that those who by their genius and learning have most nearly succeeded in solving its mysteries have always been revered and esteemed to be among the wisest men of their day. More has been done within the last fifty years than in all the rest of the world's history toward the piercing of the veil which shuts off from our eyes the beauties and mysteries of faroff realms, and doubtless by means of the spectroscopic and increased size in the lenses of our telescopes we shall be enabled before long to unravel still more secrets of the universe.

The question as to whether space is finite or infinite can never be satisfactorily argued out or indeed even thought of, for the human mind is incapable of grasping the existence of a limit to space, even in its most abstract form, but the question of the infinity of worlds and their distribution in the infinity of space lies more closely within the scope of human intellect, for we have many material facts and calculations to go upon in discovering the probable answer to this most fascinating question.

Only as far back as the seventeenth century astronomers placed the number of stars in the universe as a little over 1,000, but this was absurd, as the real number visible to the naked eye is about 7,000, and perhaps treble that number can be seen by persons with exceptionally good eyesight. When the heavens, however, are examined through a telescope the number of visible stars is enormously increased. In fact, it has been calculated that the most powerful reveals as many as 100,000,000! Yet what is that vast number compared with infinity? It cannot even be likened to a grain of sand on the seashore, and yet if we think the matter out carefully we shall see that the number of visible stars cannot really be infinite, for if they were the heavens would be a complete blaze of light. This, of course, we know is far from being the case, and indeed there cannot be any doubt that in certain parts of the heavens at least the number of visible stars is already known, for even with the very strongest telescopes there are blank spaces which are absolutely devoid of stars below a certain magnitude or even the veriest trace of nebulous light.

was inclined to think that the visible universe was in the shape of a disk, though his views in this direction were considerably modified during the later part of his life. Struve considered that the universe was in the shape of a disk of limited thickness, but infinite length, a theory which is hard to support, as, unless the ultimate extinction of light in space is believed in, that part of the heavens which lay toward the plane of the disk would necessarily shine with the brightness of the sun. Proctor, though finding it impossible to define any particular shape for the visible universe, as a whole, was of the opinion that the brightest part of it—namely, the Milky Way—was in the form of a spiral. This latter theory, however, has many objections to contend with. Other astronomers have had different theories on this question, but all, or nearly all, appear to admit an ultimate limit to the size of the visible universe, or, in other words, believe that the galaxy of worlds which surround us form, in fact, but an islet in the vast infinity of space.

It would appear at first sight that any attempt to solve the question of the existence of external galaxies and their distance was absolutely futile, yet such is not the case. The result of calculation is that the nearest external universe is so far distant that light from it travelling at the speed of 186,000 miles a second would take nearly 90,000,000 years to reach us!—*Chambers' Journal*.

### Unstamped Letters in England.

Many people are unaware of the fact that the sender of an unstamped letter can be proceeded against for the postage. The moment a person posts an unpaid letter he becomes a debtor to the postoffice. If it is refused by the addressee the sender is liable for the postage. An enormous number of unstamped letters are posted every year. No record is kept of the exact number. Many large firms give instructions at the postoffice that unstamped letters are not to be delivered to them. They are then returned to the senders, and in the case of frequent offenders legal steps are taken.—*London Lady*.



Many housewives think it cheaper to buy than to bake. That is because their baking isn't successful every time. Their failures run the cost up. Get

## Royal Household Flour

and follow directions. The result will be light, wholesome bread or pastry every time. You pay a few cents more for Royal Household, but those few cents buy certainty and purity. Your grocer can supply you.

Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Ltd.  
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Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* The Kind You Have Always Bought



## THE "HOLY HOUSE."

Legend of the Home of Mary and the Saviour.

Let me give the main outlines of the legend. At Nazareth was preserved with pious care the house of Our Lady. The dwelling place in which she received the gracious message of the incarnation, the lowly home which sheltered the holy family for so many years, was a very precious sanctuary. On May 10, 1291, a month after the taking of Tripoli and Ptolemais, this holy house was carried by the hands of angels from Nazareth to a place in Dalmatia between Fiume and Tersatz on the Adriatic shore.

It was a one roomed edifice, built of red square stones, fastened with cement, and bore proof of age and oriental design. It stood without any foundations and had a wooden decorated ceiling. The walls were covered with frescoes; there were a door and a narrow window; inside were an altar of stone, an ancient crucifix, a small cupboard, containing a few vessels of common use; a chimney and hearth, above which was a cedar statue of Our Lady with the Holy Child in her arms. The pastor of the place learned in a vision that the building was the house of Our Lady, the stone altar that at which St. Peter celebrated mass and the statue the work of St. Luke the Evangelist. In proof of the vision he was cured of a serious illness. A deputation of four responsible persons forthwith were sent to Nazareth to investigate the mystery, and they found that the house was no longer to be found.

Measurement and other means taken proved that the house that had suddenly appeared in Dalmatia was indeed none other than that which had as suddenly left Palestine. Three years after, on Dec. 10, 1294, the holy house again disappeared and under the pontificate of Celestine V. came to Recanati, a little town in the march of Ancona, when it fixed itself in a laurel grove belonging to a pious lady called Loreto. It was discovered by some shepherds and soon became recognized and was henceforth a much frequented place of pilgrimage. Eight months afterward the house removed to a small hill, three miles from Recanati, to land belonging to two brothers, who, however, fell out shortly afterward over the division of wealth which began to flow to the new shrine.

To save strife between the brothers the house was suddenly lifted once more and this time settled down finally in the midst of the public way, which had to be diverted in consequence. Here, too, in the course of time a chapel was built, which gave way in time to the present basilica. The famous pilgrimage of Loreto goes on today. Popes, kings and princes have visited this shrine and left great gifts. Later on a festival with liturgical rites was instituted, and in time the feast of the translation of the holy house was extended to many countries. —Fortnightly Review.

### Disuading a Tempter.

A pompous Chicago merchant, arrogantly carrying the signs of his prosperity about him, accepted an acquaintance of his who conducts a successful rescue mission and said:

"James, I'd like to attend one of your meetings."

"Certainly," rejoined the minister, "but leave your watch and diamonds with the hotel clerk."

"What?" asked the merchant in astonishment. "Are not the men of your mission converted thieves?"

"True," answered the mission leader softly, "but George, you look like a

## BY-LAW NO.

OF THE CORPORATION OF THE TOWN OF NAPANEE.

A By-Law to authorize the issue of debentures of the Town of Napanee to the amount of \$2250.00, for the purpose of raising \$2250.00, to provide for cost of extending the Dundas street sewer along West street from Dundas street to Thomas street and connecting with the Canning Factory sewer.

WHEREAS the Corporation of the Town of Napanee has constructed a sewer from the banks of the Napanee River along West street to Dundas street and along Dundas street westerly to the creek crossing the same.

AND WHEREAS it is desirable to continue said sewer along West street to Thomas street to connect with the Canning Factory sewer at a cost of \$2250.00.

AND WHEREAS it is desirable that the amount necessary to defray the cost of this said extension of said sewer should be raised on the credit of the said Town.

AND WHEREAS in order thereto it will be necessary to issue debentures of the Town of Napanee for the sum of \$2250.00 as hereinafter provided, (which is the amount of the debt intended to be created by this By-Law) the proceeds of said debentures to be applied to said purpose and no other.

AND WHEREAS it is desirable to issue the said debentures at one time and to make the principal of said debt repayable by yearly sums during the period of twenty years being the currency of the said debentures, said yearly sums being of such respective amounts that the aggregate amount payable in each year for principal and interest at the rate of four per centum per annum in respect of the said debt shall be as nearly as possible equal to the amount so payable in each of the other nineteen years of the said period.

AND WHEREAS the total amount required to be raised annually by special rate for paying the said debt and interest as hereinafter provided is \$165.56.

AND WHEREAS, the amount of the whole rateable property of the Town of Napanee, according to the last revised Assessment Roll is \$1,104,883.

And whereas the amount of the existing debenture debt of the said municipality is \$68,739.86, exclusive of local improvement debts secured by special Acts rates or assessments whereof no part of principal or interest is in arrear.

THEREFORE the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the Town of Napanee, enacts as follows:—

1.—That for the purpose of raising the sum of \$2250.00 as afore said debentures of the said Town of Napanee amounting to the sum of \$2250 as afore said, in the sum of \$165.56 each shall be issued on the First day of May, A. D. 1908, each of which debentures shall be dated on the date of the issue thereof and shall be payable one on the First day of May in each of the years 1908 to 1927 inclusive, at the office of the Treasurer of the Town of Napanee, without interest, the interest on the said loan calculated at the rate of four per centum per annum being already included in the amount of the said debentures.

2.—It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the said Municipality and he is hereby authorized and instructed to sign and issue the said debentures hereby authorized to be issued and to cause the same to be signed by the Treasurer of the said Municipality and the Clerk of the said Municipality is hereby authorized and instructed to attach the seal of the said Municipality to the said debentures.

3.—THAT during the currency of the said debentures there shall be raised annually by special rate, on all the rateable property of the Town of Napanee the sum of \$165.56 for the purpose of paying the amount due in each of the said years for principal and interest in respect of the said debt.

4.—THIS By-law shall take effect on the day of the date of the final passing thereof.

5.—THE votes of the electors of the said Town of Napanee, shall be taken on this By-law on Monday the Seventh day of January 1907 commencing at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon, and continuing till five o'clock in the afternoon of the same day, by the following Deputy Returning Officers, and at the following places, that is to say:—

The average family in Canada uses about 25 pounds of tea per year. If Red Rose Tea were used entirely, not more than 20 pounds would be required. You save real money when you use Red Rose Tea.

# Red Rose Tea

## "is good tea"

T. H. ESTABROOKS, ST. JOHN, N. B. WINNIPEG.  
TORONTO, & WELLINGTON ST., E.

**K&K K&K K&K K&K K&K K&K K&K**

### SINFUL HABITS IN YOUTH

**MAKE NERVOUS, WEAK, DISEASED MEN.**

**THE RESULT** of ignorance and folly in youth, overexertion of mind and body induced by lust and exposure are constantly wrecking the lives and future happiness of thousands of promising young men. Some fade and wither at an early age, at the blossom of manhood, while others are forced to drag out a weary, fruitless and melancholy existence. Others reach maturity in all stations of life—the farm, the office, the workshop, the pulpit, the trades and the professions. Nervous Debility and Seminal Weakness are guaranteed cured by our New Method Treatment or No Pay. You run no risk 25 years in Detroit. Bank security. CURED WHEN ALL ELSE FAILED. No names used without written consent.

"I am 33 years of age and married. When young I led a gay life. Early indiscretions and later excesses made trouble for me. I became weak and nervous. My kidneys became affected and I feared Bright's Disease. Married Life was unsatisfactory and my home unhappy. I tried everything—all failed till I took treatment from Drs. Kennedy & Kergan. Their New Method built me up mentally, physically and sexually. I feel and act like a man in every respect. They treated me six years ago. They are honest, skilful and responsible financially, so why patronize Quacks and Fakirs when you can be cured by reliable doctors."—W. A. Belton.

**CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY. Consultation Free—Books Free—Question Blank Free for Home Treatment.**

**Drs. Kennedy & Kergan,**  
148 Shelby Street, Detroit, Mich.

**K&K K&K K&K K&K K&K K&K K&K**

### POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

You haven't as long to live as you used to have.

Some people are so agreeable that they are disagreeable.

Heroism is generally a foolish act with a successful termination.

Some people not only insist upon giving advice, but asking questions at the same time.

When a married woman hears about women who are working on salaries she is liable to say, "Well, I earn all I get."

The surest way to tame a man is to take his money away from him. When a man has no money even a woman can run over him.

People talk of nursing their wrath as if they are bloodthirsty for revenge, but leave an angry man alone and in two days he will have forgotten what he got angry about.—Acheson Globe.

### No Cure For Insomnia.

A sufferer from insomnia may work hard at physical and mental labor, yet the night cometh when no man can work. The insomniac, utterly fatigued, falls into a slumber—not a sound, re-

freshing, dreamless slumber, but a coma, lethargy, a torpor, born of fatigue. In a few hours the demon says "Awake!" and the insomniac starts instantly into waking, with bright, staring, witless, sleepless eyes. Is there no cure? None. Insomnia comes with age. You cannot cure your years. You used to sleep yesterday when you were young. "Not poppy nor mandragora nor all the drowsy sirups of the world can medicine thee to that sweet sleep which yesterday thou hadst."—San Francisco Argonaut.

### East and West.

The chief distinction between the genius of the eastern civilization and that of the west, according to an oriental, lies in this: With you the individual is the hub of the universe—even charity begins at home with you—while with us of the east it is the whole, the state, not the individual, that we emphasize. An individual is nothing; the state, the whole, is everything. We sacrifice thousands of individuals, we sacrifice our children and our wives upon the altar of national honor, without hesitation, without regret.—Forum.

# YOUR BRAIN HOLDS THE NERVE STRINGS

converted. "Are not the men of your mission converted thieves?"

"True," answered the mission leader softly, "but, George, you look so easy and wholesome. Really, I don't want my men to regret that they promised me never to steal again."

#### Historic Pharsalia.

It was on his way to the battlefield of Pharsalia that Caesar uttered the famous saying to the fishermen. He had come down to Brindisi to cross to Dyrrachium and, finding no galley, commanded the owner of a small sailing boat to put him across the Adriatic. On the voyage a violent storm occurred, and even the experienced mariners were terrified. But the great captain said: "Have no fear. You carry Caesar and his fortunes."

#### The Northern Substitute.

"In that tropical country," the returned traveler was explaining, "most of the houses are constructed with an inclosure in the center, which they call the court."

"I see," said the hostess. "In our colder latitude the parlor is generally used for that purpose."—Chicago Tribune.

#### His Deep Grief.

Visitor—I do hope that poor Jack, your brother, does not grieve too much at my having broken our engagement. I feel sure he must be very unhappy. What did he say, dear? The Sister—Oh, he said what a lucky thing it was you broke it off this week instead of next, as it saved him from having to buy you a birthday present!

## RESULTS OF BLOOD POISONING

The wonderful value of Zam-Buk, the herbal balm, in cases of chronic ulcers, sores, etc., is illustrated by the experience of Mrs. W. E. Rice, of London Junction (Ont.). She says:

"I cannot be thankful enough for the lay Zam-Buk came to Canada. For nine years I had been a sufferer from running sores on my legs caused by blood-poisoning. I had tried every kind of ointment and salve that I had heard of, but none of them seemed equal to my case. Last winter I was worse than ever, and could not bear to stand on my feet for five minutes. The pain was so acute that I could not bear to have my slippers on."

"I heard of Zam-Buk, and decided to give it a fair trial. From first commencing with it it did me good, and it has now cured me. Whereas before I could not stand on my feet for five minutes at a time, I can now not only stand, but walk about without feeling any pain whatever. I feel like a new woman. I have waited to see if the cure was permanent before making any statement, and now I am very willing to give any testimony. I shall be pleased to answer any inquiries, and if any one cares to come and see me, I shall be pleased to tell them what Zam-Buk has done for me."

It is by working such cures as the above that Zam-Buk has made for itself its world-wide reputation. It is a certain cure for cuts, burns, bruises, eczema, pimples, running sores, spreading scabs, scalp diseases, poisoned wounds, festering sores, piles, ulcers, bad legs, abscesses, boils, ringworm, rhytoid, scrofula, barber's rash, blackheads, ache, stiffness, rheumatism and all injured, diseased or inflamed conditions of skin and tissue. Of all druggists at 50c a box, or postpaid from the Zam-Buk Co., Colborne St., Toronto, upon receipt of price. 6 boxes or \$2.50.

same day, by the following Deputy Returning Officers, and at the following places, that is to say:—

WEST WARD NO. 1, at Frank Kinkley's residence, C. W. Bowen, D. R. O.

WEST WARD NO. 2, at Mrs. J. H. Clapp's residence, Geo. Vancilaine, D. R. O.

CENTRE WARD NO. 1, at Town Hall, Geo. Walters, D. R. O.

CENTRE WARD NO. 2, at Charles Pollard's residence, Patrick Gleason, D. R. O.

EAST WARD, at Perry's Woolen Mill Office, George Perry, D. R. O.

6—ON Saturday the Fifth day of January 1907 the Mayor of the said Town of Napanee, shall attend at the Council Chamber at twelve o'clock, noon to appoint persons to attend at the various polling places aforesaid, and at the final summing up of the votes by the Clerk on behalf of the persons interested in and promoting or opposing the passing of this By-law respectively.

7—The clerk of the council of the said Town of Napanee, shall attend at his office at ten o'clock in the forenoon of Tuesday the Eighth day of January A. D. 1907 to sum up the votes for and against the By-law.

Dated at the Town Hall, in the Town of Napanee, the 5th day of December A. D. 1906.

Mayor,

Clerk.

Take notice that the above is a true copy of a proposed By-law which has been taken into consideration, and which will be finally passed by the Council of the Municipality of the Town of Napanee, in the event of the assent of the electors, being obtained thereto after one month from the first publication in the Napanee "Express", the date of which said first publication was the 7th December A. D. 1906, and that the votes of the electors of the said municipality will be taken thereon on the day at the hours and places therein fixed.

W. A. GRANGE  
Clerk.

**Vapo-Cresolene**

Established 1879

Whooping Cough, Croup, Bronchitis  
Cough, Grip, Asthma, Diphtheria

Cresolene is a boon to Asthmatics

Does it not seem more effective to breathe in a remedy to cure disease of the breathing organs than to take the remedy into the stomach?

It cures because the air rendered strongly antiseptic is carried over the diseased surface with every breath, giving prolonged and constant treatment. It is invaluable to mothers with small children.

Those of a consumptive tendency find immediate relief from coughs or inflamed conditions of the throat.

Sold by druggists.  
Send postal for booklet.  
LEWIS, MILLS CO.,  
Limited, Agents, Montreal, Canada. 307



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**PATENTS**  
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**Scientific American.**

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Branch Office, 635 F St., Washington, D. C.

# THE NERVE STRINGS

AND IF DISEASE TAKES HOLD OF THE NERVES THE BRAIN LOSES CONTROL OF ALL THE FORCES THAT CONTRIBUTE TO HEALTH AND MENTAL AND PHYSICAL COLLAPSE ARE AS CERTAIN AS SUNSET

## South American Nervine

begins at the beginning to prevent and eradicate disease—it acts on the nerves that control the vital organs of the body, gives strength to the whole nervous system, fills the blood with that richness and purity that is so essential to health—because, remember this, that when these nerves become weakened and exhausted it means indigestion, torpid liver, stagnant kidneys, the heart flutters and becomes irregular and weak, the lungs fail to have the nourishment and weaken, and the climax, naturally enough, is debility—and the next stage may be consumption. All such dire consequences may be saved by the wonderful potency of South American Nervine.

South American Nervine is greatest blood purifier of modern medicine. South American Nervine is woman's best friend in very deed.

You persist and it never fails.

**SOUTH AMERICAN RHEUMATIC CURE** cures in from one to three days.  
**SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE** for diabetes, Bright's disease and all bladder troubles.

Sold by Fred L. Hooper.

## Removed the Growth.

DOUGLAS & CO., NAPANEE, ONT.

DEAR SIR,—During year 1890-91 I was troubled with a large lump growing on the right side of my neck near the ear. Had consulted several physicians and used everything I could hear of, all to no use. Was told to use

**Douglas' Egyptian Liniment.**

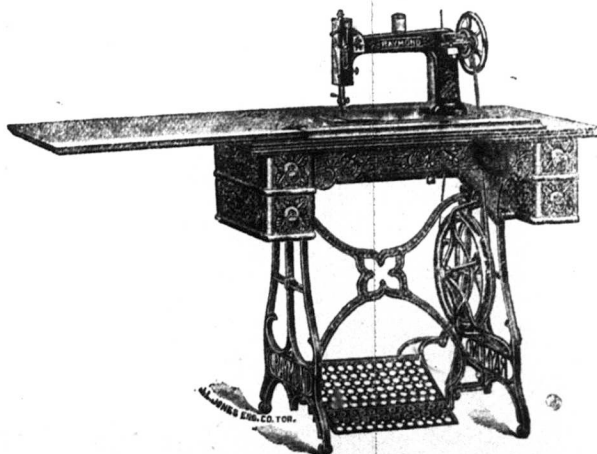
I did, and before I had used half a twenty-five cent bottle was permanently cured. Since then I have used it for everything where outward application is required; am yet to learn of anything in reason that I cannot cure with it. No man has any idea of its value until he has used it; would not be without it under any circumstance

Respectfully yours,

NATHANIEL W. REID.

Enterprise P. O.

## TAKING THE LEAD



**THE NEW RAYMOND**

JOHN DALTON, Agent.

Napanee, and Deseronto.



# Royal Baking Powder

## Absolutely Pure

**DISTINCTIVELY A CREAM OF TARTAR BAKING POWDER**

Royal does not contain an atom of phosphatic acid (which is the product of bones digested in sulphuric acid) or of alum (which is one-third sulphuric acid) substances adopted for other baking powders because of their cheapness.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

### MAN AND HIS BELIEFS.

#### The Seven Great Religious Bodies of the World.

The population of the earth at the death of the Emperor Augustus was estimated at 50,000,000. Today it is calculated that this globe has a population of 1,000,000,000. Out of this vast number of more than a billion and a half of human beings it is asserted that all but an infinitesimal fraction of 1 per cent believe in and worship in some degree a supreme ruler of the universe.

There are seven great religions in the world. The Christian religion has the greatest number of adherents, 563,000,000. Of this number 350,000,000 are Catholics and 213,000,000 Protestants. These two great divisions are subdivided into innumerable sects differing from one another on some point of dogma or church government. Next in importance comes the worship of ancestors and Confucianism, whose followers are 283,000,000 in number. This belief is confined almost exclusively to the Chinese and Japanese. In India there are 223,000,000 Brahmans. This form of religion has decreased somewhat during recent years, owing perhaps to the continual ravages of plague and famine in that country. But it still holds the third place among the seven great religions. Brahmanism is hard pressed, however, by the faith of Islam. There are 222,000,000 of these followers of the doctrines of Mohammed. The fifth on the list are the Polytheists, the believers in many gods, who number 130,000,000. The devotees of Buddha come next, 107,000,000 strong. These, too, have their stronghold in

India. The smallest of the seven great religions of the world is Taoism, with 44,000,000 adherents in the Chinese empire and in Tibet.

The next greatest religion, in point of numbers, to Taoism is the belief of Japan, Shintoism. This has but 18,000,000 believers. The Jewish faith now counts but half that number of adherents. But, unlike the other great religions, the followers of the teachings of Moses are not centered in any particular country, but are scattered all about the world. Compared with the foregoing, the religions of the Parsees, while one of the most beautiful theoretically, has about the smallest following of any distinct belief in the world, 150,000. This sect has its home in India and is best known to the outside world by its curious burial customs, the famed "towers of silence."—Exchange.

After a girl has worked for six months to get a young man, lying awake nights to think up new schemes of fascination, it is amazing to witness the coolness with which she can look up into his eyes after he has finally proposed and murmur tenderly, "You hypnotist!"—Somerville Journal.

#### The Burglar's Jimmy.

Why does the burglar call the tool with which he opens windows and doors a "Jimmy?" No one seems to be sure. Perhaps it is merely a pet name. The French burglar calls his jimmy "Frere Jacques," which is first cousin to "Jimmy."

In prosperity the proud man knows nobody; in adversity nobody knows him.—Duquoin Call.

## A BY-LAW.

To prohibit the sale of liquor in the Township of Richmond.

The Municipal Council of the Township of Richmond, hereby enacts as follows:

1.—That the sale by retail of spirituous, fermented, or other manufactured liquors is and shall be prohibited in every tavern, inn or other house or place of public entertainment in the said municipality, and the sale thereof except by wholesale, is and shall be prohibited in every shop or place other than a house of public entertainment in the said municipality.

2.—That the vote of the electors of the said Township of Richmond will be taken on the by-law by the deputy-returning officer hereinafter named on Monday the 7th day of January, One Thousand Nine Hundred and Seven, commencing at nine o'clock in the morning and continuing till five o'clock in the afternoon at the undermentioned places:

For Polling Sub-division No. 1, the poll shall be held at the residence of Wm. Schermohr, on Lot No. 18, in the 2nd Con. of Richmond and that Lia E. Grooms shall be Deputy-Returning Officer. For Polling Sub-division No. 2, the poll shall be held in the Town Hall, in the village of Selby, and that Geo. S. Saxsmith shall be Deputy-Returning Officer. For Polling Sub-division No. 3, the poll shall be held at the Grist Mill, Forest Mills, and that Wm. Provins shall be Deputy-Returning Officer. For Polling Sub-division No. 4, the poll shall be held at the Orange Hall, in the village of Roblin, and that Geo. S. Richardson shall be Deputy-Returning Officer.

3.—That on the 15th day of December, A. D. 1906, at the Town Hall, in the village of Selby, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon the reeve shall appoint in writing, signed by himself, two persons to attend at the final summing up of the votes by the clerk, and one person to attend at each polling place on behalf of the persons interested in and desirous of promoting the passing of this by-law, and a like number on behalf of the persons interested in and desirous of opposing the passing of this by-law.

4.—That the Clerk of the said Municipal Council of the Township of Richmond, shall attend at the Town Hall, Selby, at the hour of 12 o'clock on the 9th day of January, A. D. 1907 to sum up the number of votes given for and against this By-Law.

5.—This By-law shall come into operation, and be of full force and effect on and after the first day of May next after the final passing thereof. Council Chamber, December 3rd 1906.

Reeve.

### NOTICE.

Take notice that the above is a true copy of a proposed By-law which has been taken into consideration by the Municipal Council of the township of Richmond, and which will be finally passed by the said Council (in the event of the assent of the electors being obtained thereto, as provided by the Liquor License Act) after one month from the first publication thereof in the "Napinee Express" the date of which first publication was Friday, the Seventh day of December, 1906, and that at the hour, day and place therein fixed for taking the votes of the

## One of Three Things Always Cause RHEUMATISM

Do you know the system rids itself of waste matter through bowels and kidneys? Yes, but by the skin as well.

As a matter of fact, the skin rids the system of more urea than the kidneys do.

If the skin, or bowels, or kidneys are unhealthy—they won't throw off enough urea. This urea is changed into uric acid—carried by the blood to joints and nerves—causing Rheumatism.

One never inherits Rheumatism. One does inherit weak kidneys, irregular bowels and bad skin action.

## Fruit-a-Tives

OR "FRUIT LIVER TABLETS"

will positively cure Rheumatism because they increase the eliminating action of skin, kidneys and bowels—and make these three organs so vigorous and healthy that there can be no urea or waste retained in the system to poison the blood and irritate the nerves.

FRUIT-A-TIVES are fruit juices, combined with tonics—the whole forming the most effective cure for Rheumatism.

50c. a box or 6 boxes for \$2.50. Sent on receipt of price if your druggist does not handle them.

FRUIT-A-TIVES LIMITED - OTTAWA.

### FORMS OF INSANITY.

#### Premonitory Symptoms by Which They May Be Detected.

There are certain premonitory symptoms of the more prevalent forms of insanity that can be counted on, as a general thing, as infallible.

In paresis, which is claiming its victims in tremendous numbers, there are many physical signs that are almost incontrovertible.

The exaggerated twitching of the facial muscles in conversation, the occasional tendency of the eye to turn outward, the weakness of the legs, the flabbiness of all muscles, are preliminary symptoms that give warning that a man is about to break down.

With the victim of mania—the maniac—the symptoms are often similar to those found in melancholia, though generally the disease gives the victim an appearance of great elation. The eyes are abnormally bright; the features are alert and tense and an air of tremendous excitement is apparent. This is from a constant fear that something is about to happen.

Another form of insanity is prevalent among younger persons. Excessive strain, continual worry or trouble, allied to a weakened physical system, are the causes. It manifests itself through the gradual loss of some faculty that has been all right till now.

The loss of memory for details is an alarming symptom and one that should be given careful and immediate attention. The patient, if taken at the right time, may be cured, but not after the disease has got a firm hold on him.

Paranoia, which is a very prevalent type of insanity, is almost invariably indicated by a peculiarly self-satisfied, conceited expression of countenance.

The patient poses, sneers contemptuously and in every way shows his tre-

## Gray's Syrup of Red

### Cures Coughs

GRAY'S SYRUP does that one thing, and does it well. It's no "cure-all," but a CURE for all throat and lung troubles.

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM stops the irritating tickle—takes away the soreness—soothes and heals the throat—and CURES COUGHS to stay

# Syrup of Red Spruce Gum

and does it well. It's no "cure-all," but a CURE for all throat and lung troubles. GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM stops the irritating tickle—takes away the soreness—soothes and heals the throat—and CURES COUGHS to stay cured.

None the less effective because it is pleasant to take.

25 cts. bottle.

GIVE THE  
BABY

Dr.

MADE IN FRANCE  
CARRIERS' BOTTLES



Saves Babies' Lives.

INFANT TABLETS

MENTION THIS PAPER

Destroy Worms, Assimilate the Food, Regulate the Bowels, Sweeten the Stomach, give Sound and Refreshing Sleep, Relieve Teething Troubles, Alleviate Feverishness, Cure Indigestion, Diarrhoea, Constipation, Colic, etc. **STOPS WALKING IN THE SLEEP, AND FRIGHTENED AWAKENING. CURES FITS.** Do not contain Morphine, Opium, or other narcotic.

**WHAT WE WILL DO**—Any person sending their address can have samples sent free. We want to give you the proper medicine for children. Have the genuine.

**CAUTION**—Do not allow Druggists to substitute these Tablets. If you cannot get Hennequin's send direct to us. *Your only guarantee of the genuine Hennequin's is "you will find the letter "H" stamped on every Tablet!"*

**PRICE 25c. OR 5 PACKAGES FOR \$1.00.** Pre paid to any address. If after using one package you wish your dollar returned us the remainder. We cannot be responsible for moneys unless sent P. O. Order, Registered Letter, or Stamps

**DOUGLAS & CO.,**  
Napane, Ont., Canada.

## Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE.

Eastern Standard Time. No. 28 Taking effect Jan 1st, 1906.

Bannockburn and Tamworth to Napanee and Deseronto.					Deseronto and Napanee to Tamworth and Bannockburn.				
Stations	Miles	No.12	No.40	No.4	Stations	Miles	No.1	No.41	No.3, No.6
		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.			A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Lve Bannockburn	0	6:00	1:40		Lve Deseronto	0	7:00	12:35	
Albion	3	6:15	1:50		Arr Napanee	9	7:20	1:15	
Queensboro	8	6:25	2:05		Lve Napanee	9	7:40	1:25	12:10 4:25
Bridgeview	11	6:40	2:25		Strathcona	15	8:05	1:40	12:25 4:40
Twedd	20	6:55	2:45		Newburgh	17	8:15	1:50	12:35 4:50
Lve Twedd	7:00	7:20	2:55		Thomson's Mills	18			
Steele	21	7:10	3:05		Camden East	19	8:30	2:00	12:45 5:00
Larkin	27	7:25	3:20		Arr Yarker	23	8:45	2:15	1:00 5:15
Maribank	34	7:40	3:35		Lve Yarker	23	9:00	2:17	1:00 5:25
Erinville	40	7:55	3:55		Galbraith	25			
Tamworth	40	8:10	4:10	2:30 4:10	Moscow	27	9:20	2:33	1:15
Wilson	44				Mudlake Bridge	30			
Enterprise	46	8:25	9:35	2:50 4:35	Enterprise	32	9:35	2:50	1:30 4:45
Mudlake Bridge	48				Wilson	34			
Deseronto	51	8:37	9:50	3:02 4:47	Tamworth	38	10:00	3:10	1:45
Galbraith	56	8:48	10:00	3:15 5:00	Erinville	41	10:10	3:25	
Lve Yarker	55	8:58	10:10	3:17 5:25	Maribank	45	10:25	3:40	
Camden East	59		10:25	5:38	Larkin	45	10:35	4:45	
Thomson's Mills	60				Steele	58	11:15	4:35	
Newburgh	61				Lve Twedd	58	11:30	4:50	
Strathcona	63				Bridgeview	64	11:50	5:10	
Napanee	69				Queensboro	70	12:05	5:30	
Arr Napanee	69	11:00	4:01	5:15	Allans	73	12:20	5:45	
Arr Napanee	69			6:35	Arr Bannockburn	73	12:40	6:00	
Arr Deseronto	78			6:55					

Kingston and Sydenham to Napanee and Deseronto.					Deseronto and Napanee to Sydenham and Kingston.				
Stations	Miles	No.3	No.4	No.6	Stations	Miles	No.1	No.3	No.6
		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.			A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Lve Kingston	0		3:25		Lve Deseronto	0	7:00		
G. T. H. Junction	9		3:35		Arr Napanee	9	7:20		
Gleuval	10		3:54		Lve Napanee	9	7:50	12:15	4:25
Harrowsmith	14		4:04		Strathcona	15	8:05	12:30	4:40
Arr Harrowsmith	19		4:20		Newburgh	17	8:15	12:40	4:50
Lve Harrowsmith	23	8:10		4:20	Thomson's Mills	18			
Harrowsmith	23	8:10		4:20	Camden East	19	8:30	12:50	5:00
Frontenac	27				Yarker	23	8:45	1:05	5:13
Lve Yarker	23	8:35		4:50	Arr Yarker	23	8:55		5:23
Camden East	26	9:05	3:05	5:25	Frontenac	30	9:10		5:45
Thomson's Mills	31	9:15	3:15	5:38	Arr Sydenham	34			6:10
Newburgh	32	9:20	3:25	5:48	Lve Harrowsmith	38	9:10		
Strathcona	34	9:45	3:35	5:58	Murvale	35	9:22		
Napanee	40	10:00	3:50	6:15	Gleuval	39	9:32		
Arr Napanee	40			6:35	G. T. H. Junction	42	9:40		
Arr Napanee	40			6:55	Arr Kingston	49	10:00		

### LOCAL WORKING TIME TABLE.

#### NAPANEE to DESERONTO and PICTON.

TRAINS		STEAMERS	
Leave Napanee	Arrive Deseronto	Leave Deseronto	Arrive Picton
2:20 a.m.	2:40 a.m.		
3:30 "	3:50 "	7:00 a.m.	8:30 a.m.
6:30 "	6:50 "		
7:55 "	8:15 "		
10:30 "	10:50 "	1:40 p.m.	3:00 p.m.
12:00 "	12:25 p.m.		
1:20 "	1:40 "	5:30 p.m.	7:00 p.m.
4:30 "	4:50 "		
6:35 "	6:55 "	7:00 a.m.	8:30 a.m.
8:15 "	8:35 "		

[Daily. All other rains run daily Sundays excepted.]

WALTER RATHBUN  
President.

H. B. SHERWOOD  
Superintendent.

D. A. VALLEAU  
Asst. Superintendent.

#### PICTON to DESERONTO and NAPANEE.

STEAMERS		TRAINS	
Leave Picton	Arrive Deseronto	Leave Deseronto	Arrive Napanee
6:00 a.m.	7:25 a.m.	9:50 a.m.	10:10 a.m.
9:50 a.m.	11:20 a.m.	11:30 a.m.	11:50 a.m.
		12:40 p.m.	1:00 p.m.
		12:55 p.m.	1:15 p.m.
		3:45 p.m.	4:10 "
		6:10 "	6:30 "
		7:40 "	8:00 "
		1:00 a.m.	2:00 a.m.
4:00 p.m.	5:30 p.m.	1:55 "	2:20 "
		7:00 "	7:20 "
		8:00 "	8:40 "

from the first publication thereof in the "Napanee Express" the date of which first publication was Friday, the Seventh day of December, 1906, and that at the hour, day and places therein fixed for taking, the votes of the electors the polls will be held.

ABRAM WINTERS,

Clark.

An inquiry into the wreck of the steamer Resolute was concluded, and judgment will be given next week.

Parliament on Monday it was private member's day, and a good deal of information was given by the Ministers respecting the canal policy, bonuses for immigrants, the express service on the Intercolonial, and the Lethbridge strike settlement. Mr. Aylsworth answered Mr. Robitaille's inquiries his North Bruce utterance.

Horse Blankets, a complete line of first-class blankets at right prices.  
MADOLE & WILSON

Paranoia, which is a very prevalent type of insanity, is almost invariably indicated by a peculiarly self satisfied, conceited expression of countenance.

The patient poses, sneers contemptuously and in every way shows his tremendously "stage struck" condition. He is absolutely controlled by the "ego." Everything to him is "I, I, I." He is a monomaniac with one set idea, a single purpose.—Dr. Graeme M. Hammond in New York World.

### By the Pound.

Little Elsie—Mamma, how much do people pay a pound for babies? Mamma—Babies are not sold by the pound, my dear. Little Elsie—Then why do they always weigh them as soon as they are born?—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

### Bigamy.

Effie—Papa, a man who has a wife too much is a bigamist, is he not? Papa (thoughtfully)—Not always, dear. Illustrated Bits

# FEARFUL PAINS

SUGGESTIONS HOW WOMEN MAY FIND RELIEF.



While no woman is entirely free from periodical suffering it does not seem to be the plan of nature that women should suffer so severely. This is a severe strain on a woman's vitality. When pain exists something is wrong which should be set right or it will lead to a serious derangement of the whole female organism.

Thousands of women have testified in grateful letters to Mrs. Pinkham that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound overcomes women's special pains and irregularities.

It provides a safe and sure way of escape from distressing and dangerous weaknesses and diseases.

The two following letters tell so convincingly what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will do for women, they cannot fail to bring hope to thousands of sufferers.

Miss Matilda Richardson of 177 Wellington Street, Kingston, Ont., writes: Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"Some four years ago my usually good health began to fail. I had severe pains in my back, my head ached, I would have dizzy spells, and during my monthly periods I would suffer intense pain. I was advised to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I am so glad that I did, for it brought new life and health to me. My monthly periods were natural and painless, and my general health improved. I have not had an ache or a pain since, and I feel it a duty as well as a pleasure to tell you what your medicine has done for me."

Mme. Louise McKenzie, of Mount Carmel, Montreal, Canada, writes: Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I had heard so much good about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound before

I started to take it for painful periods so that when it cured me I was not surprised. I had suffered with blinding headaches and pain until it seemed that I must scream. These pains lasted from five to ten days every month, and you can understand how glad I was to get relief. I am in the best of health, and am pleased to give you this testimonial for what your medicine has done for me."

Such testimony should be accepted by all women as convincing evidence that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound stands without a peer as a remedy for all the distressing ills of women.

The success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound rests upon the well-earned gratitude of Canadian women.

When women are troubled with irregularities, displacements or ulceration of the organs, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation, backache, bloating, (or flatulency), general debility, indigestion and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine, for you need the best.

Don't hesitate to write to Mrs. Pinkham if there is anything about your sickness you do not understand. She will treat you with kindness and her advice is free. No woman ever regretted writing her and she has helped thousands. Address Lynn, Mass.

Ask Mrs. Pinkham's Advice—A Woman Best Understands Woman's Ills.



TOWN COUNCIL.

Council Chamber  
December 3rd, 1906.

Council met in regular session Mayor Lowry presiding.  
Councillors present—Kimmerly, Normile, Meng, Williams, Graham.  
Minutes of previous session were read and on motion confirmed.

COMMUNICATIONS.

From Robert Mill asking for bonus on salary for past two years of \$250. Laid on the table.

From G. T. Ry., re well, reporting repairs completed. Fyled.

From Superintendent of Brockville Asylum, re medical examination of Thos. Ledgerwood. Fyled.

From Belleville Portland Cement Co., asking for electric power, also communication from Kingston, re rates for current, for power purposes. Laid on the table.

From the chief of the fire department inclosing yearly report, in reference to fires attended, and amount of hose on hand and its condition.—Referred to Fire, Water and Light Committee to report.

Councillor Simpson entered and took his seat.

From the Fire Company asking for senior salary. Laid on the table.

From Inspector of Asylums, re list of patients. Fyled.

The Street Committee reported that they had consulted the Town solicitor on the matter of damage to the highway and the matter of Mr. Butcher's complaint. The solicitor reported that the town had no action in reference to the highway, and that the town had nothing to do with Mr. Butcher's complaint, as that was a matter between complainant and Mr. H. B. Sherwood.

The Fire, Water and Light Committee reported, that they had secured an assistant engineer at the power house.

The Poor and Sanitary Committee reported, that the list of persons from the town of Napanee, at present in Asylums of the Province, number twelve. The report was referred back too the Poor and Sanitary committee wite power to act.

The Poor and Sanitary committee reported, that Mr. S. Snider was in a helpless condition and without means.

The Mayor reported a destitute case on Mill street, the man hailing from Toronto, also that Geo. Perkins, Salem, was sick and in need of attention.

A petition was presented from Henry Clancy, Geo. Sampson and others asking for an arc light at Vine's Corner. On motion the prayer of the petition was granted.

The request of the Principal of the Collegiate Institute for lights, was left in the hands of the Fire, Water and Light committee with power to act.

On motion the printing committee were instructed to report on the cost of 200 copies of the Government Auditor's statement, printed for distribution and appended thereto, a statement of the Auditor's expenses.

Mrs. J. R. Perry asked for \$3 ft. 4 in. tile for a drain, and Mr. Thos. Pybus asked for 70 feet 6-inch tile for a drain. On motion the requests were granted.

The request of Mr. R. Mill for a bonus for extra services was laid over until the next meeting of council.

On motion the firemen were granted their salary \$300.

The Clerk was instructed to write the Belleville Portland Cement Co., that the present council could not enter into a contract with them for power.

On motion Mr. Chalmers was instructed to collect the charges for current supplied before the meters were installed.

ACCOUNTS.

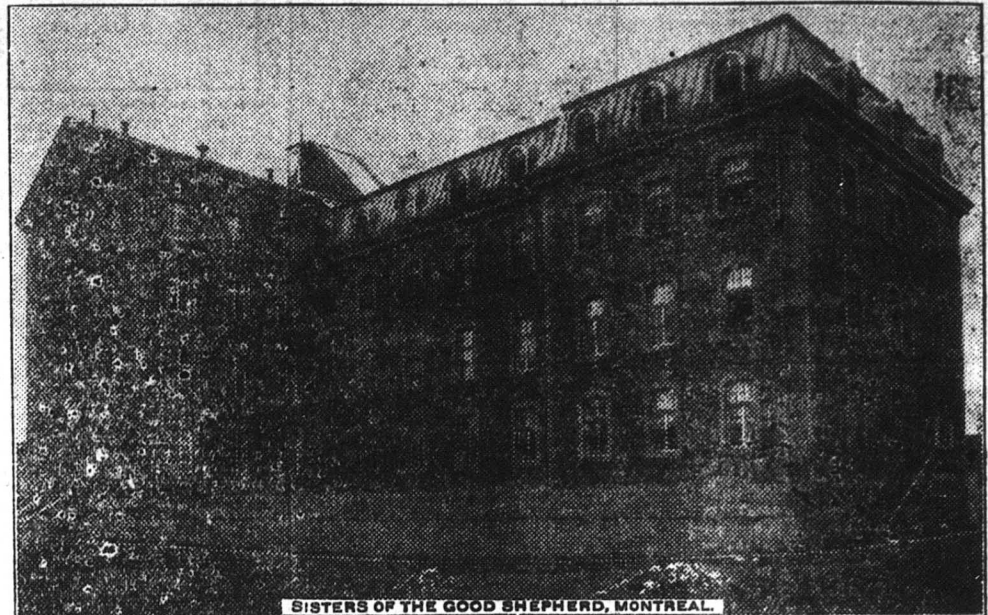
The following accounts were ordered paid:—Potter & Blanchard, \$2.00; C. Pollard, poundage \$1.25; Bell Telephone Co., messages \$1.20; Ryerson Pringle, sand for streets, \$121.75; Wm. Templeton \$27.10; John Vinalstine, carting wood \$6.15; Gas Co., account was referred to Town Property committee with power to act.

The clerk was instructed to render the Eastern church their account for heat and light; Jas. Graham, account

PROMINENT HOSPITALS SAY

PE-RU-NA DOES WONDERS

IN RELIEVING ALL CATARRHAL DISEASES.



SISTERS OF THE GOOD SHEPHERD, MONTREAL.

HOSPITALS ALL OVER THE CONTINENT FIND PE-RU-NA VALUABLE IN TREATING ALL CATARRHAL DISEASES.

CATARRH of the respiratory organs is a common ailment in Canada for at least two-thirds of the year.

This condition is no doubt caused by the long, severe winters experienced in this part of the continent.

Therefore, when Peruna was discovered by Canadian people to be a reliable remedy for these catarrhal diseases, it at once became a popular medicine, not only among individuals and in families, but in the great hospitals, where it was used as a preventative and relief in hundreds of cases.

These institutions do not hesitate to give their endorsement of the remedy which has been so helpful in the treatment of their poor and sick.

Among these institutions is that of the Sisters of Good Shepherd, who gave the following endorsement:

The Peruna Company,  
Columbus, Ohio.

Having used Peruna for the past few months, for our sick and poor, we are happy to say that it has given us great satisfaction.

The Sisters of the Good Shepherd,  
August 20, 1903. Montreal

After a continued use of the remedy, this institution has found no reason to change its good opinion of the remedy and expresses its satisfaction in the following terms:

Montreal, Nov. 7, 1903.  
We found Peruna a relief in several cases.

We can say it is a good tonic and we are very thankful.

Sisters of the Good Shepherd.

When catarrh once fastens itself upon the system, it becomes an obstinate disease to eradicate.

A systemic remedy—one that reaches every internal organ of the body—is an absolute necessity.

Peruna is just such a remedy. It searches out the cause of the disease, healing and strengthening the mucous membranes, and thus giving Nature an opportunity to perform her part of the restorative process.

One of the many hospitals which have found Peruna of value in treating old and obstinate cases of catarrh is the Hospital St. John, who write, as follows:

"We are happy to tell you that your Peruna has given us satisfaction. Three patients have tried it, one 68 years old, Renou Dupuis, afflicted with catarrh, is much relieved, more than he has been for a number of years.

"A young girl, 15 years old, had an obstinate cough, which half a bottle of Peruna caused to disappear.

"As to myself, two bottles have convinced me that Peruna is magnificent as a tonic.

"Before the treatment I could not walk for a quarter of an hour without experiencing much fatigue. Now I can walk a mile easily.

"Through these three cases we desire to make known to the public the efficiency of your remedy."

Hospital St. John, of St. Johns, Province of Quebec.

A later letter received from the same institution reads as follows:

"Three weeks ago I wrote to tell you how satisfactory we found Peruna. We recommend it highly for colds, coughs, catarrh and neuralgia.

"I have used it myself as a tonic with the best results, taken as directed, half a teaspoonful every half hour."

Peruna not only promptly relieves coughs and colds in their first stages, but is equally prompt and efficient for catarrhal diseases in the chronic stage.

Of course, it is only reasonable to suppose that a great deal less medicine will be necessary to cure a slight attack of catarrh than would be required to relieve the ailment after it had been allowed to become chronic.

Directions for taking the remedy will be found on each bottle, also in Dr. Hartman's book, called "The Ills of Life," which can be obtained from your druggist for the asking.

For special instructions write to Dr. Hartman, President of the Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

Ask your Druggist for Free Peruna Almanac for 1907.

A PROPOSAL IN JAPAN.

Quaint Custom of Placing a Plant In an Empty Flowerpot.

Old customs appear to be fast disappearing in Japan, a fact which cannot be wondered at considering the childishness which lay at the root of many of the most picturesque, but in some of the Japanese islands the quaintest marriage formalities are observed.

In houses wherein reside one or more daughters of a marriageable age an

Red and White Wine.

"Amisapprehension about the strength of red and white wines exists," said a vine grower. "Because red wine has a darker, richer look people think it is more intoxicating. The opposite, really, is the case. Red wines are made by fermenting grape juice, skins and seeds together. White wines are made by fermenting juice alone. In the skins and seeds there is a lot of tannin, and red wine contains much tannin, while white wine contains none. This tannin, an astringent,

Nineteen persons lost their lives during the moose-hunting season in New England.

A Philadelphia paper points out the advantage of a newspaper to a retail dealer in this trenchant way: "No retailer can reasonably expect to thrive unless he courts the public favor. The difficult may be wooed, the indifferent interested, the antagonistic converted by a proper use of the types. The newspaper must be pressed into service as the merchant's spokesman. No other medium can so effectively present his cause."

carting wood \$6.15; Gas Co., account was referred to Town Property committee with power to act.

The clerk was instructed to render the Eastern church their account for heat and light: Jas. Graham, account \$27.10; J. J. Minchin, rent, \$3.33, referred to Fire, Water & Light committee; Sundry accounts for Electric Light power house were ordered paid: Hamilton Anchor Co. \$16.50; Hart & Riddell \$13.50; John Forman \$2.55; R. E. T. Pringle Co. \$62.68; John Forman \$32.48; Geo. Sampson \$3.00; A. S. Kimmery \$1.20; E. B. Perry \$16; Dr. Leonard \$5.00; Mrs. Jane Hamilton, poor relief, \$3.00.

On motion the council adjourned until Wednesday evening.

## CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought  
Pears the  
Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

### New Books At The Library.

The following new books have just been placed in the Public Library. As the list is a varied one, it will afford pleasure and instruction to all readers, young and old. Cut out this list and watch for next week's addition.

1—Lavender and Old Lace.—One of the sweetest stories of human love and sympathy. The quiet tenderness of the story appeals to every one, and especially to those who find solace in being alone with a charming book. It is already in demand.

2—The Master's Violin.—By the same author as the previous book, is full of sentiment, tender yet brightened by flashes of pure human humour it abounds in picturesque imagery and is further enhanced by delicate touches of uplifting philosophy.

3—Helena's Love Story.—By the author of "When It Was Dark." It is an impression love story in which a beautiful woman of gentle nature has to choose between two aspirants for her hand. The emotions of the two men are the very antithesis of each other. It is a most fascinating story.

4—Saul of Tarsus.—By Elizabeth Miller.—A remarkably story of the early Christians. This work is far above the average novel of the day and will be in great demand by those looking for an exciting and emotional love story.

5—Pack of Pook's Hill.—A Kipling book, and one with which the children will be pleased.

6—Frank Brown.—By Frank T. Rullen.—A capital book for a boy who has a longing for the sea.

7—A Specimen Spinster.—By Mrs. Yeigh.—A most interesting novel in great demand.

8—The Governance of England.—By Sidney Low.—A philosophical and historical treatise of constitutional government in Great Britain. It is lucid and instructive.

9—Camp Fires in the Canadian Rockies.—By Hornaday & Phillips. A faithful record of a summer outing in British Columbia. The authors are genuine sportsmen and their literary effort is most creditable.

10—Select Readings on Public Finance.—By Professor Charles J. Bullock of Harvard University.—This volume brings together under one cover the collateral reading needed for a general course in public finance.

11—Poems every Child Should know

12—Myths every child should know

13—Heroes every child should know

14—The Romance of Missionary Heroism.—A book of true and thrilling adventures.

15—Inventors at work.—A book which weaves together in a readable way a great deal of useful information about modern science and invention.

16—The \$30,000 Bequest.—By Mark Twain. This book is a collection of short stories; like everything that comes from the pen of this author. This book is well worth reading.

17—The Invasion of 1910.—The title is sufficient to attract the reader

18—The House of Defence.—By F. Benson.—Is a very good story, dealing with a morphine fiend. The interest is well sustained and many of the situations are dramatic.

19—Bimbi.—Stories for children. Decidedly entertaining and charming as well as being instructive on many subjects of art.

20—Legends Children Ought to Know.—An instructive and entertaining book, telling of events in history and literature in a pleasant way.

21—The Heart that Knows.—By Chas. G. L. Roberts. It is a pathetic story which arouses our sympathy and charity towards others.

ishness which lay at the root of many of the most picturesque, but in some of the Japanese islands the quaintest marriage formalities are observed.

In houses wherein reside one or more daughters of a marriageable age an empty flowerpot of an ornamental character is encircled by a ring and suspended from the window or veranda by three light chains.

The Juliets of Japan are, of course, as attractive to the Romeos as those of other lands. But instead of serenades by moonlight and other delicate ways of making an impression it is etiquette for the Japanese lover to approach the dwelling of his lady bearing some choice plant in his hand, which he boldly, but, let us hope, reverently, proceeds to plant in the empty vase.

This takes place at a time when he is fully assured that both mother and daughter are at home, neither of whom, of course, is at all conscious that the young man is taking such a liberty with the flowerpot outside their window. This act of placing a pretty plant in the empty flowerpot is equivalent to a formal proposal to the young lady who dwells within.

The youthful gardener, having settled his plant to his mind, retires, and the lady is free to act as she pleases. If he is the right man she takes every care of the gift, waters it and tends it carefully with her own hands, that all the world may see the donor is accepted as a suitor. But if he is not a favorite or if stern parents object the poor plant is torn from the vase and the next morning lies limp and withered on the veranda or on the path below.—McCall's Magazine.

Cannes, the perfume making town of southern France, smells so powerfully of flowers in the busy season that visitors are often afflicted with a flower headache.

seeds together. White wines are made by fermenting juice alone. In the skins and seeds there is a lot of tannin, and red wine contains much tannin, while white wine contains none. This tannin, an astringent, closes the pores of the stomach and prevents the alcohol in the red wine from entering the blood freely and going, as the saying is, to the head. White wine, champagne for instance, has no tannin, and hence its intoxicating properties are much more keenly to be feared than those of the tannin filled red wine."

### Industrious Chinese Children.

The Chinese are a wonderfully industrious people, and their children learn very early to make themselves useful. In the streets of a Chinese town it is no uncommon sight to see two children who are so young that they can hardly talk trotting along with a bamboo pole on their shoulders, by which they are carrying home a pail of water. If one child is stronger than the other the pole is hung near his shoulder, for thus he takes the "heavy end of the pole."

### Fame and Fortune.

"That young physician is working hard."

"Yes," answered the veteran practitioner. "He is on the track of a discovery that will mean fame and fortune. He is trying to invent a new name that will make some old ailment fashionable."

### Barely Remembered.

"I suppose your late uncle didn't fail to remember you in his will," said the sympathetic friend.

"You can hardly call it a remembrance," replied the poor relation. "It was more like a faint recollection."

difficult may be wooed, the indifferent interested, the antagonistic converted by a proper use of the types. The newspaper must be pressed into service as the merchant's spokesman. No other medium can so effectively present his cause.

## HIS WIFE'S LUNGS BOTH AFFECTED

But the Great Consumptive Preventative brought Health and Happiness to his Home

"Our doctor said there was no cure for my wife as both her lungs were affected," says Mr. L. H. Walter, of Pearl Street, Brockville, Ont. "It was a sad disappointment to us both, just starting out in life, only married a short time. But before she had finished the first bottle of Psychine the pain in her lungs quickly went away, and after taking six bottles Mrs. Walter was a new creature and perfectly well again."


That is just one of the many families into which Psychine has brought hope, health and happiness. It is a living proof that Psychine cures Consumption. But don't wait for Consumption. Cure your LaGrippe, your Cough, your Bronchitis, your Catarrh, or your Pneumonia with the remedy that never fails—

## PSYCHINE

(Pronounced Si-keen)

50c. Per Bottle

Larger sizes \$1 and \$2—all druggists.  
DR. T. A. SLOCUM, Limited, Toronto.



# Anæmia

**Was Weak, Debilitated and Anæmic**  
**Bileans Made Her Well**

Miss E. Reed, of Kingston, (Ont.), has proved how to those run down, debilitated and anæmic, Bileans come as an unspeakable blessing. She says:—"I was ill, anæmic, my blood was impoverished, and I was altogether run down. My food did not seem to do me any good. I had pains in the chest, was nervous and miserable. I tried first one thing and then another,

but nothing seemed able to give me back my lost strength. Such was my state when Bileans were brought to my notice. The first few doses of this herbal remedy relieved me somewhat, and a little perseverance with their use restored me to health. Bileans are a splendid remedy, and I cannot speak too highly of them.

**Bileans are also a Cure for**

Indigestion, constipation, piles, female ailments and irregularities, liver chill, rheumatism, kidney disease, blood impurities, wind spasms, pains in the chest and between the shoulders, liver congestion, biliousness, sick headache, etc. Send one cent to the Bilean Co., Toronto, and free sample box will be mailed you. All druggists sell at 50c. a box, or post free from the Company upon receipt of price (6 boxes for \$2.50).

# Bileans for Biliousness



# COLTSFOOTE

**COLTSFOOTE**  
Colds, Whooping Cough, Croup, Coughs  
of every description and character,  
lung troubles, Asthma, Sore  
throats, etc., are all cured by this  
safe and permanent remedy.  
or sale by all dealers.  
only 25 cents a Bottle.

On all sides we receive thousands of  
testimonials from grateful people  
expressing their appreciation of—

# COLTSFOOTE EXPECTORANT

## IN COURT.

An old sailor was being examined in an assault case by a cute lawyer, who questioned his veracity regarding a matter of time.

"You had no watch, and yet you are positive that the defendant was only ten minutes absent. I doubt if you are able to estimate ten minutes of time correctly," he said.

"Try me," said the old tar.

The lawyer drew his watch from his pocket, and said, "When I call out 'Now,' you allow ten minutes to pass, and when it is up call out 'Time's up.'"

The old salt nodded, and the lawyer called out "Now." Slowly the time passed, and the lawyer with watch in hand tried to wheedle him into an admission, that time was up. The sailor paid no heed, and exactly at the end of the ten minutes shouted "Time's up." The bewildered lawyer turned round confused at the Court's loud laughter, and his eyes lighted on the court-room clock behind him, which had assisted the old sailor in his task.

## A CRIPPLE CURED.

Helpless and Bent with Rheumatism—  
Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

"I was a helpless cripple. I was bent in form and could not straighten up. Crutches were my only means of moving about. I tried many medicines, but they all failed until I began using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills—they cured me." George Schaw, of Short Beach, N. S., made the above almost startling statement to a reporter a few days ago. Mr. Schaw is now a well built man strong and broad shouldered. Like thousands of other Nova Scotians, he is a fisherman, and is consequently exposed to all kinds of weather, just the conditions to set the rheumatism poison in the blood at work. Mr. Schaw adds: "It is impossible to overrate the severity of the attack. The trouble was located in my back and right hip. I had to quit work and was mostly indoors. There was a time when I never expected to stand erect again, but Dr. Williams' Pink Pills straightened me up again, not only that, but they made me the strong, hearty man you see me today. I can never describe the awful pain I suffered before I used these pills. I tried many medicines and had treatment from several doctors, but to no avail. My legs became so stiff that in order to move at all I had to use crutches. Finally the doctors decided that I was incurable, and told me they could render no further assistance. I continued to suffer day and night, and then came the turning point of my life. A friend from a distance came to see me and it was from him I learned that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were a great cure for rheumatism. At once I got a supply

## A NEW ISLAND WAS MADE

ONCE SAID TO HAVE BEEN THROWN  
UP NEAR ALASKA.

U. S. Revenue Cutter Visits It, and Gave  
It the Name Perry Island—  
Made a Landing On It.

The Technical World gives the following description of an island said to have been cast up by an earthquake near Alaska: Early in May some fishermen brought the news to Dawson City that a small island had suddenly arisen from the ocean.

This new island was "born" on or about the 18th of last April—that fateful date so memorable in the history of San Francisco. At first the stranger island was only a few hundred feet above the ocean's level, but it kept gradually rising, until it is now estimated to be nearly 700 feet high.

As it is comparatively a small island the sides are very steep—in places almost vertical. It was terrifically hot—some of it in a semi-molten state—and naturally the heat made a vast commotion in the sea. For a long distance in all directions the waters were heated to a boiling temperature.

## FAST CLOUDS OF STEAM

Constantly arose from the surface of the sea, totally obscuring at times the view of the island.

At first the new island itself sent forth blinding clouds of smoke and stifling fumes, so that the fishermen dared not approach the rugged and abrupt shores.

These were the reports that were first brought down to Dawson City. Credence was not at first given to these fishermen stories, but investigations made later proved beyond all doubt that a new island had suddenly arisen above the ocean. That it was a volcanic island—the outlet to subterranean fires—was quickly true.

Several vessels early visited the newly created island, but none of them ventured very near. More recently the U. S. revenue cutter Perry visited the island—in fact, has made several visits and made some casual investigations.

Some photographs were taken by an officer of the Perry when the island was still very hot. By virtue of being the first living creature to set foot on this new-born island, the officers gave this, the latest of the Aleutian Islands, the name of "Perry Island."

## AN APPROPRIATE CHRISTENING.

Perry Island is now one of the Bogoslof group of the Aleutian Islands. It is situated between Fina Island and Castle

# DARE HE?

## OR, A SAD LIFE STORY

### CHAPTER VIII.—(Continued).

A sudden instinct, with which his will has nothing to do, makes him flash a look back at Mrs. Le Marchant, as if to gauge the effect produced upon her by his betrothed; and, following her glance, he finds that it is resting on Cecilia. She thinks that he is engaged to Cecilia. The mistake is intolerable to him, and yet a second's reflection tells him that it is a natural one. In a second he sees his Amelia as she presents herself to a strange eye. Miss Wilson is only thirty-one, but upon her has already come that set solid look of middle age, which overtakes some women before they are well over the borders of youth, and which other women manage to slave off till they are within near hail of forty. Yes; the mistake is quite a natural one. Most people would suppose that the showy Cecilia, still fairly youthful, and with so many obvious and well-produced "points," must be his choice; and yet, as I have said, the idea that anyone should credit him with her ownership is intolerable to him.

"Here she is!" he cries precipitately. "The one to the right side, the other is her sister; may I—may I present them to you?"

Perhaps it is his irritated fancy that dictates the idea, but it seems to him as if he detected a sort of surprise in Mrs. Le Marchant's face, when he effects the introduction he has proposed, and to which she accedes courteously, after a pause of hesitation about as long as had followed his inquiry of Elizabeth as to their address.

Five minutes later they have all sauntered out again on the terrace, and Burgoyne is again leaning on the wall; but this time he has no fear of hearing of Bayswater, for it is Elizabeth who is beside him. Since last he looked at it half an hour ago, a sort of glorification has passed over the divine view. Down where the river twists through the plain country, there is a light dainty mist, but the mountains have put on their fullest glory. They are not green, or brown, or purple, or blue; but clad in that ineffable raiment woven by the sun, that defies our weak vocabulary to provide it with a name. A little snow-chain lies on the sun-warmed neck of Morello, and along the tops of the further Apennines, right against the acute blue of the heavens, lies a line of snow, that looks like a fleecy-soft cloud resting from its journeyings, on their crests; but it is no cloud, nor is there any speck upon the gigantic complete arch that over-arches town and valley and radiant mountains. In the folds of these last, the shadows slumber; but over all the city is the great gold glory of spring. The one thing in Florence that frowns among so many smiles is the scowling Pitti, and that, from here, is invisible. Nearer to him against the azure, stand the solemn flame-shaped cypresses arow, and beside them—as unlike as life to death—a band of quivering poplars, a sort of transparent gold-green in their young spring livery. The air is so clear that one can go high to counting the marbles on the Duomo walls. In a more transparent amber light, fuller of joy and gaiety, cannot the saved be dancing around, as in Fra Angelico's divine picture? cannot they be walking in the New Jerusalem

there this afternoon, and I did not want to ring at the wrong bell."

A short silence. Jim's head is partly hidden by his Galignani.

"Did Miss or Mrs. Le Marchant ask you to call?"

Byng laughs.

"Both of them are as innocent of it as the babe unborn!"

"You asked yourself then?" (in a snubbing voice).

Byng nods.

"And she said yes?"

The plural pronoun has dropped out of sight, but neither of them perceives it. The younger man shakes his sleek head. Jim lays down his paper with an air of decision.

"If she did not say 'Yes'—if she said 'No,' he begins, with an accent of severity, 'I fail to understand—'"

"She did not say 'No,'" interrupts Byng, still half laughing, and yet reddening as well. "She began to say it; but I suppose that I looked so broken-hearted—I am sure I felt it—that she stopped."

As Jim makes no rejoinder, he continues by-and-by:

"After all, she can but send me away. One is always being sent away" (Jim wishes he could think this truer than he does); "but now and again one is not sent, and those are the times that pay for the others! I'll risk it."

There is a hopeful ring in his voice as he ends, and again a pause comes, broken a third time by the younger man.

"Come, now, Jim"—looking with a straight and disarming good-humor into his friend's overcast countenance—"speak up! Do you know of any cause or impediment why I should not?"

Thus handsomely and fairly appealed to, Burgoyne, who is by nature a just man, begins to put his conscience through her paces as to the real source of his dislike to the idea of his companion's taking advantage of that introduction which he himself has been the means—however unwillingly—of procuring for him. It is true that Byng's mother had adjured him, with tears in her eyes, to preserve her boy from undesirable acquaintances; but can he, Burgoyne, honestly say that he looks upon Elizabeth Le Marchant as an undesirable acquaintance for any one? The result of his investigations is the discovery of how infinitesimal a share in his motives regard for his young friend's welfare he had. The discovery is no sooner made than he acts upon it.

"My dear boy," he says—and to his credit says it heartily—"I see no earthly reason why you should not go; you could not make nicer friends."

"Then why will not you come too?" asks Byng, with boyish generosity.

The other shakes his head. "They had much rather I stayed away; they have taken me en grippe."

"Pooh! Nonsense! You fancy it."

"I think not"—speaking slowly and thoughtfully—"I am not a fanciful person, nor apt to imagine that my acquaintances bother their heads about me one way or another; but when people try their best, in the first instance, to avoid recognizing you at all, and on every subsequent occasion endeavor to disappear as soon as you come in sight, it is not a very forced assumption that they are not exactly greedy for your society."

This reasoning is so close that Byng is for the moment silenced; and it is the other who shortly resumes:

"I think it is because I remind them of

was incurable, and told me they could render no further assistance. I continued to suffer day and night, and then came the turning point of my life. A friend from a distance came to see me and it was from him I learned that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were a great cure for rheumatism. At once I got a supply and began to use them. The first indication that they were helping me was when the pain grew less severe. In a few weeks more the swelling in my legs and hips began to leave, then my joints seemed to loosen up, and then it was not long until my crutches were thrown aside and I could straighten up. Then I began to go out doors and soon was able to resume my work as well as ever. Since that time I have never been troubled with rheumatism or lame back. I can tell you my neighbors were all astonished at my cure; they had all thought I would always be a cripple."

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#### PLUCKED BY MACHINERY.

Chickens are now plucked in a wholesale manner by the use of pneumatic machinery. There is a receptacle in which the fowl is placed after being killed, and into this are turned several cross currents of air from electrical fans revolving at the rate of 5,000 turns per minute. In the twinkling of an eye the bird is stripped of its feathers, even to the finest particles of down, and the machine is ready for another.

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#### METALLIC AFFECTION.

Gadys—"What type of men do you prefer?"

Edith—"Tin types; if he hasn't got the tin I have no use for him."



new-born island, the officers gave this, the latest of the Aleutian Islands, the name of "Perry Island"—

#### AN APPROPRIATE CHRISTENING.

Perry Island is now one of the Bogaslof group of the Aleutian Islands. It is situated between Fire Island and Castle Rock Island—both comparatively recent arrivals as geologists reckon time. Castle Rock poked its rugged nose above the sea in 1779. Fire Island's birthday was in 1883.

Perry Island is located about 60 miles west of the town of Unalaska, and though gradually cooling, is probably one of the hottest places on earth today. However, in spite of the heat and the fact that the surface of the island was still soft, the officers of the Perry ventured ashore, and with great difficulty and no little peril one of them succeeded in climbing almost to the summit, nearly 700 feet above sea level.

The new island in shape closely resembles a stupendous beehive, with a base about 900 feet in diameter. From numerous fissures steam, smoke, and sulphurous fumes constantly rise in columns, which continue to form a cloud that is visible for more than 30 miles.

#### BABY'S HEALTH.

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#### THE "UPPER TEN" OF SERVANTS.

There is nothing at all to be ashamed of in being a domestic servant of any grade, while certain of the domestic servants in the most palatial houses hold positions which the average bank manager and his wife would envy. In many great households the head servants have servants of their own, and their quarters are as well arranged, and almost as handsomely furnished as those of their master and mistress. It is quite common, for instance, for the housekeeper in a millionaire's establishment to have a complete suite of rooms of her own, comprising reception-room, drawing-room, dining-room, three bedrooms, beautiful bath-room fitted in marble, and kitchen-scully, and she can entertain friends, even for weeks together, just as though she were living in her own suburban villa. There is even a good stretch of well-kept garden reserved for her use. To all the upper servants in such establishments the bare suggestion of preparing their own meals or doing any of the domestic work attaching to their own apartments would be quite horrifying. They take expensive seats at theatres, dress lavishly, and rarely condescend to walk in the streets or even to ride in a cheap public conveyance.

#### RED MAN'S SIGNATURE.

Red Indian chiefs treating with the American Government now have to append their thumb-prints to the documents, instead of cross-marks as hitherto. The reason is that chiefs have frequently repudiated the cross-marks and the obligations involved. The first document has just been signed by thumb-print. It was a treaty between the Government and the Umatilla Indians of Washington to allow cattle to cross the Indian reservation unharmed.

The air is so clear that one can go high to counting the marbles on the Duomo walls. In a more transparent amber light, fuller of joy and gaiety, cannot the saved be dancing around, as in Fra Angelico's divine picture? cannot they be walking in the New Jerusalem of St. John's great dream? Only in the New Jerusalem there are no galled and trembling-kneed fiacre horses.

Elizabeth is sitting on the wall, her light figure—is it possible that it has been in the world only four years less than Amelia's solid one?—half supported by one small grey hand outspread on the stone; her little fine features are tremulous with emotion, and half a tear gathered again in each sweet eye. As Jim looks at her, a sort of cold covetous gripe pinches his heart.

"What a woman with whom to look at all earth's lovelinesses—with whom to converse without speech!"

Even as he so thinks, she turns her head towards him, and, drawing in her breath with a long low sigh, says:

"Oh, how glad I am I did not die before to-day!"

Her eyes are turned towards him, and yet, as once before, he realizes that it is not to him that either her look or her thoughts are directed. Both are aimed at an object over his shoulder, and, as before, that object is Byng. Byng too has been gazing at the view. There are tears in Byng's eyes also. Stephenson says some women like a man who cries. Byng cries easily and genuinely, and enjoys it; and, as he is a remarkably fine young man, there is something piquant in the contrast between his wet blue orbs and his shoulders.

As Burgoyne rolls home that afternoon in his fiacre, as before, placed opposite Amelia, his mental vision is no longer fixed upon a "double-barrelled, central-fire, breech-loading gun;" it is fixed with a teasing tenacity upon the figure of a smallish woman, perennially looking, through brilliant tears, over his shoulder at somebody else.

#### CHAPTER IX.

"Was it 12, or 12 Bis, Piazza d'Azeglio?"

There are no tears in Byng's eyes as he asks this question next morning—asks it of his friend, as the latter sits in the fumoir, with an English paper in his hands, and a good cigar between his clean-shaven lips. It has struck him several times lately that he will have to give up good cigars, and take to a churchwarden pipe and shag instead. But, so far, the churchwarden and the shag remain in the future.

"12 or 12 Bis, Piazza d'Azeglio?" inquires Byng.

"Was what 12 or 12 Bis?" replies his friend, with a somewhat obviously intentional obtuseness; but Byng is far too thoroughly healthy and happy a young animal this morning to take offense easily.

"I mean Miss Le Marchant's address," he answers, explaining as amiably as if he had not been perfectly aware that it was only "cussedness" that had dictated the query.

There is a slight pause. Burgoyne would like to answer that he does not remember—would like still more to answer that he does not see what business it can be of Byng's; but, since he is not destitute of common sense, a second's reflection shows him that he has no good reason for either the lie or the incivility, so he replies, pretty calmly, with his eyes still on his leading article:

"I believe Miss Le Marchant said 12 Bis."

Having obtained the information he wanted, and finding his companion not conversationally disposed, Byng is moving away again, when he is arrested by Jim's voice, adding to the intelligence he has just given the monosyllable:

"Why?"

"Why what?" asks Byng, returning readily, and laughingly mimicking the intentional obtuseness so lately practiced on himself by the other.

"Why did you ask?"

"I am thinking of paying my respects

subsequent occasion—never to disappear, as soon as you come in sight, it is not a very forced assumption that they are not exactly greedy for your society."

This reasoning is so close that Byng is for the moment silenced; and it is the other who shortly resumes:

"I think it is because I remind them of the past; they have evidently some unpleasant association of ideas with that past. I wonder what it is."

The latter clause is addressed more to himself than to Byng.

"Perhaps some of them have died, or come to grief, and they are afraid of your asking after them," suggests the younger man.

"On the contrary—they are all—one more flourishing than another."

"Well, I would give them one more trial, anyhow; I am sure they would come round. Give them time, and I am sure they would come round!" cries Byng sanguinely, adding, "What could have been pleasanter than Mrs. Le Marchant's manner when you presented her to Miss Wilson?"

The mention of Miss Wilson recalls to Jim the extremely unpleasant moment of that presentation, thus brought back to him—the moment when Amelia had looked so middle-aged, and Cecilia so flashy—recalls to him also the conviction that has been growing upon him since yesterday, of the more than wisdom, the absolute imperative duty on his part, of avoiding a repetition of that comparison which had forced itself upon his notice in the church of San Miniato.

"You had better come," persists Byng still, like a magnanimous child holding out half his cake to his friend; whether, like the same child, with a semi-hope that it may be refused, or whether, on the other hand, it may have crossed his mind that, where there are two visitors, the chances of a tele-a-tele are improved by there being also two visitors.

"My dear boy," returns Jim, this time with a testiness handsomely streaked with irony, "you are really too obliging; but, even if I wished it—which I do not—or even if they wished it—which they do not—it is in this case quite impossible, as I am engaged to go shopping with Amelia."

Probably the blow is not a knock-down one to Byng; at all events he bears the rebuff with his habitual healthy good temper, and goes off to put on a smarter tie. Burgoyne, thinking no such improvement in his toilette necessary, strolls away to the Anglo-American. It is true that he has covenanted to escort Amelia to the shop for Cantagalli ware, though there is no particular reason why, had he so wished it, the purchase of the dinner service that is to grace their Bayswater symposia might not have been deferred for twenty-four hours; and, indeed, as things turn out, it has to be so deferred.

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## BETTER UNDERWEAR

As he opens the door of the Wilson's sitting-room, his future father-in-law brushes past him, with evident signs of discomposure all over his clerical figure and spectacled face; and on entering, he finds equal, if not superior, marks of upset equanimity on the countenances of three women that are the room's occupants. Over the wood fire—Sybilla alternately roasts and freezes her family, and this is one of her roasting days—Cecilia is stooping, in evident search of some object that has been committed, or tried to be committed, to the flames. The other two are looking on with an air of vexed interest. Sybilla is the first to address him.

"You have appeared at a not very happy moment," she says, with a sigh; "we have been having a family breeze; it has sent my temperature up nicely! It is 100, 100, Point 2."

The mention of Sybilla's temperature is always enough to put Jim in a rage. It is therefore in no very feeling tone that he returns:

"If it were 1,000, Point 99, I should not be surprised, in this atmosphere! Good heavens, Cis, are not you hot enough already?"

The young lady thus apostrophized rises, with some precipitation, and with a very heated complexion, from her knees, holding in her hand, however, the object of her quest—a rather charred small parcel, done up in white paper, and with a fragment of white ribbon still adhering here and there to it.

"Father behaves so childishly," she says, with irritated unattractiveness.

"You must own that it was enough to provoke him," strikes in Amelia's mild voice.

"What was enough to provoke him? How has he shown his childishness? For Heaven's sake, some of you explain!" cries Jim impatiently, looking from one to the other.

But with this request none of the three appears in any hurry to comply. There is a distinct pause before Cecilia, seeing that neither of her seniors shows any signs of relieving her of the burden of explanation, takes that burden upon herself.

"The fact is," she says, setting her little rescued packet on the table beside her, and beginning to fan herself, "that Mr. Dashwood, the man to whom I was engaged, has chosen to marry. I am sure—with a shrug—"no one has the least desire to deny his perfect right to do so; and this morning there arrived by post a bit of his wedding cake! I suppose he meant it civilly; but father chose to take it as an insult to himself, and, though it was addressed to me, he threw it into the fire. I am very fond of wedding cake; so, as soon as father's back was turned, I fished it out again!"

Jim laughs, with more vigor perhaps than heartfelt amusement.

"Bravo, Cis! You are a real philosopher! We might all learn a lesson from you."

"What have you done with your nice friend?" asks Sybilla, languidly. "Amelia, dear, this couvre-pied is slipping off me again. What a sympathetic

to choose crockery, was I not? Am I not?"

Amelia's answer is conveyed by a series of nods and winks executed behind her sisters' backs, which he presently understands to imply that she desires a private interview. It is not immediately that he grasps what she is driving at, since dumb-show is often puzzling to the person at whom it is aimed, though clear as day to the dumb-shower. As soon, however, as he masters what her wish is, he hastens to comply with it; and five minutes later finds them tete-a-tete in the hideous little dining-room which had been the scene of their reunion, and of many after-meetings.

"I could not say so, of course, before her," remarks Miss Wilson, as soon as they are out of earshot, or she might have insisted upon my going. She is very unselfish sometimes; but the fact is, I do not think I ought to leave Sybilla again to-day. You see, she was alone the whole of yesterday afternoon; and when we came back we found her in a very low way. She had been reading her book of prescriptions which she has had for the last ten years bound up together—and we rather dread her bringing it out, as she always fancies she is going to have the disease prescribed for."

"Humph!"

"And, after all, happiness ought not to make one selfish, ought it?" says Amelia, with a gentle sigh of abnegation, as she ruffles her pale-haired head against his coat sleeve. "I have so much of you now—oh, so much!—not to speak of—"

"Cecilia, of course, is incapacitated by grief?" interrupts Jim brusquely. "She mountains like another fair one. But your father? He will be at home, will he not?"

"Yes, he will be at home," replies Amelia, slowly and doubtfully, as if not finding a very satisfactory solution in this suggested arrangement; "but, as you know, it never answers to leave father and Sybilla alone together for long. You see, he does not believe there is anything the matter with her; he thinks that she is as well as you or I" (a gush of warm feeling towards his father-in-law rushes over Jim's heart); "and though he tries to prevent himself from showing it to her, yet I am afraid, poor dear, that he is not very successful."

Jim laughs.

"And to-day," continues Amelia, "he is naturally a good deal upset about Cecilia, and that wedding cake; it was very impertinent to send it, was not it, though she does not seem to see it? I hope—with a wistful smile, and a repetition of the fond friction of her head against his sleeve—"that when you throw me over—"

This is a hypothesis, suggested with perhaps unwise frequency by poor Miss Wilson, which never fails to exasperate Jim.

"If we are going to talk nonsense," he breaks in brusquely, and with no attempt to return or reward her caressing gesture, "I may as well go."

"Go to the Piazza d'Azeglio," says she coaxingly, her spirits raised by the harshness of tone of his interruption of her speech, and half persuading herself that it owes its birth to the supposition being too painful to be faced by him.

He looks at her strangely for a moment, then—

"Why do you wish me to go to the Piazza d'Azeglio?" he asks, in a tone that is no longer overtly cross, only constrained and odd. "Why are you driving me there?"

"Because I think you would like it," she answers; "because"—taking his hand and passing her lips, which he feels to be trembling a little, very gently over the back of it—"because all through your life I want you to have exactly what you like, always."

He draws his hand away; not unkindly, but as if shocked at the humility of her action.

"That is so likely," he says, mournfully.

(To be continued).

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Mr. G. L. Stephenson, of Peterborough, says: "For over ten years I suffered constantly with Piles, first itching, then Bleeding; pain almost unbearable; life a burden. Tried everything in vain until I used Dr. Leach's Pile Remedy."

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the sides and at the back, and I have an

pher! We might all learn a lesson from you."

"What have you done with your nice friend?" asks Sybilla, languidly.

"Amelia, dear, this couvrepied is slipping off me again. What a sympathetic voice he has! I am sure he has been a great deal with sick people."

"I left him putting on his best tie to go out calling. No, calm yourself, Cecilia, not on you; it is not your turn to-day."

"Whose turn is it, then?" asks the girl, with an interest not at all blunted by the mortifying incident of the cake, which, indeed, she has begun to nibble with apparent relish.

Jim hesitates a second—a second during which it strikes him with a shock that he already finds a difficulty in pronouncing Elizabeth Le Marchant's name. He manages to evade the necessity even now by a circumlocution.

"I believe it is the Piazza d'Azeglio upon which that luminary is to shine."

"Is he going to see that lovely creature to whom you introduced me yesterday?" cries Amelia, with good-natured enthusiasm. "I heard her telling him that she lived in the Piazza d'Azeglio. Oh, Jim, how pretty she is! One ought to pay for being allowed to look at her."

Many women, whose plainness is uncontested, are able to be just to their better-favored sisters; but Amelia is more than just—she is lavishly generous.

Burgoyne rewards her with an affectionate look—a look such as would make her swear that, besides Miss Le Marchant, as beside Dumain's fair love,

"Juno but an Ethiop were!"

"She looks as if she had had a history; that always improves a woman's appearance," says Cecilia pensively, holding a fragment of the fateful cake suspended in air, and regarding it with a melancholy eye. "Has she?"

"I never asked her."

"Why did not you go too?" inquires Amelia, judiciously striking in, as is her habit, as often as she perceives that her younger sister is beginning to get too obviously upon her own fiancée's nerves; a catastrophe which something in the tone of his last remark tells her—though she does not quite understand why it should be imminent. "They are old friends of yours, are not they? They may be hurt if they find that a perfect stranger like Mr. Byng is in a greater hurry to visit them than you are."

Before Burgoyne's mental vision rises a picture of Elizabeth's heavenly eye wandering indifferently over the dear old friend's shoulder to find its home in that of the perfect stranger. But he says kindly, and even playfully:

"Why did not I go too? Because I was under the impression that I was engaged to go with another lovely being

**iza, whichever you like  
the most weakening**

**Ision, which is Cod  
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reatest strength-builder  
ence.**

**ested that it sinks into  
new blood and new fat,  
rves and muscles.**

**Emulsion after**

**Coughs and Colds.**

**\$1.50c. AND \$1.00.**

her action.

"That is so likely," he says, mournfully.

(To be continued).

**BE SURE YOU GET THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS HAD.** "The D & L" Menthol Plaster. For rheumatism, neuralgia, etc., nothing is better. Made only by Davis & Lawrence Co.

Miss Antiqua—"And did he say he remembered me when I was a girl?"

Youngman—"No; he said he remembered you when he was a boy."

**ITCH, Mange, Prairie Scratches and every form of contagious Itch on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails.**

**HOG'S HOLLOW.**

An old lady living not far from Toronto retired early one Sunday evening, leaving her daughter to entertain two city men. From time to time she called down, "Are they gone yet?" The answer was always "No," until finally one of the visitors suggested that they answer "Yes," and hear what she would say. It was—

"Wasn't them boys hogs on the butter at supper?"

**Heart relief in half an hour.**—A lady in New York State, writing of her cure by Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart, says: "I feel like one brought back from the dead, so great was my suffering from heart trouble and so almost miraculous my recovery through the agency of this powerful treatment. I owe my life to it."—19

"If Nature had made me an ostrich," said old Grouch, "I suppose I could eat your cooking." "That would be very nice," answered his imperturbable spouse; "then I could get some plumes for my hat."

You cannot be happy while you have corns. Then do not delay in getting a bottle of Holloway's Corn Cure. It removes all kinds of corns without pain. Failure with it is unknown.

"A jealous girl, that Elsie." "How is that?" "I told her four weeks ago in the strictest confidence that I was secretly engaged, and up to now she hasn't told a single person."

**TONS OF IRON** consumed each year in medicine. In **Dr. Williams' Pink Pills**, the best tonic, it is so cleverly manipulated that the weak and sickly get all possible nourishment and benefit from it.

One of the things a conceited youth can't understand is how any girl can be so foolish as to turn him down for some other chap.

**When Rheumatism doubles a man up** physician and sufferer alike lose heart and often despair of a cure, but here's the exception. Wm. Perry of Norwood, Ont., says: "I was nearly doubled up with rheumatism. I got three bottles of South American Cure and they cured me. It's the quickest acting medicine I ever saw."—18

Somehow the bargains a woman acquires seldom look like bargains a few days later, when she has occasion to visit another store.

**A Successful Medicine.**—Everyone wishes to be successful in any undertaking in which he may merge. It is therefore, extremely gratifying to the proprietors of Parnelee's Vegetable Pills to know that their efforts to compound a medicine which would prove a blessing to mankind have been successful beyond their expectations. The endorsement of these Pills by the public is a guarantee that a pill has been produced which will fulfil everything claimed for it.

"For goodness' sake, what's that noise?" "The girl next door is having her voice cultivated." "Apparently the process of cultivation has reached the harrowing season."

**WANTED.**

Ladies to do plain and light sewing at home, whole or spare time; good pay; send stamp for full particulars. National Manufacturing Company. Montreal.

**AFTER TEN YEARS.**

Mr. G. L. Stephenson, of Peterborough, says: "For over ten years I suffered constantly with Piles, first itching, then Bleeding; pain almost unbearable; life a burden. Tried everything in vain. I used Dr. Leonhardt's Hem-Roid. I had taken but a few doses when I began to notice an improvement. Now I am completely cured."

A \$1,000 guarantee with every box of Hem-Roid. \$1. All dealers, or The Wilson-Fyle Co., Limited Niagara Falls, Ont.

First Lawyer: "How did you come out in settling up old Gotrox's estate?"

Second Lawyer: "It was a hard struggle." First Lawyer: "Really?" Second Lawyer: "Yes, I had to work hard to keep the heirs from getting part of the estate."

**Trial Proves its Excellence.**—The best testimonial one can have of the virtue of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil in the treatment of bodily pains, coughs, colds and affections of the respiratory organs, is a trial of it. If not found the sovereign remedy it is reputed to be, then it may be rejected as useless, and all that has been said in its praise denounced as untruthful.

China and Japan are pre-eminently the seaweed-eating nations of the world. Among no other people are seaweeds so extensively eaten and relished as food substances.

**LAZY OLD SORES**, painful and disfiguring, will not linger long after treatment with Weaver's Cerate has been begun. Also, cleanse the blood with Weaver's Syrup.

A woman always believes a man when he declares he loves her, even though she doesn't believe anything else he says.

**Eyes and Nose ran Water.**—C. G. Archer, of Brexler, Maine, says: "I have had catarrh for several years. Water would run from my eyes and nose for days at a time. About four months ago I was induced to try Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, and since using the wonderful remedy I have not had an attack. It relieves in ten minutes." 50 cents.—17

**Drill-Sergeant** (to awkward squad) — "The bullet of our new rifle will go right through eighteen inches of solid wood!" Remember that, you block-heads!

Help your children grow strong and robust by counteracting anything that causes ill-health. One great cause of disease in children is worms. Remove them with Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. It never fails.

**FALLING OUT OF THE HAIR.**

**Why Men Go Bald So Much Sooner**

A question that often arises and is seldom answered twice in the same way is as to why the hair falls out on the top of the head and not at the back or on the sides. The old-fashioned theory is that baldness occurs within the lines marked by a man's hat, and as nobody has ever offered conclusive proof to the contrary, that explanation may be the correct one.

The case was stated not so very long ago to two very intelligent barbers. One of them thought that the reason why baldness occurred at the top of the head was that the brain came closest to the surface there, and this being an age in which many brains are kept going at high tension, the abnormal amount of blood thus carried to the cranium produced a kind of fever in the upper scalp. Fevers, as is well known, often result in the falling out of the hair.

The second barber gave variety to the discussion by enlarging upon the notion that he had formed from the observation and reflection of many years. "You will notice," said he, "that the first hair a baby has comes on the top of the head, and falls out before the child is many weeks old. The hair that comes to stay grows thicker and stronger on

the sides and at the back, and I have an idea that the growth on the top of the head is always the weakest from infancy to old age."

"But how do you account for the fact that women do not grow bald as men do?"

"Account for it! I don't have to account for it," replied the ready-witted barber. "It isn't so. Why, I used to work in an establishment where they had nine chairs in the men's department and eleven in the women's, and I want to tell you that I learnt some things there that the average man—and the average barber, too, for that matter—doesn't know. If you knew any women who have false hair so arranged that nobody can tell it from their own natural tresses, you wouldn't ask why men grow bald and women don't."

**That Cutting Acid** that arises from the stomach and almost strangles, is caused by fermentation of the food in the stomach. It is a foretaste of indigestion and dyspepsia. Take one of Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets immediately after eating, and it will prevent this distress and aid digestion. 60 in a box, 35 cents.—16

He had lent her his stylographic pen and she commenced to write a letter. She—"Oh, it writes beautifully. I declare I'm in love with this pen." He—"I'm in love with the holder." She saw the point.

Often what appear to be the most trivial occurrences of life prove to be the most momentous. Many are disposed to regard a cold as a slight thing, deserving of little consideration, and this neglect often results in most serious ailments entailing years of suffering. Drive out colds and coughs with Bickel's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the recognized remedy for all affections of the throat and lungs.

"Have you any children, Jones?" "Oh, yes! You know Robinson?" "Which Robinson?" "Which Robinson — William?" "Yes." "Know him very well. What's that got to do with it?" "I'm going to tell you. He and I had fifty-one between us." "What are you talking about? You must be crazy! What do you mean?" "It's correct. He lives on one side of the orphan asylum and I on the other!"

**Your Doctor**

Can cure your Cough or Cold, no question about that, but—why go to all the trouble and inconvenience of looking him up, and then of having his prescription filled, when you can step into any drug store in Canada and obtain a bottle of **SHILOH'S CURE** for a quarter.

Why pay two to five dollars when a twenty-five cent bottle of **SHILOH** will cure you as quickly?

Why not do as hundreds of thousands of Canadians have done for the past thirty-four years: let **SHILOH** be your doctor whenever a Cough or Cold appears.

**SHILOH** will cure you, and all druggists back up this statement with a positive guarantee.

The next time you have a Cough or Cold cure it with

**SHILOH**

ISSUE NO. 43-06.



# CHANGES IN THE TARIFF

## A Number of Duties Decreased and Others Increased.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Mr. Fielding delivered his budget speech on Thursday. The new proposition which he presented, gives really five tariffs. They are as follows:—

- First, the general tariff.
- Second, the intermediate tariff.
- Third, the British preference.
- Fourth, the German surtax.
- Fifth, the French treaty tariff.

Three of these tariffs are figured out, and as a consequence we have as a basis of operations a three column schedule. The general tariff, which is applicable to all countries not otherwise provided for, differs from that hitherto in force and as the highest of the three. It decreases a number of duties and increases others. The principal changes are as follows:—

- Manufactures of lead, reduced from 25 per cent. to 30 per cent.
- Silverware, increased from 30 per cent. to 35 per cent.
- Clocks and watches, increased from 25 to 30 per cent.
- Typecasting and typesetting machines, increased from 10 to 20 per cent.
- Mowing machines, harvesters, reapers, binders, reduced from 20 to 17½ per cent.
- Axes, scythes and sickles, reduced from 25 to 22½ per cent.
- Shovels and spades, reduced from 35 to 32½ per cent.
- Telephone and telegraph instruments, raised from 25 to 27½ per cent.
- Confectionery, specific rate of ½ cent. per lb., dropped.
- Silk for neckties, increased from 10 to 30 per cent.
- Silk, manufactures, increased from 35 to 37½ per cent.
- Cardboard reduced from 35 to 25 per cent.
- Playing cards increased from 6 to 8 cents a pack.
- Glue, mullage, etc., increased from 25 to 27½ per cent.
- Perfumery increased from 30 to 35 per cent.
- Gasoline, formerly dutiable at 2½ cents a gallon, now free.
- Building brick and manufactures of clay increased from 20 to 22½ per cent.

- Baths, bath tubs, increased from 30 to 35 per cent.
- Canned meats increased from 25 to 27½ per cent.
- Beans increased from 15 to 25 cents a bushel.
- Peas and buckwheat increased from 10 to 15 cents per bushel.
- Pearl barley increased from 20 per cent. to 30 per cent.
- Vegetables increased from 25 per cent. to 30 per cent.
- Oranges and lemons are made free.
- Coal slack, now dutiable at 14c the short ton in place of varying rates.
- Hats and caps increased from 30 to 35 per cent.
- Satchels, purses, and pocket-books increased from 30 to 35 per cent.
- Collars and cuffs increased from 35 to 37½ per cent.
- Jewelry increased from 30 to 35 per cent.
- Brushes of all kinds increased from 25 to 27½ per cent.

On the old tariff these rates were subject to a discount of one-third if the articles came from Britain. The new scheme abolishes this arrangement and provides instead a special rate for each article. Between the British preference and the general tariff there is a half-way schedule called the intermediate tariff. This tariff is for foreign countries that will reduce their tariff in favor of Canada. It does not come into operation until agreements have been reached on both sides. The general result of the tariff as altered is difficult to estimate, but it is concluded that it will increase the revenues.

Provision is made in the new tariff to prevent dumping and also providing for a surtax on the goods of these nations treating Canada's products on less favorable terms than those of other countries. This means the retention of the surtax on German goods. It is also provided that a case of conspiracy or combine to raise prices to the unfair treatment of the consumer, the tariff barriers may be lowered to an extent which will ensure reasonable competition.

The estimates for the next fiscal year reach the total of \$105,689,519.

# CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

## HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

### Telegraph: Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Occurrence.

#### CANADA.

Indians of Qu'Appelle district raised 50,000 bushels of wheat this season. The Hindoos in Vancouver will not work for \$1.50 a day, but insist on \$1.75. The Niagara Frontier Bridge Company is applying for a charter to bridge Niagara.

The Government has received over one million dollars from the succession duties.

Over nine and one-half miles of new gas mains were laid in Victoria the past year.

Prince Albert, Sask., sawmills will cut sixty million feet of lumber, valued at \$1,200,000, next year.

The C. P. R. was fined \$200 at Swift Current, Sask., for starting a prairie fire by sparks from the engine.

Winnipeg has another extreme. A church pew in the congregation of the Sons of Jacob has been seized for debt.

Bert Wright, yard engine fireman on the C. P. R. at Sudbury, has fallen heir to a business in Bristol, Eng., worth £75,000.

Joseph Miller, a C. P. R. brakeman, was thrown from a train by two tramps near Piapot, Alberta, and nearly died before he was found.

To the end of September the aggregate earnings of the Temiskaming Railway since January first were \$388,300, and the net profits \$144,511.

New Westminster Chinese laundrymen have shut their places up and stand united for an increase in prices for domestic washing.

St. Paul and Vancouver capitalists will erect an eight-storey building in Hastings street, Vancouver, for a new department store venture.

The C. P. R. have purchased the power plant of the Capital Power Company at Deschenes, and it is said will electrify their Pontiac Junction line.

Robert Walker, a young criminal, was sentenced at Montreal on Friday to twenty years imprisonment for shooting Detective Leluquet, who surprised him while robbing a store.

The Lethbridge coal strike was settled at a conference at Indianapolis, on Saturday between Premier Scott, Deputy Minister King and President Mitchell of the Miners' Federation.

The Canadian Northern Railway Company has let or is letting contracts for over four and a half million dollars' worth of rolling stock, and the contracts will keep several Canadian works busy till next fall.

The religious census at Ottawa records that the Anglicans are the strongest Protestant denomination in the city. They had 2,754 families out of the 8,870 in the city. The Presbyterians have four less, and the Methodists 1,666.

Over five thousand boxes of Japanese oranges, the first shipment to arrive this season, were condemned by Provincial Fruit Inspector Thomas Cunningham at Vancouver. No less than five different species of scale and a lot of fungi were found.

#### GREAT BRITAIN.

The Duke and Duchess of Connaught leave England for the east in January. Archdeacon Lloyd has made an appeal in England for five clergymen and fifty-five catechists for work in the west.

The London Daily Mail strongly advocates the appointment of a Canadian Ambassador at Washington.

The British South African Company has offered the Salvation Army a million acres of land in Rhodesia for colonization purposes.

Six of the British stokers who mutilated at Portsmouth have been sentenced

# HEALTH

## CLIMATE AND CONSUMPTION.

Only a few years ago one suffering from consumption was thought to be incurably ill, and doomed to a death which, although perhaps slow, was inevitable. Modern scientific knowledge has changed all that. It is now known that tuberculosis taken in time is quite amenable to treatment, and indeed often gets well of itself without any special effort on the part of patient or physician.

The modern treatment is mainly climatic, that is to say, a removal, if possible, to some part of the world where the climatic conditions are such that the patient can pass most of his time in the open air. But if this were all that is needed the question would be a much more simple one than it really is. It is indeed the main, but not the only thing.

It is desirable also that the place of residence of the consumptive shall be dry, sunny, and free from high winds and dust. Whether it shall be in the mountains or near sea-level, in the so-called temperate zone or in the tropics, is a matter to be determined by circumstances. Some persons prefer warm air to cold; others suffer from heat and feel well in cold weather. Naturally the patient's inclinations are to be consulted in such a case, for it would be cruel and disastrous to send a lover of the tropics to winter in Minnesota, and equally cruel to compel a snowbird to live in the West Indies.

A climate that will be beneficial in one stage of the disease may be harmful in another. Elevated regions, for example, are suitable as a rule only for cases of consumption in the early stages and may aggravate the condition at a later stage, when the patient has had one or more hemorrhages. At a very advanced stage no climate, however ideal, will compensate for the fatigue and dangers of a long journey, and home is the only place.

But after all that can be said for the climatic treatment of consumption, the main thing is the open air, and that one can get without the trouble and expense of travel by simply keeping windows open day and night. It is harder to follow out the open-air treatment in a large city than it is in Colorado or southern California or Jamaica, but it can be done, and no one need forego its benefits while there are windows in walls, or while there is space in which to pitch a tent.—Youth's Companion.

## FOR THE HOME NURSE.

The home nurse should have fresh, clean washgowns, but without enough starch to make them rattle. They should clear the floor by several inches. Her shoes should be the list shoes worn by nuns—at least they should have rubber heels. Her hair should be simply and very neatly arranged, and her hands should be exquisitely cared for.

Creaking shoes, rustling papers, loud whisperings and similar nerve-racking

# THE WORLD'S MARKETS

## REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

### Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

Toronto, Dec. 4. — Flour — Ontario wheat 90 per cent. patents are quoted at \$2.70 in buyers' sacks outside for export. Manitoba first patents, \$4.50; second patents, \$4, and strong bakers', \$3.90, Toronto.

Bran—The market is steady at \$16 to \$16.50 in bulk outside. Shorts are quoted at \$18.50 to \$19 outside.

Bran—Wanted at \$16 outside, without offerings.

Wheat—No. 2 white offered at 77½¢ outside; No. 2 red at 71¢ outside, with 70¢ bid on C.P.R. No. 2 mixed offered at 71¢ C.P.R., without bids. No. 1 Northern, 80½¢ bid on track Point Edward, with sellers at 81¢, November shipment from Fort William.

Barley—No. 3 extra. 50¢ bid east on C.P.R.

Peas—No. 2 wanted at 81¢ outside,

\$20.50; shorts, \$22.50 to \$23; milled moultie, \$21 to \$25 per ton, and straight grain, \$28 to \$30. Provisions—Barrels short cut mess, \$22 to \$24; half-barrels, \$11.75 to \$12.50; clear fat backs, \$23.50; long cut heavy mess, \$20.50; half-barrels do. \$10.75; dry salt long clear bacon, \$12 to 12½¢; barrels plate beef, \$12 to \$13; half-barrels do. \$6.50 to \$7; barrels heavy mess beef, \$11; half-barrels do. \$6; compound lard, 8 to 9½¢; pure lard, 12½ to 13¢; kettle rendered, 13½ to 14¢; hams, 14 to 15½¢; breakfast bacon, 10 to 16¢; Windsor bacon, 15 to 16½¢; fresh killed abattoir dressed hogs, \$9 to \$9.25; alive, \$6.75. Eggs—Sweets, 25¢; No. 1 candled, 21¢. Cheese—Fall made, Ontario, 12½ to 12¾¢; Quebec, 12 to 12½¢. Butter—Choicest creamery, 25 to 25½¢; medium grades, 24 to 24½¢.

## UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Duluth, Dec. 4.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 79¢; No. 2 Northern, 77½¢; December, 77½¢; May, 79½¢; July, 80½¢.

Milwaukee, Dec. 4.—Wheat—Steady; No. 1 Northern, 81 to 82¢; No. 2 Northern, 77 to 81¢; May, 78 to 78½¢ bid. Rye —No. 1, 69 to 69½¢. Barley—No. 2, 55½¢; sample, 43 to 55¢.

Minneapolis, Dec. 4.—Wheat—December, 77½ to 77¾¢; May, 79½¢; July, 80½¢; No. 1 hard, 82½¢; No. 1 Northern, 81½¢; No. 2 Northern, 79½¢; No. 3

# WHOLE TOW

## Three Hundred P Wounded at

A despatch from Dortmund, Germany, says: A "Robur" factory, situated close to the town of Annen, seven miles southwest of here, blew up on Wednesday evening and was wined from the

Northern, 80½¢ bid on track Point Edward, with sellers at 81c, November shipment from Fort William.

Barley—No. 3 extra, 50c bid east on C.P.R.

Peas—No. 2 wanted at 81c outside, without sellers.

Oats—A car of No. 2 white sold at 36½¢ on a 6c rate to Toronto.

Corn—No. 3 American yellow offered at 52c, track, Toronto, with 51c bid, and it also offered at 51½¢ to arrive Toronto, without bids.

#### COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Beans—Hand-picked selling at \$1.50 to \$1.60, and primes at \$1.35.

Honey—Strained quoted at 10 to 12c per lb. and combs at \$2 to \$2.50 per dozen.

Hops—New quoted at 18 to 22c.

Hay—No. 1 timothy scarce, and quoted at \$11 to \$11.25 on truck here; No. 2 quoted at \$8.50.

Straw—\$6.50 to \$7 per ton.

Potatoes—Ontario, 60 to 70c per bag on track, and New Brunswick, 75 to 80c per bag.

Poultry—Turkeys, fresh killed, 12 to 15c; chickens, dressed, 8 to 9c; alive, 6 to 7c per lb; fowl, alive, 4 to 5c; ducks, dressed, 8 to 9c; do, alive, 6 to 7c per lb; geese, dressed, 8 to 10c per lb.

#### THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Pound rolls are quoted at 23 to 24c; tubs, 20 to 22c; large rolls, 20 to 23c; creamery prints sell at 26 to 27c, and solids at 24½ to 25c.

Eggs—Storage, 23c per dozen, and lined 21 to 22c; new laid nominal at 30c.

Cheese—Large cheese, 13½¢, and twins at 14c.

#### HOG PRODUCTS.

Dressed hogs in car lots are unchanged. Bacon, long clear, 11½ to 12c per lb in case lots; mess pork, \$21 to \$21.50; short cut, \$23.

Hams—Light to medium, 15 to 15½¢; do, heavy, 14 to 14½¢; rolls, 12c; shoulders, 11 to 11½¢; backs, 16 to 16½¢; breakfast bacon, 15½ to 16c.

Lard—Treees, 12½¢; tubs, 12½¢; pails, 12½¢.

#### BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, Dec. 4.—Grain—Business in Manitoba wheat continues quiet; No. 2 oats in store are quoted at 42½¢; No. 3, 41½ to 42c; and No. 4, 40½ to 41c. Flour—There was no change in the local flour situation. Manitoba spring wheat, \$1.60; strong bakers', \$1.10; winter wheat patents, \$1.10 to \$1.25; straight rollers, \$1.75 to \$3.80; do, in bags, \$1.65 to \$1.75; extras, \$1.50 to \$1.60. Feed—Manitoba bran, in bags, \$20; shorts, \$22 per ton; Ontario bran, in bags, \$20 to

ern, 77 to 81c; May, 75 to 76c; do, 77 to 81c; May, 75 to 76c. Barley—No. 2, 55½¢; sample, 43 to 55c.

Minneapolis, Dec. 4.—Wheat—December, 77½ to 77¾¢; May, 79¾¢; July, 80¾¢; No. 1 hard, 82¾¢; No. 1 Northern, 81¾¢; No. 2 Northern, 79¾¢; No. 3 Northern, 76½ to 77½¢. Flour—First patents, \$4.30 to \$4.40; second patents, \$4.15 to \$4.25; first clears, \$3.25 to \$3.35; second clears, \$2.40 to \$2.60. Bran—\$17.

#### CATTLE MARKET.

Toronto, Dec. 4.—Another rather light run at the City Cattle Market gave trade a brisk tone this morning.

Export Cattle—Choice, \$4.40 to \$4.60; good, \$4 to \$4.40; cows, \$3.50 to \$3.75; bulls, \$3.50 to \$3.75.

Butcher Cattle—Extra choice, \$4.30 to \$4.50; choice, \$4 to \$4.40; medium, \$3.75 to \$4; common, \$2.75 to \$3.25; bulls, \$3 to \$3.25.

Stockers and Feeders—Choice, \$3.25 to \$3.65; common, \$2.75 to \$3; bulls, \$2 to \$2.25; heavy feeders, \$3.65 to \$3.75; short-keeps, \$3.85 to \$4.10.

Milch Cows—Choice, \$40 to \$50; common, \$25 to \$35; springers, \$25 to \$40. Calves—Unchanged at 2c to 6c per pound.

Sheep and Lambs—Export ewes, \$4.50 to \$4.85; bucks and culls, \$3 to \$3.50; lambs, \$5 to \$6.

Hogs—Unchanged at \$6.10 per cwt. for choice selects and \$6.15 for lights and fats, fed and watered.

#### JAPS ON THROUGH TRAINS.

##### A New Departure Initiated by the Canadian Pacific.

A Montreal despatch says: The Canadian Pacific management will introduce Japanese attendants in the through train service between Montreal and Vancouver. The Japanese will be employed as supplementary to the present train staff, and their functions will be to render a somewhat similar service on first and second class cars to that performed by the porters on sleeping cars. The Japanese staff employed for this purpose will be engaged by General Superintendent Marpole at Vancouver, and as the innovation has been approved by Vice-President McNicoll and Passenger Traffic Manager Kerr, it is expected that the Japs will shortly be familiar figures on the through trains. They will relieve the brakemen of the rather irksome duty of cleaning cars and waiting on the passengers, and thus enable them to give their undivided attention to the working of the trains.

The British South African Company has offered the Salvation Army a million acres of land in Rhodesia for colonization purposes.

Six of the British stokers who mutilated at Portsmouth have been sentenced to terms varying from six weeks to eighteen months.

While performing a delicate operation at Cheltenham, Tuesday, Dr. G. B. Ferguson, ex-President of the British Medical Association, dropped dead.

Madame Adelina Patti has announced that her voice is no longer for sale.

Lieut. Collard, whose order caused the mutiny at Portsmouth, is to be court-martialled.

#### UNITED STATES.

There was a falling off in football casualties this season in the United States, due, it is thought, to modified rules. Eleven players were killed and 104 injured.

Requests aggregating more than \$1,000,000 are to be distributed to charity by the will of Daniel B. Shipman, the paint manufacturer, of Chicago, who died last Thursday unattended by a single relative.

Chancellor Benjamin Andrews has had an order posted warning the classes of the Nebraska State University that any student found guilty of chewing tobacco will be expelled from the institution. Over a year ago smoking on the campus was prohibited.

The buildings at the northwest corner of Eighth avenue and Forty-sixth street, New York, have been bought by a corporation controlled by negroes, which will open a department store there for colored people. A banking institution will be established in connection with the enterprise.

Earle Kephart, an eighteen year blind boy known all over Pennsylvania for his wonderful ability to play the piano or pipe-organ, died at Councilville on Tuesday. Just before death his sight partially returned and he bade good bye after looking on his loved ones for the first time.

#### GENERAL.

Bulgarian bandits have pillaged and burned two Serbian villages.

Important archeological discoveries have been made in central Asia.

A debate in the Austrian lower House of Parliament ended in a free fight.

Japan has decided to connect Mukden and Fusan by a bridge across the Yalu. Sixteen Bulgarian peasants have been murdered by a band of Turks and Greeks.

Chinese in the Lianchow district have shown themselves hostile to missionaries.

The Australian Federal Government is contemplating the prosecution of the Australian branch of the Standard Oil Trust.

Nineteen persons lost their lives during the moose-hunting season in New England.

Students of the Ontario Agricultural College won the combined judging contest and the individual prize at the International Live Stock Show at Chicago.

#### GUNS ON AIRSHIP.

##### New Engine of War is Being Prepared in Germany.

The New York Herald of Wednesday published the following from Berlin: Despite the recent purchase of the Parseval airship by the Kaiser's technical commission, German military authorities are constructing in secrecy a new and improved airship at the ballooning department at Tegel. The airship will be fitted with all the modern improvements, experience gained in the Parseval and Zeppelin dirigibles being utilized. This vessel will be armed with guns and other means of offence. The technical commission has also offered a certain sum to Count Zeppelin for the purchase of his latest airship. It is not expected, however, that in view of the small amount offered Count Zeppelin will accept.

A despatch from Dortmund, Germany, says: A "Robur" factory, situated close to the town of Annen, seven miles southwest of here, blew up on Wednesday evening and was wiped from the face of the earth. It is estimated that 300 persons were killed or wounded. Up to half-past 1 o'clock Thursday morning eight dead bodies had been recovered, and eighty of the severely wounded persons had been conveyed to hospitals. The work of rescue now going on is attended with the greatest danger from the possibility of a renewal of the explosions. The accident occurred at about half-past 8 o'clock. There were

## DOMINION PARLIAMENT

### NOTES OF PROCEEDINGS IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

#### INSURANCE REFORM.

The Insurance Commission expects to have its report before Parliament when it resumes after the Christmas holidays. The commission, it is understood, is securing a copy of the recommendations of the recent Chicago convention concerning insurance reform.

#### PACKING HOUSES.

Mr. Fisher stated in reply to a question by Mr. Chisholm that the report of Mr. W. W. Moore, chief of the markets division of the Department of Agriculture, on his investigation into the condition of packing-houses in the Dominion, disclosed generally a satisfactory condition of affairs. As the report went into details concerning the private business of packing-houses, it was thought better that the report should not be laid upon the table of the House.

#### GEORGIAN BAY CANAL.

That two interim reports have been received from the Chief Engineer in charge of the survey of the Georgian Bay Canal, but that no approximate estimate of cost was included, was the information given by Mr. Fisher to Mr. Brabazon. The final report, he added, is expected by the end of January.

#### RIVER THAMES.

Mr. Fisher intimated to the House, in reply to a question by Mr. Clements, that \$2,031 had been expended on the survey of the River Thames, and that no decision had been arrived at on the question of deepening the channel from the mouth of the Thames to the city of Chatham to 18 or 20 feet.

#### AMERICAN SILVER.

In reply to Mr. Uriah Wilson, it was stated by Mr. Fielding that the Government had paid \$2,174.58 in commission and \$4,251.48 in expressage on American silver to the amount of \$576,000, which had been exported by the banks to the United States. The question of continuing the practice was under consideration.

#### HINDOO IMMIGRATION.

Mr. Oliver informed Mr. Ralph Smith that 2,193 Hindoos have arrived in Canada, via British Columbia, from January to date. Of this number 100 had been deported because of disease up to November 1st, and since that date twenty-five had been deported, but a detailed report of the cause for their deportation had not been received at the department. The Immigration Department, Mr. Oliver said, does not contribute in any way to the support of impoverished Hindoos arriving in British Columbia.

#### PRISONERS MUTINIED.

##### Bound Officials, Looted Prison and Escaped.

A despatch from Vladimir, Russia, says: The prisoners confined here mutinied on Tuesday, and as a result 35 are now at liberty. They rose in a body, seized and bound all the officials, including the Governor, looted the prison and got away with a quantity of arms and civilian clothes.

# ESTIMATES FOR 21 MONTHS

## One Hundred and Fifteen Million Dollars Called For.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Estimates for the nine months of the fiscal period ending March 31, 1907, and for the fiscal year ending March 31, 1908, were tabled in the House of Commons on Thursday afternoon. The total estimated expenditure for the two periods amounts to \$115,665,905.73. Of this \$9,376,366.70 is for redemption of debt. The expenditure on consolidated fund for the nine months of 1907 is \$54,186,099.46, and for the fiscal year 1908, \$45,224,645.72; the total capital expenditure for nine months, \$18,419,765, and for 1908, \$38,298,340.

The amount asked for under the head of railways and canals during the year 1908 amounts to \$32,453,340, of which \$2,308,050 is allotted to the Intercolonial Railway, \$401,410 to the Prince Edward Island Railway, \$28,360,000 to the National Transcontinental Railway, and \$1,883,890 to canals. For the nine months of 1907 \$2,519,590 is asked for the

Intercolonial Railway, \$185,500 for the Prince Edward Island Railway, \$10,000,000 for the Transcontinental Railway, and for canals \$1,298,475, the grand total for both periods being \$46,995,000. The estimated expenditure on rebuilding the concrete piers on the Murray Canal is \$18,000 for 1906-07 and \$55,000 for 1908; to build the retaining wall for the Welland Canal, \$90,000 for 1906-07 and \$70,000 for 1908, and the new entrance pier at Matland, \$30,000 for 1906-07 and \$15,000 for 1908. The expenditure on improvements to Quebec harbor for 1906-07 is estimated at \$230,000; for 1908, \$280,000. Harbor and river improvements at Port Arthur and Fort William, \$300,000 for 1906-07 and \$500,000 for 1908. Improvements at St. Andrew's Rapids, Red River, \$125,000 for 1906-07 and \$200,000 for the year ending March 31, 1908. Estimates for the new departmental buildings at Ottawa amount to \$500,000 for 1906-07 and \$400,000 for 1907-08.



sounds are more disturbing to the average sufferer than the clanging of the passing car bells or the rattle and roar of near-by trains.

Don't allow loud talking, gloomy or weepy visitors near the patient. Don't sigh, frown and scold if things don't go as you wish them to, and, above all, be cheerful without being loquacious. A low voice, a serene, "unfussy" manner, and a pleasant smile are three blessed attributes for the nurse, amateur or otherwise.

The patient's bed should be a high and narrow iron cot, if possible, as it is much easier for doctor and nurse to handle the patient than it would be on a low, broad bed.

The sick room should if possible be in a quiet part of the house, and adjoining a bathroom. If there is an open fire and coal has to be put on, wrap the coals in pieces of paper or in paper bags, and lay them on the fire instead of shovelling in the usual way. This will save a great deal of ear-racking noise.

Quiet, cheerfulness, and cleanliness are the three essentials that the home nurse should take as her watchwords.

### LAWS FOR MOTORISTS.

#### French Government to Pass a Drastring Measure.

A despatch from Paris says: Senator de Freycinet, whose daughter was hopelessly crippled in a motor accident last May, has drafted an extremely stringent anti-motor bill, which he will introduce in the Senate on Monday. It is understood that M. de Freycinet has the backing of Prime Minister Clemenceau. The introduction to the bill quotes police reports of 50 accidents daily in Paris and the suburbs since May. The bill forbids a motor car from passing another in towns of 200,000 inhabitants or over. A car will be only allowed to leave the kerb to pass a standing vehicle. The speed limit is fixed at seven miles an hour in towns and twelve miles an hour in the country. In case of accidents the chauffeur will be fined 1,000 francs for the first offence, sentenced to a year's imprisonment for the second and three years for the third, with loss of right to run a car. A special corps of motor police is provided for. The bill will possibly be attenuated in Parliament, but severe measures will probably pass, as the country deputies and Senators strongly favor it owing to their constituents' complaints.

### BIG OCEAN STEAMERS.

#### Several New Vessels for the Anglo-Canadian Route.

A despatch from London says: The Liverpool Daily Post-Mercury says that the Dominion Line contemplates ordering two more large powerful steamers for the Canadian service. The Allen Line intends placing a new twin-screw steamer on the Liverpool-Montreal route. The C.P.R. will eventually place two more new steamers on the transatlantic service similar to the Empress of Ireland. Another rumor afloat is that the G.T.R. will make a working agreement with the existing line.

## YOUNG FOLKS

### A RAVEN.

Poor Mrs. Van Loon was a widow; she had four children. The eldest was Dirk, a boy of eight years.

One evening she had no bread, and her children were hungry. She folded her hands, and prayed to God; for she served the Lord, and she believed that He loved and could help her.

When she had finished her prayer, Dirk said to her, "Mother, don't we read in the Bible that God sent ravens to a pious man to bring him bread?"

"Yes," answered the mother, "But that was long, long ago, my dear."

"Well," said Dirk, "then the Lord may send ravens now. I'll go and open the door, else they can't fly in."

In a trice Dirk jumped to the door, which he left wide open, so that the light of the lamp fell on the pavement of the street.

The wealthy burgomaster of the town soon chanced to be passing the open door.

Looking into the room, he was pleased with its clean, tidy appearance, and with the nice little children, who were grouped around the mother. He could not help stepping in, and approaching Mrs. Van Loon, he said, "Eh, my good woman, why is your door open so late as this?"

Mrs. Van Loon was a little confused when she saw such a well-dressed gentleman in her poor home. She quickly rose and dropped a courtesy to the gentleman; then, taking Dirk's cap from his head and smoothing his hair, she answered with a smile, "My little Dirk has done it, sir, that the ravens might fly in to bring us bread."

Now the burgomaster was dressed in a black coat and black trousers, and he wore a black hat. He was quite black all over, except his collar and shirt-front.

"Ah, indeed!" he exclaimed cheerily, "Dirk is right. Here is a raven black, you see, and a large one, too. Come along, Dirk, and I'll show you where the bread is."

The burgomaster took Dirk to his house, and ordered his servant to put two loaves and a small pot of butter into a basket. This he gave to Dirk, who carried it home as quickly as he could. When the other little children saw the bread they began dancing and clapping their hands. The mother gave to each of them a thick slice of bread and butter, which they ate with the greatest relish.

When they had finished their meal, Dirk went to the open door, and, taking his cap from his head, looked up to the sky, and said, "Many thanks, good Lord!" And after having said this he shut the door.

### HOW COMMON SENSE SAVED THE PUPPY.

"Charlie, Charlie, come quick, cried Mabel, in a voice shrill with terror; 'the puppy's in the cistern!'"

Charlie obeyed instantly, dropping the old pan into which he had deposited swarms of potato bugs.

Even the swift thought that they would all crawl into the vines and have to be gathered over again did not stay his footsteps.

What were a few hours' work, even though hard and disagreeable, when compared with the life of his beautiful Newfoundland puppy?

He thought it would be the work of a few minutes to rescue the little fellow. An old tin pail was at hand. Mabel brought the clothesline, and, in a moment or two, the pail descended into the black hollow. Charlie floated it close to the puppy, at the same time calling to him in coaxing and endearing tones. But the poor little animal found it impossible to fasten his feet upon the

## YARD ENGINE RUNS AMUCK

### A Fatal Accident in the Yards at Winnipeg.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: A most remarkable accident occurred in the Canadian Northern Railway yards on Thursday evening. It was more than remarkable, inasmuch as it cost two lives, and two more are fatally injured, while a score of people are more or less hurt. It was a collision between a freight engine, light, and an incoming Northern Pacific passenger train. The fatalities did not result, however, from the effects of the collision of these two engines, but from the rebound of the freight engine, which, with its reversed machinery, tore through the railway yards and ripped up a line of freight cars wherein a gang of civic employees were working.

### DEAD.

William McNeil, foreman civic construction work, and Michael Mudlow, laborer, are dead; and John Suttie and Anthony Olson, laborers, are fatally injured.

Mrs. M. Buchanan, of Trenton, N.J., was injured by the effects of the emergency brakes and jars from the collision, and her head is badly cut. She was conveyed to the Empire Hotel.

There were a large number of other passengers on the Northern Pacific express from the Twin Cities, who were more or less cut and injured by being thrown down, but their injuries were not really serious.

### HOW ACCIDENT HAPPENED.

It appears that the big Mogul engine with its caboose was travelling westward to pick up its train out of the yards in Fort Rouge, and met No. 7, the Northern Pacific express, coming from the south on the main line. They met just west of Spadina Avenue. The passenger engineer brought his train to a standstill, but the engineer and fireman of the freight jumped after reversing. The light engine with reversed gear rebounded after colliding, and, with constantly accelerated speed, tore into Winnipeg. When the switchman noticed the Mogul had no crew there was a wild time in the yards. The wild engine smashed into a few flatcars, where the city workmen were loading the concrete equipment. Two men died and two were horribly mangled when those cars crumpled up from the impact.

### SAMPLES OF CHOICE GRAIN.

#### Minister of Agriculture Will Send Them Free of Charge.

A despatch from Ottawa says: By instruction of the Hon. Minister of Agriculture a distribution will be made this season of samples of superior sorts of grain to Canadian farmers for the improvement of seed. The stock for distribution is of the very best and has been secured mainly from the excellent crops recently had at the branch Experimental farms at Indian Head, Sask., and at Brandon, Man. The distribution will consist of samples of oats, spring wheat, barley, Indian corn (for ensilage only) and potatoes. The quantity of oats to be sent will be 4 lbs., and of wheat or barley 5 lbs., sufficient in each case to sow one-twentieth of an acre. The samples of Indian corn and potatoes will weigh 3 lbs. each. A quantity of each of the following varieties has been secured for this distribution:—

Oats.—Banner, Wide-Awake, White Giant, Danish Island, Thousand Dollar, Improved Ligowo (white varieties), and Goldfinger (yellow).

Wheat.—Red Eye, Preston, Pringle's Champlain, Percy, Stanley, Huron and White Eye.

Barley.—Six-rowed.—Mensury, Odessa, Mansfield and Claude. Two-rowed.—Standwell, incincible, Canadian Thorpe and Sidney.

Indian Corn (for ensilage).—Early sorts, Angel of Midnight, Compton's Early and Longfellow; later varieties, Selected Leaming, Early Mastodon and White Cap Yellow Dent.

Potatoes.—Carran No. 1, Early White Prize, Rochester Rose, Money Maker and Late Puritan.

Only one sample can be sent to each applicant, hence if an individual receives a sample of oats he cannot also receive one of barley or potatoes. Lists of names from one individual, or applications for more than one sample for one household cannot be entertained. The samples will be sent free of charge through the mail.

Applications should be addressed to the Director of Experimental Farms, Ottawa, and may be sent in any time before the 15th of February, after which the lists will be closed, so that the samples asked for may be sent out in good time for sowing. Applicants should mention the variety they prefer, with a second

### POISONED WELL WATER.

#### Kills Five of the Winkeweder Family of Dashwood, Near London.

A despatch from London, Ont., says: A story of the wiping out of almost an entire family is revealed in the death of Jacob Winkeweder of Dashwood, at Victoria Hospital, on Sunday.

The story tells of a family of eight, reduced inside of eight weeks by the poisoned water of a contaminated well, to a broken-hearted mother and two sons.

Something less than two months ago Edward Winkeweder, who up to that time was living in Chicago, came home in delicate health to his father's farm near Dashwood. He gradually failed, and his illness developed into typhoid fever. The best medical attendance was procured, also a trained nurse, and the other members of the family labored incessantly to save his life. All efforts were in vain, however, and the young man died. Inside of two weeks after the first death four other members of the family were taken sick with the same malady, and one by one, at short intervals, the two sisters, Lovina and Melinda, and the father, a man of magnificent physique, also passed away. Jacob, who died on Sunday, was brought to Victoria Hospital, as the depleted family, even with the assistance of two nurses who have been in attendance nearly eight weeks, were utterly unable to give him proper care.

The cause of the deadly outbreak has been unmistakably traced to water used for drinking purposes which was polluted by the decomposing bodies of dead frogs.

The grief-stricken mother of the family is bearing up bravely, although the strain of her terrible bereavement is visibly telling upon her. Two brothers—Arthur, who is on his feet again after a battle with the dreadful disease, and Benjamin, of Napierville, Ill.—are, with their mother, the sole remaining survivors.

### GUELPH STUDENTS LEAD.

#### Won First Prize in Judging Live Stock at Chicago.

A despatch from Chicago says: Students of the Ontario Agricultural College

## WON BLOWN UP

### Persons Killed or Hurt at Westphalia.

Two tremendous detonations, heard throughout the entire surrounding industrial region which is thickly settled. The inhabitants of the neighborhood fled in panic fearing further explosions. The

two tremendous detonations, heard throughout the entire surrounding industrial region which is thickly settled. The inhabitants of the neighborhood fled in panic fearing further explosions. The town of Annen is nothing more than a heap of ruins. Houses were shattered right and left, and no house escaped injury.

Roburit is an explosive of high power, composed of saltpetre, ammonia, sulphur and other ingredients. It is not easily exploded by a blow, and it can be burned with safety in the open air. Its power is second to that of dynamite.

## FIRE TRAGEDY IN ST. LOUIS.

### Six Dead and Thirty-five Injured in Hotel Blaze.

A despatch from St. Louis says: The Lighthouse Hotel, a three-storey structure at the corner of Ninth and Market streets, utilized as a Salvation Army Barracks, was damaged by fire early on Wednesday, when probably 500 homeless men were lodged within it. Six lost their lives and probably thirty-five were injured, about half that number being seriously hurt, some not being expected to live. Four were burned to death and two died from injuries received from jumping from the upper windows. Six others of those who jumped are lying unconscious at the City Hospital, and are not expected to recover. Only two of the dead men have been identified.

lasts. Farmers are advised to apply early to avoid possible disappointment. Those applying for Indian corn or potatoes will please bear in mind that the corn is not usually distributed until March, and that potatoes cannot be mailed from Ottawa until danger from frost in transit is over. No postage is required on mail addressed to the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa.

## ONTARIO'S BILL OF HEALTH.

### Typhoid and Diphtheria Were Most Prevalent.

A despatch from Toronto says: According to the report of the Provincial Board of Health, the total number of deaths from all causes in September was 2,370, out of a population of 2,101,200, a death rate of 13.5 a thousand. For the same period last year 2,047 deaths were reported, a rate of 12.3 in the thousand. Typhoid fever and diphtheria were the most prevalent of contagious diseases during the period. Of the former 788 cases were reported in September, among which there were 151 deaths, as compared with 350 cases and 48 deaths in the same month last year. There were 371 sufferers from diphtheria, of whom 41 died. In September, 1905, there were 191 cases, and 29 resulted fatally. The prevalence of other contagious diseases may be considered fairly normal. They were as follows: Smallpox, 9 cases and no deaths; scarlet fever, 70 cases and 7 deaths; measles, 119 cases and 1 death; whooping cough, 83 cases and 19 deaths; consumption, 165 cases and 160 deaths.

## RATS HAVE DEBAUCH.

### Gnaw Hole in Beer Duct to Get Gloriously Drunk.

A despatch from London says: A search to ascertain the cause of a leakage in the beer cellar of a restaurant in Birmingham revealed that rats had gnawed a beer duct with the apparent deliberate intention of carousing. A number of the rodents were found wallowing in a shallow flood of beer in various stages of inebriety. Some were helplessly drunk, others were zigzagging about in a befuddled manner, while others were alert, but unable to control their legs. None were able to escape.

Mabel brought the clothesline, and, in a moment or two, the pail descended into the black hollow. Charlie floated close to the puppy, at the same time calling to him in coaxing and endearing tones. But the poor little animal found it impossible to fasten his feet upon the hard and shining sides of the pail. He struggled bravely at the same time crying pitifully.

Mabel, who was watching eagerly, at last began to cry loudly, as she saw the puppy's repeated vain attempts.

"He's going to drown, I know he is," she sobbed aloud; "see, he can hardly keep his head out of water now."

The hired man was just driving into the barn as she made this outcry. He dropped the reins on the horse's back, and, with a few strides, reached the cistern and gave one glance into its depths.

He next jerked the clothesline around so that he had hold of the end that lay on the ground, at the same time calling to Charlie. "Get me that wooden pail on the steps, there."

The wooden pail soon struck the water close to poor puppy's head. He threw out his feet in one last desperate effort. They clung fast, and in another moment the poor little soaked body was in Charlie's arms.

"How did you happen to think of the wooden pail?" asked Mabel, looking at the hired man in awed admiration.

"Common sense," said the man, returning to his waiting horse.

"Common sense," repeated Mabel; "let's go tell mother; you know she is always saying that it's better to have common sense than talent."

## EFFECT OF UNIFORM.

### Swindler Imposes on Numbers of British Naval Officers.

A despatch from London says: A clever swindler, speaking English, French and Spanish, has been victimizing British naval officers at Portsmouth, Gravesend, Woolwich and Folkestone, by methods somewhat resembling those employed by "Captain" Voigt, of Koepenick fame. Appearing in the uniform of a Spanish naval officer and other disguises, which he wears with polite self-assurance, he obtained invitations to the naval officers' messes and borrowed money from them. He has now gone to Dunkirk, where, it seems, he imposed on the American Consul by representing himself as Dr. Liffey, a nephew of Cornelius Vanderbilt, whose yacht is due at Dunkirk from Antwerp. His orders for supplies for the yacht were undertaken by local tradesmen, and commissions were paid to him. He then vanished. He has not got away with large amounts anywhere, but in the aggregate his plunder has been heavy.

## THE RAILWAYS' VICTIMS.

### Chicago's Heavy Sacrifice to the Traction Lines.

A despatch from Chicago says: A record of 132 persons killed and 2,271 injured on the surface and elevated traction lines of Chicago since January 1 last gave impetus to the crusade against the overcrowding of cars which was begun by the officials of the city on Tuesday. The police, afoot and mounted, will assume a measure of control over the operations of traction lines. Granting the expected "permission" from the corporation counsel, the force under Chief Collins will from Wednesday night undertake the task of preventing the overcrowding of all "L" trains and the blockading of surface cars. It is planned to place uniformed policemen on every station of the loop. Just how many passengers will be permitted on each car has not been decided, but the suggestion was made that not more than one and one-half times the seating capacity of each car should be acceptable as safe.

The new Provincial loan of \$3,000,000 has been entirely subscribed.

Applications should be addressed to the Director of Experimental Farms, Ottawa, and may be sent in any time before the 15th of February, after which the lists will be closed, so that the samples asked for may be sent out in good time for sowing. Applicants should mention the variety they prefer, with a second sort as an alternative. Applications will be filled in the order in which they are received, so long as the supply of seed

## SIX INDIANS DROWNED.

### Were Returning From Work in the Lumber Woods Near Sydney Bay.

A despatch from Warton says: Another disaster has occurred on the waters of the Georgian Bay. On Saturday afternoon six Indians of the Cape Croker reserve were drowned in McGregor Harbour almost in sight of home. These laborers, whose names were W. E. Lamorandiere, Xavier Nadjowon, Louis Johnston, Joe Martin, George Mitchell, and Louis Nadjowon, were lumbering for J. P. Newman, lumberman of this town, near Sydney Bay. It was their custom to sail over a distance of three miles to the following Saturday afternoon. The weather during the past week has been stormy, and there have been very heavy seas. It is surmised that a squall struck the boat when quite near home, and as the ropes were frozen, the Indians were unable to lower the sails, and the boat capsized. Three of the Indians clung to the boat, but soon perished in the water. Their bodies, however, drifted to the shore. The bodies of the others have not yet been recovered. There is universal mourning on the Cape Croker reserve, as this is one of the saddest accidents in its history, and four of the men were married. W. E. Lamorandiere, who was drowned, was the Secretary of the band and postmaster of the reserve, having been appointed to this position about three weeks ago, after the death of his father.

## INCREASE OF 387,416.

### Returns of Census of Prairie Provinces are Announced.

A despatch from Ottawa says: At last the complete returns of the quinquennial census of the Prairie Provinces are known. Mr. Fisher submitted the figures to the House on Monday evening. The summary is as follows:—

	1906.	1901.	Increase
Manitoba .....	365,848	255,211	110,637
Saskatchewan ..	250,984	91,276	165,708
Alberta .....	184,906	73,022	111,074
Totals .....	806,928	419,512	387,416

The population of Winnipeg is given as 90,201; Calgary, 11,967; Edmonton, 11,163; Brandon, 10,411.

## GUELPH STUDENTS LEAD.

### Won First Prize in Judging Live Stock at Chicago.

A despatch from Chicago says: Students of the Ontario Agricultural College at Guelph, Ont., were awarded the first prize in the judging contest for all animals combined at the International Live Stock Show, in the report made on Monday by Prof. J. F. Shepherd, of North Dakota Agricultural College, the superintendent of the judging.

In the contest of horse-judging for the McLaughlin Bros.' prize, Ontario was fourth.

For individual excellence A. H. Hamer, of Ontario, ranked first, J. O. Olsen, of Kansas, second, and C. C. Nixon, of Ontario, third.

## TO THE KING'S TASTE.

### King Edward's Chef Talks of Royal Employer's Menu.

A despatch from London says: Cedar, the Prince of Wales' chef, has given to a reporter some points regarding the royal gustatory preferences. He says that oysters rank high among the favorite dishes of the King and Prince of Wales, perhaps disputing place with caviare. Both, however, have to pass a doctore before they are served. He has to satisfy himself that everything is pure before it is placed on the royal tables.

## HEAD GROUND AWAY.

### Clifford Morin Killed in Runaway at Port Arthur.

A despatch from Port Arthur says: Clifford, the fifteen-year-old son of Solomon Morin, met with a fatal accident on Wednesday. A horse which he was driving ran away on Lincoln street. The boy fell with his head between the wagon box and the wheel and sustained such injuries that he died within a few minutes. The jaw was broken to a pulp and the whole side of his head ground away.

## FREE BEDS FOR CATS.

In an animal hospital in Philadelphia there is a free bed for cats, endowed by a servant, Ruth Darling, who died in that city some years ago. She had always liked animals, and left her savings to provide free treatment of ailing pets in the Maher Animal Hospital, where it takes the form of a commodious iron cage with the inscription "The Ruth Darling Bed" on it in gold letters. This bed has always a long list of cats waiting to be treated. During one year as many as fifty-six were cared for.

# GRAIN EXPORTS INCREASE

## Review of Season's Business Through Port of Montreal

A despatch from Montreal says: The last ocean steamship left Montreal on Friday, namely the Delama, of the Elders-Dempsey Line, and the business of the port for 1906 will be a matter of record. The scrutiny of the figures from the opening of navigation up to the present shows some large increases, while, on the other hand, there have been some noticeable decreases in the export of certain commodities. The total shipments of grain and produce for European ports shows a considerable advance over last year, though there is a falling off in some lines.

In spite of the fact that the grain business appeared dull during the last

Summer, the total shipments of grain show a large increase, being 25,460,713 bushels, against 21,959,759 bushels last season. The chief gains were made by wheat and flaxseed. The shipments of the former were 13,388,616 bushels, against 9,916,187 bushels last year. This year's export of flaxseed were 3,015,174 bushels, against one of 270,453 bushels last year. Corn showed a considerable decrease, as did also barley. The shipments of oats showed a slight increase.

In dairy produce the shipments of cheese shows an increase of 21,140 boxes. Butter exports fell off.

Cattle shipments show a gain, being 120,127, against 115,180 head last year.



## SUITABLE

## XMAS GIFTS!

A few suggestions from our immense stock of Xmas Goods. We have just received from one of the largest factories a fine stock of Trunks, Valises, and Suit Cases for Xmas Trade.

Club Bags, English Style, \$3.50 to 7.50

Trunks, tourist style, \$3.00 to 10.00.

Suit Cases, real leather, \$5.00 to 15.00

Cozy House Shoes for Men and Women, made of nice soft Felt, \$1, 1.25, 1.50

Hockey & Skating Boots for Men, Boys, and Ladies, all prices from \$1.25 to \$4

Fine Evening Shoes for ladies in Patent or Vici Kid \$1.50 to 3.00

Overshoes, Moccassins, Leggings, for Men, Women and Children, a large variety to choose from.

The J. J. Haines Shoe Houses.  
Napanee, Belleville, Trenton.

## THE BEST FLOUR.

### DAFOE'S NONESUCH

### DAFOE'S MANITOBA PATENT

By numerous tests by the best Bakers the above mentioned grades have been proven to be the best Flours in the market. When buying Flour ask for Dafoe's, and patronize your home mill, thereby producing Bran and Shorts that you can purchase cheaper than the product of the Western mills, which has to be transported thousands of miles at great expense, and usually, when it reaches you, of inferior quality.

The grocer complains if the farmer or the mechanic sends to Toronto or to outside points for an article he can get at the home store just as good, but he does not hesitate to buy Flour from mills hundreds of miles away, and sell you an inferior Flour for more money than you can purchase the home product for, every bag of which is guaranteed.

CHOICE CORN MEAL and BUCK-WHEAT FLOUR always on hand. FEED GRINDING a specialty, with the best feed mills known to the trade.

A full stock of the best ANTHRACITE COAL. Also in the market for the purchase of all kinds of Grain.

Ask for prices at the big Mill before purchasing your Flour, Feed or Coal.

NAPANEE,  
16th January, 1906.

## COAL!

OUR CELEBRATED

## PLYMOUTH COAL!

All sizes for prompt delivery.

We also carry in stock Steam Coal, Blacksmithing Coal

—and— Blue Grass Cannel Coal

for a bright grate fire.

All at close prices FOR CASH.

Barbadoer Molasses.

New Orleans Molasses.

Sugar House Syrup.

Demarara Raw Sugar.

FRANK H. PERRY.

## NOTICE!

For the most up-to-date WALL PAPER, English and German designs, call and see my samples or write for the sample books and they will be sent at once.

Also a full line of Groceries and Fruit.

2lbs. Dust Tea.....	25c
Japan Tea, Green.....	25c
Best Black.....	40c
Coffee.....	40c

Note Prices then see my goods.

F. C. LLOYD'S  
East Side Market.

Royal Hotel Block.

F. Scott's shop strictly up-to-date in every respect. A call solicited.

The little daughter of Mr. Amos Abbott of Brockville was burned to death by her clothing catching fire.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church held a very successful bazaar and tea in the town hall on Tuesday afternoon and evening. The proceeds amounted to over \$200.

The total immigrant arrivals from the United States for July, August, September and October of this year

Johnny Get Your Hair Cut.

J. N. OSBORNE will cut it right, or give you a nice shave.

Their First Xmas in Napanee

The Campbell Art Co's (New York) fine art calendars now on display at The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper.

Enjoy An Easy Shave.

By attaching a "Shave-ezy" Razor Guard to your own Razor, makes shaving easy, safe and enjoyable. Satisfaction guaranteed. Sole Agents.

MADOLE & WILSON.

These Popular Contests.

The first elocutionary silver medal contests of the second series will be held in Town Hall Thursday Dec. 27, under the auspices of the Epworth League of E. M. church, silver collection. Public cordially invited.

Coal Facts.

Now is the time to get in your stock of Coal for the winter before your lawn gets soft. If you want the best grade of Anthracite, Steam or Cannel Coal you can get it by calling up VanLaven's Office, Phone 92. All coal kept under cover and well screened before delivering.

COD LIVER OIL  
ASA FOOD.

Cod Liver Oil is a distinct food as well as a medicine—for delicate stomachs, we offer it prepared as Howard's Emulsion, freshly made in 25, 50 and 75 cent bottles.—We are special agents for VINOL (a wine of Cod Liver Oil) put up in dollar bottles—and Ferrol at same price. Wallace's Red Cross Drug Store.

New Skating Rink.

Messrs Thos. Diamond and Melville Taylor, have secured the large lot opposite the Catholic church on Thomas street and are building a skating rink. The sheet of ice will be the largest ever made in Napanee for a skating rink and with Mr. Diamond's long experience in making ice, a first class rink is assured, and lovers of skating will be grateful for the privilege of enjoying themselves at this favoured pastime.

Horse Blankets, Waters Sleigh Bells  
Sleighs, Hockey Sticks  
At BOYLE & SON

Worth Remembering.

The Frontenac Business College, Kingston, is without exception the best equipped and most modern business training institution in Eastern Ontario. Its graduates are always in demand and they command the highest salaries. A beautiful Calendar for 1907 and are large illustrated catalogue will be sent free on request.

T. H. Stockdale principal.

Gas Burners, the Lindsay, the Welsback, these new Burners reduce your gas bill, and give you more light than any other, have one put on by

BOYLE & SON.

Election of Officers.

On Wednesday evening last the following were installed as officers of Mount Sinai, Chapter No. 44, R. A. M. for the year 1907.

Ex. Comp.—G. F. Ruttan, Z.

—Chas. A. Walters, H.

—D. A. Valleeau, J.

—M. R. Reid, I. P. Z.

Rt. Ex. Comp.—Jas. Walters, Treas.

—E. J. Walters, Scribe E.

Comp.—E. W. Scott, Scribe N.

—H. A. Wood, P. S.

—Canfield Shorey, S. S.

—E. McLaughlin, J. S.

—Geo. T. Walters, M. of 1st V.

—W. H. Hunter, M. of 2nd V.

—Wm. Grange, M. of 3rd V.

V. Ex Comp—Wm. Rankin, M. of 4th V

Comp—Brice Allen, Janitor.

## PERSONALS

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence M. Warner, of Napanee, was in Toronto Sunday and Monday.

Mr. Fred W. Shibley, of New York, was calling on friends in Napanee last Saturday and left for Providence via Montreal and Boston.

Mr. W. A. Smith, Deseronto, was a caller at our office on Saturday.

Mr. Edward Grange was in town over Sunday on his return from spending the summer in the west. He left on Monday to join the staff of the Toronto Globe.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Ham went to Hamilton on Wednesday to attend the marriage of Mrs. McClure to Mr. Hugh Blain, of Toronto. Mr. J. L. Ham returns from Hamilton this evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Davey arrived home from Winnipeg, Man., on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Milling returned this week from Indian Head, Man and have purchased the Fraser farm on the York road.

Mrs. Winter, of Harrowsmith, spent Sunday with friends in Napanee.

Mr. Will Joy returned from the west to spend the winter.

Mr. Jeff Scott left last week for Hartley, Iowa.

Miss Allie Thompson left last Thursday for Boston.

Miss Way, of Picton, is spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. Will Jewel.

Mr. and Mrs. Davidson, of Picton, spent a few days with her sister, Mrs. G. Blewitt.

Mrs. R. M. Bovst, of Long Beach, Cal., spent last week the guest of Mrs. H. W. Huff.

Mr. Frank Wartman, of Colebrook, spent Sunday with his family in Napanee.

Mr. Ira B. Hudgins, Selby, was a caller at our office on Wednesday.

Mr. F. W. Hart has secured the contract for a new pipe organ in the Mohawk church, Deseronto.

Miss Lillian Pringle, of Winnipeg, is spending her holidays with her mother Mrs. Pringle, Bridge St.

Mrs. George Huff spent a few days last week with Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Rennie, Deseronto Road.

Mr. Dick Chown was in Kingston, on Wednesday, attending the funeral of his grandmother, the late Mrs. Tossell.

Rev. E. W. Baker will conduct missionary services in the Western Methodist church on Sunday Dec. 16th.

Rev. Shorey, Oshawa, was in town a couple of days this week.

Herbert E. Collins, B. A., assistant teacher in the Collegiate Institute, has tendered his resignation to take effect at the close of the year. He has accepted an appointment as master in Napanee Collegiate Institute at \$1,000 per year.—Whig.

Misses Laura and Eliza Armstrong leave to-day to spend the winter in Cleveland with their brother.

Mrs. Brough who has been the guest of Mrs. John Carson, returned to Belleville on Saturday.

Mrs. H. P. Lander, of Brockville, Mo. is the guest of her parents, Dr. and Mrs. G. C. T. Ward.

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Gibson spent Sunday with friends in Belleville.

Mrs. J. A. Carmichael (formerly Ethel Muir), of Forget, Sask., arrived home this week to spend the winter with friends,

W. A. Asseltine, of Roblin, arrived home Monday after a two months' stay in the west.

Allen Sagar left this week for Elva, Man.

Little Miss Caroline Finkle, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Finkle, New

## People

carry in  
stock **Blacksmithing Coal**  
—and—  
**Blue Grass Cannel Coal**  
for a bright grate fire.

All at close prices FOR CASH.

Office, West Side Market Square, Phone 104  
Yard: Foot of West Street. 1-t

**CHAS. STEVENS,**

# XMAS GIFTS AT SMITH'S

Our stock is larger than ever this Xmas, comprising finest selections from European and American markets. You will surely find the satisfactory gift for lady or gentleman in at

## Smiths' Jewellery Store

Owing to a rush of business this year we will close our Optical Department from Dec. 10th until after Xmas. No eyes examined between these dates.

# SEASONABLE GOODS...

WE ARE HEADQUARTERS FOR

Felt Boots, Felt Slippers,  
Overgaiters, Leggings,  
Overshoes, Rubbers,  
Moccasins, and  
Lamb Wool Soles.

Superior in style, quality and  
fit, to any lines on the market.

Have a look at them.

The Dolly Varden Shoe Store, opposite  
Royal Hotel.

## FRED CURRY.

Lined and unlined Mitts and Gloves,  
Boys' Mitts.  
**MADOLE & WILSON**

E. LOYST has large stock of flour,  
Royal Household and all other grades,  
all kinds of feed, large quantities at  
the lowest prices. He wishes to sell  
out in the next month. Salt, Coal Oil  
Groceries. Highest price for eggs  
cash or trade. A call solicited.

Navigation on the Bay of Quinte is  
closed, a good sheet of ice has formed  
on the bay.

Our Nice, Boys' or Office Watches,  
Drop into F. Chinneck's Jewellery  
Store and see them before buying—  
Gold or Gold filled—The Store of Quality  
and Good Values.

F. Chinneck, Napanee,  
Near Royal Hotel.

The ladies of the Presbyterian  
church held a very successful bazaar  
and tea in the town hall on Tuesday  
afternoon and evening. The proceeds  
amounted to over \$200.

The total immigrant arrivals from  
the United States for July, August,  
September and October of this year  
were 17,907, being an increase of 5,243  
compared with the same months last  
year.

Mr. Jas Gordon will show his Xmas  
Literature in the following places next  
week.

Marlbank—Monday and Tuesday  
10th to 11th. Tamworth, Wednesday  
and Thursday. Enterprise—Friday  
and Saturday forenoon, and at Mr.  
Alexander's office Napanee, Saturday  
afternoon.

Don't forget the date of the Victor  
Royal Venetian Band, assisted by Miss  
Emily Francis Scott, Soprano soloist,  
which appears at the Brisco Opera  
House, on December 14th. They  
present a very entertaining program.  
Watch for the bills.

Rev. E. N. Baker, Toronto, will lecture  
in the Western Methodist church  
under the auspices of the Epworth  
League on Monday evening Dec. 17th.  
Subject "Rambles in Rome" also an  
excellent programme. Admission 15c.  
Everybody welcome.

**ENGLISH SPAVIN LINIMENT** re-  
moves hard, soft or calloused lumps and  
blemishes from horses, blood spavin, curbs,  
splints, ringbone, sweeteney, stifles, sprains,  
sore and swollen throat, coughs, etc. Save  
\$50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the  
most wonderful Elishah Cure ever known.  
Sold by F. L. HOOPER.

Arrangements are being made with  
The Bateman Parlovitz Co., for an  
evening in Napanee, on their return  
from Vancouver. Miss Bateman is  
then going to the United States. The  
people of Napanee are fortunate in  
being able to hear her again, before  
leaving this Dominion. Entirely new  
programme. Full particulars later.

## CRESOLENE ANTISEPTIC TABLETS

A simple and effective remedy for  
**SORE THROATS AND COUGHS**  
They combine the germicidal value of Cresolene  
with the soothing properties of slippery elm and licorice.  
Your druggist or from us, 10c in stamps.  
Lemmo, Mires Co., Limited, Agents, Montreal, 401

In Parliament on Tuesday Hon. Sydney  
Fisher explained his cold storage  
plan, by which the Government will  
assist to the extent of 30 per cent,  
the building of cold storage ware  
houses at certain points where needed.  
The tariff resolutions were taken up  
and discussed.

A. S. KIMMERLY is still selling  
Five Roses Flour, finest in the world.  
Miss McGuinness, of Roblin, won 13  
prizes at County Fairs with bread  
made from Five Roses Flour. Bran,  
Shorts and all kinds feed on hand.  
Sugar away down for Xmas trade.

A Christmas Sale of Handkerchiefs,  
Cakes, Pies, Candies, etc. etc., will  
be held in the Council Chamber, on Friday  
afternoon, December 14th. After-  
noon tea served from three to six  
o'clock. Sale under the auspices of  
the Ladies' Aid Society E. M. Church.  
If stock is not sold out, the sale will  
be continued on Saturday morning.

Veloze Skates, the strongest and  
most up-to-date Hockey Skate on the  
market. Every pair guaranteed, large  
assortment all kinds skates and straps  
**BOYLE & SON.**

Kingston, Dec. 4—As the steamer  
Jessie Bain was returning to her  
winter quarters in Anglin Bay, break-  
ing her way through three inches of  
ice, she was cut through the hull and  
sunk. The city fire department pro-  
vided an engine to pump her out, but  
could not get close enough to be of  
service. The steamer is lying on her  
side and in rather a dangerous position.  
She had just finished the season under  
charter of the Rathbun Company,  
Deseronto.

The Stock of the late Robt.  
Denison is now being sold  
at a bargain, at the Store.

Wm. Grange, M. of 3rd V.  
V. Ex Comp—Wm. Rankin, M of 4th V.  
Comp—Brice Allen, Janitor.

## People are Surprised

even after all they have heard  
of VIORIS when they learn  
for themselves how fine a per-  
fume it is. They are surprised  
even here where they expect  
things to be unusually good.  
We try to tell the plain simple  
truth about everything, but  
it is hard to do VIORIS justice  
without appearing to exaggerate.

**T. B. WALLACE,**  
The Prescription Druggist.

Red Cross Drug Store,  
Napanee.

## Firemen's Oyster Supper.

The Firemen's Oyster Supper and  
Concert in the town hall Wednesday  
evening was a huge success, the capacity  
of the hall being taxed to its ut-  
most to accommodate the crowd.  
Everybody pronounced the supper of  
the best and the concert the most en-  
tertaining event of the season. The  
proceeds were about \$125. The mem-  
bers of the fire brigade wish to thank  
one and all who in the slightest man-  
ner assisted them in their annual event.

## Napanee Poultry Show January 9, 10, 11, 12.

### Election of Officers.

At a Reg. Com. Prince Arthur Lodge  
A. T. & A. M., No. 228, G. R. C., Odessa  
held in the Lodge room, Dec. 3rd, 1909  
the following officers were duly elected  
for the ensuing year.

W. H. Daugherty—W. M.  
S. H. Amey—S. W.  
S. J. Sproule—J. W.  
R. W. Aylsworth—Treas.  
R. Bennett—Secty.  
Rev. T. F. Dibb—Chaplain.  
H. W. Caton—Inside Grand.  
N. Bond—Tyler.  
Dr. Jas. E. Maybee and S. J. Sproule  
—Auditors.  
P. A. Snider—S. D.  
W. A. Baker—J. D.  
L. Hartman—D. C.  
A. A. Caton, G. M. Smith, Stewarts,  
T. L. Gallagher, and S. J. Sproule—  
B. G. P.

Rich Cut Glass Beautiful China  
New Styles of Silver  
Forks and Spoons Engraving free  
The Store of Good Quality  
Near Royal Hotel.  
F. Chinneck, Jeweller.

## Something Nice to Break the Fast.

Cracked Wheat, Rolled Wheat,  
Gold Dust Corn Meal,  
Farina, Rolled Oats,  
Graham Flour, Split Peas,  
Pearl Barley, Buckwheat Flour.  
All the above are bulk goods and  
sold by the pound and you will find  
them to give you much better satisfac-  
tion, and go further than the  
Package goods, as they are all freshly  
ground and from one of the best mills  
in the Dominion.  
**THE COXALL CO.**

### To Cure a Cough.

We sell over 30 cough remedies, but  
there is none that gives so much satis-  
faction as Quick Relief Cough Balm,  
it seldom fails, 25c a bottle at  
Wallace's Red Cross Drug Store.

**CASTORIA.**  
The Kind You Have Always Bought  
Bears the  
Signature  
of *Charles H. Fletcher*

W. A. Asseltine, of Roblin, arrived  
home Monday after a two months' stay in the west.

Allen Sagar left this week for Elva,  
Man.

Little Miss Caroline Finkle, daugh-  
ter of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Finkle, New-  
burgh, is seriously ill with appendi-  
citis at the home of Dr. R. A. Leonard,  
having been taken suddenly ill last  
Sunday while visiting Francis Leonard.  
Mrs. Finkle is here nursing her daugh-  
ter.

### A Practical Gift.

And one not soon to be forgotten is a  
pair of Stevens & Co's (American)  
glasses, properly fitted by the expert  
optician in charge of the new optical  
department at The Medical Hall—Fred  
L. Hooper.

### BIRTHS.

Fox—At Napanee Sunday Nov. 25  
to Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Fox, a son.

### DEATHS.

McCONNELL—At Roblin on Sunday  
Dec. 2nd 1909, Louisa beloved wife of  
Chas. McConnell aged 65 years 8  
months.

### FOR A REAL GOOD ARTICLE FOR XMAS.

Whether a hair brush, hand mirror,  
shaving brush, cloth brush, pocket  
book, package of writing paper, or  
only a nail file, go to "WALLACE'S  
RED CROSS STORE," you will not be  
urged to buy—it's our pleasure to show  
goods.

Rings—Rings—Rings—Rings—Rings  
—R—I—N—G—S—  
Plain Precious Stones  
Marriage licenses—Confidential.  
The Store of Good Quality  
Near Royal Hotel.  
F. Chinneck, Jeweller.

## Call at Cambridge's —FOR YOUR—

## BREAD, CAKES and PASTRY

just the kind that makes you feel glad.  
Don't have to bake, when you can buy  
them—so good, also all kinds of Hot  
Drinks and

## OYSTERS SERVED TO PLEASE THE TASTE OF ALL.

Next Door to Robinson Co.  
Dry Goods Store.

Gold Watches,  
Gold Filled Watches,  
Silver Watches,  
Enamel Watches,  
Beautiful Bracelets,  
Beautiful Brooches,  
Lovely Rings,  
Newest Designs  
of Chains.  
Natty Charms  
and Locks,  
Necklets and Locketts.

Don't fail to call and inspect the  
Store of Good Quality.

**Right Prices.**

**F. CHINNECK, Jeweller**  
Near Royal Hotel.



# CLOTHING



That LOOKS  
FITS and  
WEARS well  
and gives true  
COMFORT.

If you want Clothing  
by Christmas do not  
leave it to the last  
minute to place your  
order.

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailor, Napanee.

## COUNTY COUNCIL.

### WEDNESDAY—SECOND DAY.

Council met at 10 a.m.; members all present. Warden presiding. Minutes of yesterday were read and approved.

#### COMMUNICATIONS

From County of Halton, submitting report of a committee of that Council, in which recommendation is made to reduce the expenses of administration of justice, and asking this Council to consider it, and if they concur in the committee's report, to submit a memorial to the Government, that the changes suggested be made. Referred to Judge Madden for his consideration.

From Herrington, Warner and Grange, threatening actions against the county for damages to Mr. C. H. Spencer's threshing engine at Wiggins Bridge, Belleville Road, and also an accident to Mr. Spencer on the Dezeronto Road, at Birrell's Bridge. The damages claimed are, for Deseronto road accident, \$77.50; at Wiggins' bridge, \$53.27. The accidents referred to occurred on 27th and 29th Sept last, the bridge breaking down under the weight of the heavy machinery, at Wiggins, and the embankment at the side of the road giving way at approach to Birrell's bridge. Referred to Roads and Bridges committee, with instructions to visit the scene of the Birrell bridge accident, and also obtain legal advice in the matter.

The report of the Warden and Clerk, orders issued since last session, was read and adopted.

Col. Clyde submitted several accounts for expenses incurred for repairs to county road machinery when received in Ernestown from U. E. L. Division, \$36. Referred to Roads and Bridges committee.

From W. P. Deroche, Registrar of Court, submitting last Grand Jury report, in which it was recommended that the Grand Jury room be properly furnished, and the electric light installed in the County jail.

Moved by Mr. Martin, seconded by Mr. Hall, that the Chairman of County Property committee be instructed to have jail lighted by electricity.

From Mr. F. C. Anderson, P.S.I., stating that he had not yet been paid his salary by either the Government or

that it was much of an improvement on the former law. It gave the smaller municipalities greater power on the board.

### WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON.

Continued from last week.

The following accounts were ordered to be paid: James Richardson \$7.50, G. S. Hinch \$1.50, Henry's Bookstore \$15.15, F. C. Anderson P.S.I., \$8.70, F. E. Vanluven \$11.900. The following accounts were referred to the County Property committee: S. Gibson, Registrar \$8.50, M. S. Madole \$10.56.

Messrs. Hall, Ming, Robinson and Madole, of Napanee Board of Education, addressed the Council in reference to grant of County to Napanee Collegiate Institute.

Moved by Col. Clyde, seconded by Mr. Miller, that the Chairman of the Roads and Bridges committee procure the services of a competent man to make measurements of Brandon bridge abutments in place of F. F. Miller, who refuses to act.

Council adjourned till to-morrow at 9.30 a.m.

### THURSDAY—THIRD DAY.

Council met at 9.30 a.m. Warden in the chair. Members all present. Communication from F. Burrows, P.S.I., was read and filed. Mr. Martin produced and read a written opinion of Hon. A. B. Aylesworth upholding the validity of By-law 212, appointing Public School Inspectors. Mr. F. C. Anderson, P.S.I., appeared before the Council and addressed them on the subject of his communication.

Moved by Mr. Martin, seconded by Mr. Miller, that the Treasurer be instructed to pay each Public School Inspector of this County the statutory allowance for which the county territory assigned to each Inspector by By-law No. 212 of this County. Carried.

Moved by Col. Clyde, seconded by Mr. Miller, that Mr. Burrows be requested to hand over to Mr. Anderson registers and other matter that he may have in his possession belonging to the territory defined to Mr. Anderson. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Miller, seconded by Mr. Hall, that the Napanee Board of Education be paid \$2,950.00, grant to Collegiate Institute. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Hall, seconded by Mr. Miller, that Mr. Martin send telegram to Jenks & Dresser, Sarnia asking them when County bridges will arrive. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Baker, seconded by Col. Clyde, that the Chairman of County Property Committee place lights in Turnkey's residence. Carried.

Reports from Napanee, Newburgh, Bath, and Kaladar, Anglesea and Effingham, as to expenditure on roads, were read, and on motion were referred to Special Committee on Roads and Bridges.

Account, M. Mylo, S. N. Asselstine and E. Fretts, were on motion referred to Commissioners of U. E. L. Division to settle.

Account, F. Burrows, P.S.I., \$5.90, was ordered paid.

Communication from Newburgh re bridge in village, was read and filed.

The following accounts were referred to County Property Committee: Madole & Wilson, jail, \$34.48; Madole & Wilson, Court House, \$21.09.

Account of Madole & Wilson,



PROGRESS BRAND  
CLOTHING

If you require a new Suit or Overcoat for Christmas your order should be placed at once, as we are pretty well stocked with orders already. We make the best clothing in this section—make it to please the wearer—the risk is all ours. If it is not satisfactory in every respect we will not ask you to take them.

## CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

What about something for your father, brother, or somebody else's brother—we've lots of suitable presents, such as Gloves, Mitts, Ties, Shirts, Collars, Handkerchiefs, Underwear, Sweaters, Cardigan Jackets, Warm Caps, etc. Don't wait until the last moment—you will find it far more satisfactory in buying early, when you can take your own time in selecting.

# J. L. BOYES.

The Men's and Boys' Clothing Store.

## FAIRYLAND.....

is about the proper term to apply to

## A. E. Paul's Store

This large store is literally packed with SEASONABLE GOODS  
FOR CHRISTMAS SHOPPERS. Our stock of

Fancy China, Toys, Books, Games, Pictures, Sleighs,  
Express Wagons, Fine Stationery, etc.

has never been equalled here. Come and see us, and if you want a Christmas present for anyone we can suit you, as we have presents suitable for any age or sex.

Special—7 piece Dinner Sets, your choice

# WANTED

Women, men, girls and boys to carry away the large assortment of new Christmas Goods at The Medical Hall.

High quality Perfumes (in dainty packages), Lowney's Christmas Chocolates (in specially designed boxes), Art Calendars (Campbell Art Co., New York), Ladies' Hand Bags and Purses (latest styles in best quality of leather), Fine Stationery (in hand-ome boxes), Ebony Goods and Toilet Cases (best French make), Hanging and Banquet Lamps.

Goods never sold in Napanee before at prices to suit all pockets.

High quality P. r. fumes (in dainty packages), Lowney's Christmas Choc-lates (in specially designed boxes), Art Calendars (Campbell Art Co., New York), Ladies' Hand Bags and Purses (latest styles in best quality of leather), Fine Stationery (in hand-ome boxes), Ebony Goods and Toilet Cases (best French make), Hanging and Banquet Lamps.

Goods never sold in Napanee before at prices to suit all purchasers.

NOTE—Be sure and see these goods before you buy your Christmas presents.

Napanee's Largest  
Drug Store.

**FRED L. HOOPER.**

County, and asking that same be paid. On motion of Messrs. Paul and Baker, the matter was laid on the table until Thursday morning, and that the two school inspectors be asked to attend the session.

Mr. Martin presented an account for bridge flooring for Mink's, Kaylor's and Brandon's bridges, \$112.77, from Elias Jackson.

Moved by Col. Clyde, seconded by Mr. Baker, that the Warden, Mr. Martin and the mover be a special committee to examine and adjust County road and Township road accounts. Carried.

Account, C. A. Anderson, \$1.00, was paid.

Moved by Col. Clyde, seconded by Mr. Paul, that the following continuation class grants be made, to supplement the Government grants, Bath, \$150.00; S. S. No. 12, Ernestown, \$22.50; S. S. No. 7, South Fredericksburgh, \$22.50. Carried.

Council adjourned till 2 o'clock.

#### AFTERNOON SESSION.

Council resumed at 2 p.m.

His Honor Judge Madden was heard respecting the communication from the County of Halton. He stated that he had not had time to look into the matter sufficiently, but as far as he could see the object was to do away with the division and county courts, and make all cases high court cases, if that is the object, there would then be no poor man's court. He fancied that the matter had already been dealt with by the department.

On motion His Honor was thanked for the lucid explanation and information he had furnished the Council.

Mr. Martin stated that Mr. Miller had declined to make the measurements at Brandon's bridge, and the Clerk was instructed to phone Mr. W. R. Ayleworth, Belleville, to see if his services could be secured. Mr. Ayleworth was communicated with, but said his time was fully occupied, and he would be unable to undertake the work.

Mr. J. C. VanDyck was heard respecting his account for use of machinery on the county road, and on motion was given Mr. VanDyck for \$231 for the use of his crusher for twenty-one days, same to be charged to the County machinery account.

Mr. Allen Oliver, an old County Councilor was present and was asked to address the board on the new and old County Councils Act, and made a short speech. The new School act was at present of more interest to him. He thought the Government had made a mistake in its new legislation, and that the County Council should do what it can to remedy it. As it now is, those who had to pay for our schools had no say in the matter, and the duties of school trustees do not amount to much. As to the new County Council Act, he did not know

\$78.06, was referred to Special committee on Roads and Bridges.

Council adjourned till 2 p.m.

Council resumed.

Moved by Col. Clyde, seconded by Mr. Miller, that Mr. Martin get Mr. Kirkpatrick, C.E., of Kingston, to make measurements of Brandon's bridge abutments to-morrow, and tender Mr. Saul balance due him as shown by that measurement. Cd.

Moved by Col. Clyde, seconded by Mr. Miller, that the Chairman of County Property Committee connect Jaylor's residence with the electric light. Carried.

An account of J. R. Dafee, \$14.00, was ordered to be paid.

Council adjourned till to-morrow at 9.30 a.m.

#### FRIDAY—FOURTH DAY.

Council met at 9.30 a.m. Warden in the chair. Members all present.

Moved by Mr. Paul, seconded by Mr. Baker, that the committee services in connection with settlement of disputes between Councilors Miller and Creighton, \$23.00, be charged one-half to Township of North Fredericksburgh, and one-half to Township South Fredericksburgh. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Miller, seconded by Mr. Creighton, that said committee services be charged to general County account.

Mr. Woods presented first report of County Property Committee, which was read, and on motion was adopted.

Council adjourned till 2 p.m.

Council resumed.

Account of T. B. Wallace, \$6.70, paid.

Communication from Napanee Poultry, Pigeon and Pet Stock Association was read and filed.

Mr. Paul presented first report of Finance committee, which was read, and on motion was adopted.

On motion Col. Clyde's account for committee services on Roads and Bridges committee for \$7.40, was ordered to be paid.

Mr. E. Sheppard was heard asking for remuneration for taking care of fires etc., in Registry Office. On motion the matter was referred to County Property committee to report to-morrow.

Moved by Col. Clyde, seconded by Mr. Miller, that the Commissioners of Napanee County Council Division have a temporary structure at bridge over Sucker Creek at Brandon's erected at once. On motion it was laid on table till to-morrow.

Moved by Col. Clyde, seconded by Mr. Hall, that a grant of \$10.00 be made to Napanee Poultry Association. Carried.

Report of Mr. A. K. Kirkpatrick, C.E., re measurements of Brandon bridge abutments, was presented to Council and considered. Moved by Col. Clyde, seconded by Mr. Miller, that the report be received and adopted, and filed for future reference. Carried.

Council adjourned till to-morrow at 9 a.m.

#### SATURDAY—FIFTH DAY.

Council met at 9 a.m. Warden in the chair. Members all present.

Communication from Secretary of Newburgh Board of Education, was read.

Moved by Col. Clyde, seconded by Mr. Woods, that the Newburgh Board of Education be granted \$1,855.00 for High School. Carried.

Mr. Woods presented second report of County Property committee, which was read, and on motion was adopted.

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#### MONEY TO LOAN

Mr. H. M. P. Deroche will be in Tamworth every Wednesday.

Moved by Mr. Miller, seconded by Col. Clyde, that the Warden, in conjunction with Mr. Martin, engage solicitor to defend action of Robert W. Saul against County and take all necessary steps thereon, and that the Treasurer pay on order of Warden and Clerk all moneys required in said defence. Carried.

Account, W. A. Martin, re Brandon bridge, \$21.70, was ordered paid.

Account, J. W. Hall, committee services, Roads and Bridges, \$7.50, was ordered paid.

Account, E. S. Lapum, \$6.60, was referred to Chairman County Property Committee.

Account, J. L. Smith, \$4.95, was referred to Commissioners of U. E. L. Division to settle.

The following accounts were ordered paid: C. A. Anderson, \$1.00; Irvine Parks, \$7.30, contingent; W. G. Wilson, \$20.90, contingent.

Resolution of yesterday of Messrs. Clyde and Miller, in reference to erection of a temporary structure at Brandon's bridge, was, with consent of Council, withdrawn.

Moved by Mr. Paul, seconded by Mr. Creighton, that the Chairman of the Roads and Bridges committee be appointed to inspect the work done on County roads, and make his report thereon to this Council. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Miller, seconded by Col. Clyde, that the Treasurer be authorized to advance to Commissioner Hall \$100.00 on account expenditure on Brandon bridge. Carried. Minutes of to-day were read and confirmed, and on motion Council adjourned till 27th December, at 2 p.m.

Remember the date of the Napanee Poultry Show, January 9th, 10th, 11th, and 12th.

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